THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

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U. S. TROOPS TO BE MOBILIZED ON MEXICAN BORDER; "COME HOME," WILSON CALLS TO AMERICANS IN MEXICO

HARRY THAW WINS IN CANADIAN COURT AND CROWD CHEERS

Ovation Given to the Slayer of Stanford White Would Have Done Honor to a Prince of Royal Blood.

THAW AND BRITISH FLAG GIVEN ROUND OF CHEERS

"We'll Give You Justice, Harry," Spectators Shouted—New York Authorities Disappointed by Decision.

Sherbrooke, Quebec, August 27.—Harry K. Thaw won three victories over the New York state authorities today and was locked tonight in the Sherbrooke jail, immune for the time being from the dominion immigration authorities, after having received an ovation from the townspeople of Sherbrooke that would have done honor to a prince of royal blood.

So riotous was the scene in the *superior court* when at the morning session Judge Arthur Globensky refused to allow counsel representing New York state to be party to the proceedings, that the court subsequently warned spectators that a repetition of the cheering, chair climbing, handkerchief waving and general hysteria would mean jail sentences for the demonstrants.

Speaking from the bench at the afternoon session, Judge Globensky said that never in his experience as a member of the bar and of the bench had he been a witness to "such disgraceful scenes." It was carried out in the presence of court attendants and four armed dominion police, who stood immobile while emotional women rushed toward Stanford White's slayer crying: "Three cheers for Thaw! Three cheers for the British flag! We will give you justice, Harry."

Exodus of Thaw's Foes.

Tonight, with Thaw's term of confinement indeterminate and the key to the riddle still undiscovered, there was a general exodus of those who rushed hither after the fugitive's sensational escape from Matteawan. William Travers Jerome, former prosecutor of Thaw and specialist on matters appertaining to his life, left tonight, Quebec accompanied by Franklin Kennedy, deputy attorney general of New York.

Either tonight or tomorrow District Attorney *E. A. Cornier and Sheriff* Hornbeck of Dutchess county, Superintendent Kleb of Matteawan, Edward Marshall, former district attorney of Dutchess county, will depart, and with them sheriffs and deputies sheriff of Vermont and New Hampshire, who were sent to string themselves along the border line and seize Thaw in event of his deportation.

Messrs. Jerome and Kennedy will confer at Quebec with the attorney general of the province in the hope that he as the province's chief officer of the crown, may be able to open the legal lock that holds Thaw in jail.

Three Points Won by Thaw.

The three points in which Thaw's lawyers were successful in their first legal skirmish were:

1. New York state was denied the right to be party to the proceedings in court.

2. Counsel for the state failed in their efforts to have Thaw arraigned before a magistrate and the commitment on which he is held quashed. This would have released him to the immigration officers.

3. Judge Globensky granted the pleas of Thaw's counsel for a discontinuance of the writ of habeas corpus which might have brought about his

Continued on Page Fourteen

A CLEARING HOUSE FOR BRAINS.

That's what the Wanted Situations column of The Constitution is. You will do well to read the ads there every day, if you're looking for good men and women.

But, if, as sometimes occurs, you don't find what you want, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 109 and ask for an ad-taker. Your requirements will be put into proper shape and inserted in The Constitution the required number of times.

First thing every morning people out of work or looking for better jobs read The Constitution Want Ads.

Index to Want Ads Page 10 Col. 2

"You Can't Get Something for Nothing."

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

"The Standard Southern Newspaper"

MEXICAN OFFICIALS SILENT IN REGARD TO EMBROGLIO

No Member of the Huerta Government Will Make Statement About the Message of President Wilson.

Mexico City, August 27.—Without comment Frederico Gamboa, the minister of foreign affairs, presented to the standing committee of the Mexican congress tonight all the facts in the controversy between Mexico and the United States.

The congressmen comprising the committee received the facts without comment other than that indulged in as individuals after adjournment. Unless there are new developments it is improbable that discussion, even of a private character, will continue long.

Senor Gamboa insists that the negotiations are not entirely concluded, but should they be, it is probable that soon the entire affair will be regarded as a closed incident. The congressmen in discussing the notes freely commended the action of the Mexican government and that small portion of the public which is cognizant of the character of that action was loud in its praise of what is characterized as the patriotic and dignified attitude of the administration.

No afternoon paper in the capital carried any part of the correspondence between the countries or reference to President Wilson's message. Officials of the government refuse to discuss it with the exception of Senor Gamboa, who referred to the exchanges then only sufficiently to explain that the document he was handing out for publication were those exchanged up to last night.

Statement for Huerta Regime.

All the government cared to say regarding the situation was published tonight in the official Diario, a paper used by the government for dissemination of official news.

"Since the strained relations existing between Mexico and the United States began," said Senor Gamboa in this article, "the administration with a full understanding of the obligations and responsibilities, purposed with the greatest possible spirit of conciliation to preserve national decorum, which was in great danger of suffering a serious and transcendental affront had another line of conduct been adopted from that which was taken under the present circumstances. The strictly secret character of the negotiations, which were still under way decided the government upon withholding until today the publication of the whole of the correspondence exchanged between the chancelleries.

"In view of the fact that the president of the United States already has submitted the case to congress, the constitutional substitute government believes it to be its duty through the official organ to inform all the inhabitants of the republic of the state of these delicate negotiations. Purposely not a single comment is added, since the government believes that the documents are eloquent enough in themselves. It confines itself to hoping for approval of its acts by the people, whose principles it constantly guides, and recommending the greatest calm and discretion in order that the decorous and prudent course of the aforementioned negotiations may not be hindered.

Huerta the Stumbling Block.

"Many Mexicans believe that the only bar to the acceptance of the propositions in the second note was in the insistence that President Huerta eliminate himself from the electoral contest. Their point is that this was impossible for him to do, since he is a Mexican citizen. If there should be further negotiations, it is practically certain that they cannot be satisfactorily concluded if this demand of the United States is insisted upon."

In no quarter did the message arouse great excitement, as the government agents, as per official dispatches, had forewarned General Huerta and his official family as to what to expect.

President Wilson's second note made public tonight insists upon an immediate answer only to the demand that General Huerta be eliminated from the elections now pending. It contends, says President Wilson, may be taken up later, suggesting, however, that they be taken up without great delay.

Couldn't Be Loan Big Enough.

Mr. Gamboa, replying to the second note presented by Mr. Lind, said in effect that this answer might stand for a reply to this note, but that President Huerta, desiring to exercise extreme forebearance, was willing to make other explanations to the suggestion effected by President Wilson that if the Mexican government "this immediately and favorably" make concessions. President Wilson would express to American bankers and their associates assurances that the government will look with favor upon extension of an immediate loan sufficient to meet the temporary needs of the present administration.

To this Senor Gamboa replied: "There could not be a loan big enough effectually to relieve the situation with the national dignity to put that dignity aside."

The minister declared that the recommendation regarding the withdrawal of General Huerta's candidacy was impossible of fulfilment, saying: "Not only would we forego our sovereignty, but compromise for an indefinite future our destinies as a sovereign entity and all future elections for president would be submitted to the veto of any president of the United States. Such an enormity no government ever will attempt to perpetuate."

Huerta Barred by Constitution.

He pointed out the clause in the constitution which incapacitates a president ad interim from becoming a candidate at a forthcoming election and said:

"If President Wilson had taken such paragraph into consideration before venturing to impose upon us the conditions in question, and which we have no power to admit, the present state of affairs between you and ourselves would have been avoided."

CONGRESS RALLIES TO SUPPORT WILSON

President's Message on Mexico Indorsed by Leaders. Message Termed "Admirable in Tone and Spirit."

Washington, August 27.—Congressional leaders declared tonight that President Wilson's vigorous assertion of a definite policy toward Mexico would have the effect of staying in congress for a time at least, open criticism of the administration and demands for information. Those who discussed the message agreed in the general statement that it presented a frank and full statement as to the recent negotiations with the Huerta government and at the same time definitely outlined the American policy for the future.

Republicans joined with democrats in the indorsement of the president's utterances. Thus far, however, there has been little detailed discussion of the plans outlined.

Bacon Approves Message.

"The president's message is an admirable document," said Senator Bacon, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee. "It sets forth the facts without reservation, and puts us right before the world. Moreover, I believe it will have a calming effect on our own people, and a soothing influence upon public expression in the United States. The magnificent ovation given the president showed that he has behind him both branches of congress, without regard to party division."

Senator Lodge, the ranking republican member of the foreign relations committee, also expressed general approval of the message, commending particularly the policy of non-intervention, and the embargo on the shipment of arms across the border, and Senator Root declared the message was "admirable in tone and spirit."

Senators Shively, Williams and Stone, all democratic members of the foreign relations committee, indorsed the document for the policy of peace it outlined, and for its emphatic assertion of the attitude of the United States.

Indorsed by House Leaders.

House leaders likewise gave their strong indorsement to the president. "I think that this Mexican situation," said Speaker Clark, "presents a case where silence on the part of most folks is golden. It is tickish and grave. The president's address on the subject is admirable—lofty in conception, felicitous in diction. In the very nature of things, he knows more about a situation which changes every day—almost every hour—than the rest of us, and speaks with fuller knowledge. The most practical suggestion that he made was that American women come out of Mexico as rapidly and as soon as possible."

Representative Harrison, of Mississippi, a member of the foreign affairs committee, said he believed the placing of an absolute embargo on the shipment of arms from the United States would be followed by similar action by other world powers.

No action is looked for on any of the resolutions pending before the two houses of congress, calling for information and for steps by the government to protect American interests in Mexico. Senators Sheppard and Penrose, both of whom have resolutions pending, said that they would make no effort to secure action upon them, or to discuss the Mexican situation.

GOVERNORS APPROVE MESSAGE OF WILSON

Denver, Col., August 27.—The Denver host today received explanations of nineteen governors attending the conference of governors at Colorado Springs on President Wilson's Mexican message. Most of the statements are favorable.

Governor McDonald, of New Mexico declared that the president was right in his views as to the hopelessness of Huerta's attempts to restore order and to avoid intervention," he added, "I cannot say that I am in favor of it."

Governor Colquitt, of Texas, remarked: "Wilson is right. There can be no argument to the opinion of the Texas governor when he says peace and Huerta are at opposite poles."

Governor Slaton, of Georgia, said the United States would not be justified in intervention except under the necessity of protecting its own citizens.

Governor Eberhart, of Minnesota, approves the policy of the government and is opposed to intervention.

Governor Spry, of Utah, said: "It is easy to tell Americans to get out of Mexico. None of us want to see war, and personally, I don't think the whole of Mexico is worth the lives it might cost, but if we have to go in there with an army, I am in favor of doing the job right and taking over the entire country for ourselves."

Ultimate war with Mexico is forecasted by Governor Byrne, of South Dakota, who says the Wilson plan "looks to me to be rather a weak policy."

Governor Hunt, of Arizona: "Things are in a terrible condition in Mexico, and it grieves me to think of our people down there. Does President Wilson say for them to get out of the country? A great many of them have already done so, and others would like to, but can't. Some have been killed while trying to get away."

Governor Lister, Washington, "It seems to me that the president's position is logical."

Governor O'Neal, of Alabama: "Huerta can never pacify the country, and it would be disgraceful for this country to recognize a man like him. I see no occasion for intervention by this country."

The Mexican Trouble-Maker

The good offices of the United States to aid in restoring peace to Mexico have been flatly declined by General Huerta. President Wilson and his advisers seem to think that the Huerta regime will soon fall. Meanwhile *Huerta has been informed that he will be held responsible for the safety* of Americans in Mexico. President Wilson has also advised Americans in the troubled republic to return to the United States.

"DEVIL WOULD ENJOY HIMSELF IN GOTHAM"

"Slit Skirts and Other New Styles Would Please Him Much," Says Broughton.

New York, August 27.—(Special)—"If I were the devil," said Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of Christ church, London, and formerly pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle in Atlanta, in his sermon today at the tent evangel on West 124th street, "certainly I would not enjoy anything so much as a walk up Broadway or Fifth avenue looking at the slit skirts and other new styles of women's dress."

The lively picture drawn of his Satanic Majesty's complacent smiles as he goes among his people like Haroun Al Rascrid drew considerable applause. The audience even applauded when Dr. Broughton said in unmistakable terms that the answer to the question which formed his text: "Shall we know our loved ones in heaven?"—amounted to this, for the silhouette devotees—"we shall not recognize them in heaven, because they will not be there."

"Until very recently I never knew a woman who was not interested in jewels and clothes," he continued. "But now they have lost their interest in clothing and are going around the streets without any on. I don't know any place where the devil could be happier than in New York this summer, where the prevailing fashion for women is to wear as few clothes as possible and make those few as short as possible. These things lead only to the devil. They tempt men, and no woman ever fell without the aid of a man.

"Yes, I know some of you will say: 'You needn't come over here from London and criticise the way we New York women dress,'" continued Dr. Broughton. "Then, why don't you New York women quit getting yourselves in such a fix as to get talked about. Many of the women dress the way they do to get talked about."

Dr. Broughton will come south in a few days to conduct a revival meeting in Macon under the auspices of the Baptist ministers, beginning September 7.

AUTO TOUR ENABLES THIEF TO ROB BANK

Hazlehurst, Miss., August 27.—While the population of Hazlehurst, including the clerks of the Bank of Hazlehurst, were watching the arrival of automobiles in a good roads tour today, a thief entered a side door of the bank and extracted something over $1,000, escaping without being seen. The loss was discovered when the clerks began to check up the counter cash. Bloodhounds failed to pick up a trail beyond the sidewalk where many persons had massed.

MISS JESSIE WILSON UNCONSCIOUS BY ROAD

President's Daughter Is Thrown From Horse—Found by a Physician.

Plainfield, N. H., August 27.—Miss Jessie Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, while riding near here late yesterday, was thrown from her horse and lay unconscious for more than half an hour on the roadside.

She was found there by Dr. Charles W. Worthen, of White River Junction, who applied remedies and restored her to consciousness. Later Miss Wilson was taken to a house nearby and the Cornish home of President Wilson was notified by telephone. Her injuries are not believed to be serious.

Miss Wilson's fiance, Francis B. Sayre, with whom she had started for a ride, had gone ahead of her and knew nothing of the accident until the riderless horse dashed past him.

The scene of the accident was on the New Hampshire side of the Connecticut river, just opposite the Vermont town of North Hartland.

Cornish, N. H., August 27.—At Harlakendon, the Wilson summer home here, it was said tonight that Miss Jessie Wilson had received no serious injury, apparently from the fall from her horse, though she was still suffering somewhat from contusions.

JONES IS CONFIRMED ATLANTA POSTMASTER

Accounts of His Office Are in Good Shape, Declares Hugh L. McKee.

The nomination of Rolling H. Jones as postmaster at Atlanta was confirmed by the United States senate Wednesday afternoon. This action automatically removes Hugh L. McKee from the office. Mr. Jones will take charge as soon as he receives the necessary authority and makes the required bond.

Mr. Jones has stated that he intends to conduct a thoroughly business administration, without allowing politics to enter into his office. He will adhere strictly to the civil service rules where they apply and the public is assured of competent service.

Mr. Jones last night said that he had not as yet received any official confirmation of his nomination, and so did not know when he would take office.

Mr. McKee also has not yet been officially notified of Mr. Jones' confirmation, but stated Wednesday night that the accounts of the office are in good shape and that he is ready at any time to turn over the office to his successor.

UNITED STATES PREPARES TO PROTECT ITS CITIZENS FROM HARM BY MEXICANS

American Consuls Ordered to Notify All Mexican Officials That They Will Be Held Strictly Responsible for Harm or Injury Done to Americans or Their Property.

UNITED STATES TO BE NEUTRAL AS BETWEEN MEXICAN FACTIONS BUT TO PROTECT OWN CITIZENS

Money Will Be Furnished by Government to Get Americans Out of Mexico—President Wilson Is Hopeful That the Moral Force of Governments of World Will Bring Huerta to Reason.

Washington, August 27.—President Wilson tonight warned all Americans to leave Mexico at once. At the same time the American embassy and all consular representatives throughout the southern republic were instructed to "notify all officials, civil and military, in Mexico," that they would be held strictly responsible for harm or injury done to Americans or their property.

UNITED STATES WILL AID AMERICANS TO GET OUT OF ANARCHY-RIDDEN MEXICO.

Secretary Bryan dispatched long telegrams to the embassy and all consular representatives, quoting extracts from President Wilson's address to congress today, in which he reviewed the Tuerta peace negotiations with the Huerta government and the policy the United States would pursue hereafter toward Mexico.

In these messages the consuls were instructed to render every aid possible to departing Americans, furnishing transportation and any other pecuniary assistance to the needy. They were informed that a sufficient number of ships would be provided to carry away those in the seacoast towns.

Foreign governments will be notified of the action of the United States so that they may give similar advice, but the American consuls will help all foreigners in any emergency.

LARGE NUMBER OF AMERICAN TROOPS WILL BE MOBILIZED ON THE BORDER.

Within a day or two an announcement is expected of the mobilization of a large number of American troops along the southern frontier to enforce neutrality in the traffic of arms and munitions of war. President Wilson was in touch with Assistant Secretary Breckenridge, of the war department, tonight, but the nature of his communication was not revealed.

It is believed the president not only is preparing to strengthen the border patrol, but desires the strictest vigi-

MILLIONAIRE JURY TRYING CAMINETTI

San Francisco, Cal., August 27.—The trial of F. Drew Caminetti, charged with violation of the Mann white slave act, proceeded today before the jury that was selected before the morning session ended. The interest and tension that characterized the trial of Maury I. Diggs, companion of Caminetti, who was convicted a week ago, were lacking, and counsel on both sides seemed anxious to hurry the case to a conclusion.

Lola Norris, the Sacramento girl, Caminetti is accused with enticing, with Marsha Warrington, her chum, to Reno, Nev., will take the stand tomorrow. It is expected. Theodore Roche, assistant United States district attorney, said today that her testimony would be identical with that given in the case of Diggs. Miss Warrington will follow her on the stand.

Just before adjournment a comment was made by Judge Van Fleet hearing directly upon Caminetti's responsibility in the Reno trip. Counsel for the defense, in objecting to questions asked by Roche seeking to show that the defendant had participated in arranging and conducting the trip, stated that members of the train crew and the ticket agent who had just testified, had failed to connect Caminetti with the purchase of tickets or the engaging of the drawing room on the train.

"It is not necessary," said the court in overruling the objection, "to show the defendant handled the money or made the purchases. Certainly, if the government proves that he was in the party, under the circumstances they have set forth, it is sufficient showing to develop the connection of the defendant with the transaction."

The jury is conspicuous for the number of wealthy men it includes, and, as in the Diggs trial, a majority of the jurors are married.

It is already known as "the millionaire jury."

Weather Prophecy

GENERALLY FAIR.

Georgia—Fair north, local showers south portion. Thursday; Friday fair, light to moderate variable winds.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	70
Highest temperature	88
Mean temperature	79
Normal temperature	78
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since 1st of mo., inches	1.34
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches	1.30

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS AND State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High	Rain. 24 hrs. Inches
Atlanta, clear	82	88	.00
Atlantic City, pt. c	76	78	.00
Baltimore, clear	76	90	.00
Birmingham, clr.	84	90	.00
Boise City, pt. c.	90	90	.00
Boston, cloudy	82	90	.18
Brownsville, pt. c	82	90	.00
Buffalo, clear	66	68	.00
Charleston, cldy	76	86	.00
Chicago, pt. cldy	70	74	.42
Denver, pt. cldy	84	90	.00
Galveston, cldy	82	86	1.66
Hatteras, clear	76	80	.00
Helena, clear	78	86	.00
Jacksonville, cldy	78	86	.00
Kansas City, clr.	98	102	.00
Knoxville, clear	86	92	.00
Louisville, pt. c.	86	88	.00
Memphis, clear	84	90	.00
Miami, clear	82	88	.00
Mobile, clear	80	90	.14
Montgomery, clr.	82	90	.00
Montreal, pt. c.	62	70	.00
New Orleans, cldy	84	90	.01
New York, cloudy	74	78	.02
Oklahoma, clear	94	100	.00
Phoenix, clear	98	102	.00
Pittsburg, clear	74	80	.00
Portland, pt. c.	84	84	.00
Raleigh, pt. cldy	70	88	.00
San Diego, cloudy	70	78	.20
San Francisco, c.	58	70	.00
St. Louis, clear	92	96	.00
St. Paul, cloudy	74	80	.00
Salt Lake City, clr.	82	94	.00
Seattle, clear	70	78	.00
Shreveport, clear	86	88	.00
Tampa, rain	72	80	.58
Toledo, clear	72	82	.00
Washington, pt. c.	78	82	.01

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.

lance by troops already watching the international boundary.

Secretary Garrison, of the war department, it was announced tonight, will be in New York next Wednesday to confer with Francis Burton Harrison, but it was said at the white house that his return to the east from his western inspection trip was not prompted by any prospective troop movement.

MORAL FORCE OF WORLD SUPPORTING WILSON.

These developments following closely upon the reading by President Wilson of his address to congress today, in which he outlined the policy of the United States toward Mexico as one of absolute non-interference and strictest neutrality. The president held out hope for a resumption of negotiations and ultimate success of a policy of persuasion backed by the moral force of the governments of the world.

First results of the president's optimism were apparent tonight when Secretary Bryan announced the receipt of a message from John Lind, now at Vera Cruz, stating that Senor Gamboa, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, had sent a new note. Secretary Bryan described the situation as "encouraging," and commented on the fact that he had for several days used the word "unchanged."

Secretary Bryan said that while the Lind message contained only a summary of the Gamboa note, sufficient had been received to warrant taking an encouraging view. Mr. Bryan added that the Gamboa note was in reply to the supplementary suggestions made by Lind before leaving Mexico City for Vera Cruz.

RECEPTION BY CONGRESS PLEASES WILSON.

The president was informed of the late developments, but offered no comment. He was particularly pleased tonight with his reception in congress. Not only from the applause that greeted him as he began his address and at its conclusion, but through personal congratulations. President Wilson felt assured that he had behind him the undivided support of congress, irrespective of political party.

The president had an informal talk with Senator Root, republican, in the speaker's room. Just before he was escorted to the house rostrum, and learned that the New York senator soon would make a speech in support of the administration's policy. Mr. Root's utterances are calculated to attract attention in Latin-America, because of his famous tour there a few years ago as secretary of state.

WOOD HURRIES TO WASHINGTON TO TALK UP TROOP QUESTION

Major General Wood, chief of staff of the army, who has been inspecting the troops in Texas, already is on his way to Washington.

General Wotherspoon, attached to the office of the chief of staff, said tonight that much would depend upon the experience of the next few days in the border in determining upon the order for more troops. Secretary Bryan planned to confer with President Wilson and Secretary Garrison on the subject, and the assurance was given that everything necessary would be done to carry out strict neutrality.

Secretary Daniels conferred with the president during the day, and the navy department is ready to dispatch more ships to Mexican waters if required to prevent the shipment of arms to Mexico by sea.

Forcible as it was understood tonight, have not been asked to place an embargo on the shipment of munitions of war or arms to Mexico, but the president, in his message, asserted that this government had been given the unanimous moral support of foreign nations in the proposals to the administration which have been rejected. It became known that the administration has under serious consideration the ordering of several thousand more troops to the Mexican border line, and it is said that cabinet members have urged that this be done.

NOT OVER 15,000 AMERICANS IN THE MEXICAN REPUBLIC

The president's urgent request to Americans in Mexico to leave the country, emphasized to congress the necessity for immediate action. The recent request of Secretary Bryan for the appropriation of $100,000 with which to aid citizens of the United States in their exodus from the seat of conflict. Such an appropriation is included in a deficiency bill now in the hands of the house appropriations committee, and it is expected that it will be speedily be passed. The state department estimates that there are now in Mexico not more than 15,000 Americans, whereas there were 40,000 several years ago. In Mexico City it is estimated that there are less than 2,000 Americans remaining.

The diplomatic relations between the two countries, it is understood, will remain as they are at present, each country maintaining its embassy without official recognition, pro-tem, over by a charge d'affaires. Though the president made it plain in his statement that all negotiations thus far have come to naught, and the message of Foreign Minister Gamboa, rejecting for the Huerta government the American proposals, left no room for doubt as to the situation, the way is open for future negotiations, either at the initiative of Mexico or the United States.

Meanwhile Nelson O'Shaughnessy probably will remain in Mexico City in charge of the American embassy. John Lind, the president's personal representative, still is in Vera Cruz and probably will remain there as long as there is any possible chance for a renewal of negotiations.

APPEAL WAS MADE BY WILSON TO MORAL FORCES OF WORLD

In his message, which was in the nature of an appeal to the moral forces of this and foreign nations, the president made it clear that he based *high hope upon the effect* the announcement of this government's policy will have upon, not only the people of this country and the governments of other nations, but upon the people of Mexico themselves. Now that the United States has exhausted the effort to bring about peace and a stable Mexican government, the president believes that this government's example to the world will avail great good in the end.

"The strong pressure of moral force," he said, "will before many days break the barriers of pride and prejudice down and we shall triumph as Mexico's friends—and she *could triumph as her enemies*—and how much more handsomely, with how much higher and finer satisfactions of conscience and of honor."

The president told congress that everything this nation did in the situation existing at present must be "rooted in patience and done with calm, disinterested deliberation." He did not word of rebuke for Mexico and reached the determination to maintain strict neutrality after having presented the whole situation to the members of the foreign relations committee in congress.

NOT A DETAIL WAS WITHHELD IN THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Not an essential detail did the president withhold in his presentation of the case for the public, publishing also to the world the reply of the Mexican government to Mr. Lind, in which Senor Gamboa refers to the American proposals as "humiliating," denies the representation by President Wilson that Mexico had not made progress toward peace, and though expressing appreciation of the avowed friendly intent of the United States, declares that if such good offices are to be of the character of those now tendered us, we should have to decline them in the most categorical and definite manner. Everything that Mexico had said to this government in response to the proposals was made public, including the "humiliating" statement that nothing could be welcomet except unrestricted recognition of his government. After he had concluded his message and listened to the applause which greeted it, the president turned toward the white house to await its effect. He believes that it will be beneficial.

JONES' CASH GROCERY

WEEK-END SPECIALS

WE DELIVER

124 WHITEHALL

25 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.25
No. 10 Silver Leaf Lard	$1.35
No. 10 Cottolene	$1.16
24 lbs. Postell's Elegant Flour	95c
24 lbs. Gold Medal Flour	82c
24 lbs. Best Self-Rising Flour (guaranteed)	84c
No. 1 Irish Potatoes, pk.	21c
1913 Section Honey	15c
2-lb. can Sunbeam Extra Sifted Peas	17½c
Two 10c Boxes Shaker Salt	15c
Lemons, dozen	10c

Fresh Shipment Snow-drift Just Received, at Lowest Prices.

"SEWELL'S"

SPECIALS FOR THURSDAY.

No. 10 PAIL PURE LEAF LARD $1.29

No. 10 Pail Snowdrift Lard $1.04

Missouri Brand Red Gravy Hams, pound 19c

Missouri Brand Breakfast Bacon, pound 17½c

Missouri Brand Picnic Hams, pound 14½c

Meadow Brook Pure Creamery Butter, lb. 32½c

Extra Fine Butterine, lb. 10c

FRESH CRISP SNAP BEANS, quart 2½c

Finest Georgia Yam Potatoes, peck 34c

Fresh Country Eggs, doz. 24½c

"WE RETAIL EVERYTHING GOOD TO EAT AT WHOLE-SALE PRICES."

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Branch Store: 164 Decatur St.

UNITED STATES AND MEXICO ARE DISCUSSED BY WILSON IN MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

The President Outlines American Position—"Hands Off" Policy, But Huerta to Be Held Responsible for Safety of American Lives and Property.

Washington, August 27.—President Wilson appeared in person before congress today and laid before the world the details of the United States' efforts to formulate about peace in Mexico, the facts concerning Huerta's rejection of the peace proposals, and the policy to be pursued now by this government.

DEMANDS MADE BY UNITED STATES.

The president announced the position of the United States to be as follows:

No armed intervention.

Strict neutrality "forbidding the exportation of arms or munitions of war of any kind from the United States to any part of the republic of Mexico."

Under no circumstances to "be the partisans of either party to the contest that now distracts Mexico, or constitute ourselves the virtual umpire between them."

To urge all Americans to leave Mexico at once and to assist them to get away in every way possible.

To let everyone in Mexico who assumes to exercise authority know that this government "shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning."

"That is understood and will be made plain beyond the possibility of a misunderstanding," declared the president.

Negotiations for the friendly mediation of the United States are open for to resumption at any time upon either the initiative of this government or of Mexico.

PROPOSALS MADE BY HUERTA REGIME.

Accompanying the president's address was the reply of the Huerta government rejecting the American proposals. It was written by Foreign Minister Gamboa, and suggested the following alternative policy for the United States.

The appointment of a Mexican ambassador in Washington.

That the United States send a new ambassador to Mexico without recognition.

Strict observance of the neutrality laws and "see to it that no material or pecuniary assistance is given to the rebels."

Unconditional recognition of the Huerta government.

The occasion had not been paralleled in more than a century. No other president since George Washington has appeared before congress on a foreign affair. The senate and house assembled in the house chamber, the senators filing in two by two. As the president mounted the platform where Speaker Clark and Vice President Marshall were waiting the big chamber was hushed. Dressed in a conventional frock coat suit the president stood at the clerk's desk and read his address in the easy conversational tone for which he is noted. Scarcely a sound interrupted.

WILSON OUTLINES MEXICAN SITUATION.

First pointing out that it was his duty "without reservation to lay all the facts and circumstances before the United States with Mexico," the president outlined what the United States had done in a friendly and neighbor." Asserting that this nation was glad to call itself the friend of Mexico, and hoping for many future occasions to show that disinterested friendship, the president declared that "we shall yet prove to the Mexican people that we know how to serve them without first thinking how we shall serve ourselves."

Describing Mexican conditions and the events that led up to the negotiations just concluded, President Wilson outlined how "war and disorder, devastation and confusion, seem to threaten to become the settled fortune of the distracted country." As friends, he said, this country could wait no longer for a solution of things in the sister republic.

INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN ENVOY LIND.

President Wilson read his instructions to John Lind.

"All America cries out for a settlement," read the note Mr. Lind bore to Mexico "A satisfactory settlement seems to us to be conditioned on:

"An immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armistice solemnly entered into and scrupulously observed;

"Security given for an early and free election in which all will agree to take part;

"The agreement of General Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate for election as president of the republic at this election; and

"The agreement of all parties to abide by the results of the election and co-operate in the most loyal way in organising and supporting the new administration."

WHY GENERAL HUERTA REJECTED PROPOSALS.

The president emphatically praised the execution of his mission by Mr. Lind and said he was led to believe the Huerta government rejected the American proposals "because the authorities at Mexico City had been gravely misinformed and misled" upon the spirit of the American people in the matter, "and upon a mistaken belief that the present administration did not speak for the people of the United States." So long as such a misunderstanding continued, the president asserted, the United States could only await the time of their awakening to a realisation of the real facts.

"Meanwhile," he said, "the president must be given a little more time to work itself out in the new circumstances."

He then outlined the position this government should take. Concluding his address the president predicted that the "moral force of mankind" will before many days break the barriers of pride and prejudice down, and he shall triumph as Mexico's friends—and she could triumph as her enemies."

NOTE FROM HUERTA NOT READ BY WILSON.

Senor Gamboa's note which was also presented to the administration as an exhibit was not read by the president, but furnished to congress as a printed document.

Mrs. Wilson and her daughters and Secretary Bryan were in the executive gallery. Other members of the cabinet were on the floor. As each member of the chamber had been bowed and the solemnity of the occasion was impressive as the chaplain, Rev. Henry D. Cooke, invoked divine guidance.

"Rule Thou in the hearts of our rulers and sway the minds of these, their servants, that no nation may move forward to all that is pure and noble until all the peoples of all the world shall recognize the purity of righteousness."

Although a deafening volley of applause rang out as the president appeared, he plunged into the reading of his message without delay.

The president finished reading at 1:21 o'clock. Another great roar of applause broke out. Then the joint session dissolved, and the house adjourned and the senate filed back to its side of the capitol.

THE MESSAGE ON MEXICO

President Wilson's message follows:

"Gentlemen of the congress:

"It is clearly my duty to lay before you, very fully and without reservation, the facts concerning our present relations with the United States and the deplorable posture of affairs in Mexico. I need not describe, but I deem it my duty to point out very frankly of what this government has done and shall seek to do in fulfillment of its obligation to Mexico herself, as a friend and neighbor, and to American citizens who have extensive interests there and are daily affected by the distressing conditions which now obtain beyond our southern border.

"These conditions touch us very nearly. Dangers and disturbances affect us at our very doors. That, of course, makes our responsibility and more compelling. Our concern for them, and every instinct of neighborly interest and sympathy is aroused and quickened by them, but there is only one element in the determination of our duty. We are glad to call ourselves the friends of Mexico and we shall, I hope, have many an occasion in happier times as well as in these days of trouble and confusion to show that our friendship is genuine and disinterested, capable of sacrifice and every generous manifestation. Nothing can alter our friendly sentiment of Mexico mean more, much more, to us than merely an enlarged field for our commerce and enterprise. They mean an enlargement of the field of self-government and the realization of the hopes and aims of a people struggling with whose best aspirations, so long suppressed and misconstrued, we have every sympathy. We shall yet prove to the Mexican people that we know how to serve them without first thinking how we shall serve ourselves.

World Interested in Mexico.

"But we are not the only friends of Mexico. The whole world desires her peace and progress; and the whole world is interested as never before. Mexico lies at last where all the world looks on. Central America is already affected by her unsettlement. The gulf states are closely connected with her by many lines of trade and intercourse running back and forth across the border. Her politics and her industries touch our own at many points. Our enterprises there play a great part in her life, and contribute very essentially to her development. Disorder there inevitably affects those enterprises to the injury of both countries, and disorder is rife throughout the length and breadth of Mexico. Normal conditions seem impossible so long as the present state of affairs continues. Indeed, as month succeeds month, it becomes more and more difficult for those who are charged with the responsibility to see how the country can be effectively relieved of its present distresses and brought forward to a new era of prosperity. Even if the territory in some part controlled by the provisional authorities at Mexico City has grown smaller, not larger, the prospect of the pacification of the country, by force of arms, has seemed to grow more and more remote, and its pacification by the regular authorities at the capital is evidently impossible by any other means than force. Difficulties more and more formidable those who claim to constitute the legitimate government of Mexico have themselves not made good their claim in fact. Their successes in the field have proved only temporary. War and disorder, devastation and confusion seem to threaten to become the settled fortune of the distracted country. As friends we could wait no longer for a solution of things in the sister republic.

Instructions Given Envoy Lind.

President Wilson read his instructions to John Lind.

"All America cries out for a settlement," read the note Mr. Lind bore to Mexico "A satisfactory settlement seems to us to be conditioned on:

"An immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armistice solemnly entered into and scrupulously observed;

"Security given for an early and free election in which all will agree to take part;

"The agreement of General Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate for election as president of the republic at this election; and

"The agreement of all parties to abide by the results of the election and co-operate in the most loyal way in organizing and supporting the new administration.

"The government of the United States will be glad to play any part in this settlement, or its entire withdrawal, out, which it can play honorably and consistently with its principles and with it pledges itself to recognize and in every way possible and proper to assist the administration chosen and set up in Mexico in the way and on the conditions suggested.

"Taking all the existing conditions into consideration, the government of the United States is unable to find reasons sufficient to justify those who are now attempting to shape the affairs of Mexico at the present moment in declining the offices of friendship which the United States can give the civilized world a satisfactory reason for rejecting our good offices. If elections are indeed to be held, and if which to show our friendship, serve the people of Mexico and meet our international obligations, we shall be more than willing to consider the suggestion.

How Lind Executed Task.

"Mr. Lind executed his delicate and difficult mission with singular tact and firmness and wisdom. He found, and made clear to the authorities at the City of Mexico not only the purpose of the United States but the spirit in which it had been undertaken. But the proposals he submitted were rejected. I shall not feel at liberty until I take the liberty of laying before you.

"I am led to believe that they were rejected partly because the authorities at Mexico City had been grossly misinformed and misled upon two points. They do not realize the spirit of the American people in the matter, their earnest friendliness and yet their firm determination that some way a solution be found for the Mexican difficulties, and they did not believe that we intended the full good will with which we had undertaken. But the proposals themselves were rejected, I am forced to believe, because the authorities at Mexico City did not realize the actual circumstances in which they stand. They have not the power at their command to make good their promises. Many of the provinces are in the hands of military chieftains who have set up governments of their own, and who cannot be controlled from the capital. The opinion of the country as a whole is not behind the government at Mexico City. It does not support it because it does not understand what the government proposes to do. Mexico is apparently on the eve of elections, but the elections will be neither free nor fair. Intimidation will be resorted to at many critical points, and there is no force at the disposal of the government to prevent it. The only force available is that which the government has itself gathered out of the mixed elements of which the army is composed, the personal following of the various military chiefs who have taken service with it. This force is fighting value, but it is not amenable to discipline as a national force would be. It is split into many factions, not always regular in its allegiance or amenable to the orders issued from the capital. It is split into factions which are perpetually fighting one another for advantage and which have no thought of any common object to be served except their own safety and advancement. For the moment it is master of the situation, but it is not master of the affairs of the country. Its power is shown in control of the capital and of the railways and telegraphs, but it is not exercised anywhere else except where the military force happens to be present. Even where it is present it is not regularly obeyed unless it happens to be present in force sufficient to overawe all opposition. It is not upheld by the active support of the people anywhere. On the contrary, it is hated and feared, and the people would welcome its overthrow by any force that seemed likely to succeed.

Situation Must Be Ended.

"While we wait the contest of the rival forces will undoubtedly for a little while be sharper than ever, just because it will be plain that an end cannot be attained by the present action, and that very promptly, and with the increased activity of the contending factions will be manifested. It is feared, increased danger to the non-combatants in Mexico as well as to those actually in the field of action. The position of outsiders is always particularly trying and full of risk, and a whole country is upset. We should assist them to get away in every way possible—not because we would mean to slacken in the least our efforts to safeguard their lives and their interests, but because it is imperative that they should take no unnecessary risks, when it is physically possible for them to leave the country. We should let everyone who assumes to exercise authority in any part of Mexico know in the most unequivocal way that we shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning. That can be and will be made plain beyond the possibility of misunderstanding.

"For the rest, I deem it my duty to point out that the present situation upon me by the law of March 14, 1912, to see to it that neither side to the struggle now going on in Mexico receive any assistance from this side of the border. I shall follow the best practice of nations in the matter of neutrality by forbidding the exportation of arms or munitions of war of any kind from the United States to any part of the republic of Mexico—a policy suggested by unusually interesting precedents and certainly dictated by every consideration of prudence and practical expediency. We cannot in the circumstances be the partisans of either party to the contest that now distracts Mexico, or constitute ourselves the virtual umpire between them.

World Sentiment Backs United States.

"I am happy to say that several of the great governments of the world have given this government their generous moral support in urging upon the provisional authorities at the City of Mexico the acceptance of our proffered good offices in the spirit in which they were made. We have not acted in this matter under the ordinary principles of international obligation. All the world expects us in such circumstances to act as Mexico's nearest friend and intimate adviser. This is our memorial relation towards her. There is nowhere any serious question that we have the moral right in the case or that we are acting in the interest of a fair settlement and of good government, not for the promotion of some selfish interest of our own. If further pressure of moral force will before many days break the barriers of pride and prejudice down, and we shall triumph as Mexico's friends sooner than we could triumph as her enemies—and how much more handsomely, with how much higher and finer satisfactions of conscience and of honor!"

HUERTA DECLINES TO ACCEPT PROPOSAL OF UNITED STATES

Mexican Reply Alleges That President Wilson Is Ignorant of Real Conditions in Southern Republic—Recognition of Huerta Demanded

Washington, August 27.—The text of Senor Gamboa's reply to the proposals submitted through John Lind, by instruction of the president, is in part as follows:

"The government of Mexico has paid due attention to the advice and considerations expressed by the government of the United States; has done this on account of three principal reasons: First, because Mexico entertains the highest respect for the personality of his excellency, Woodrow Wilson; second, because certain European and American governments, with which Mexico cultivates the closest relations of international amity, having in a most solicitous, respectful way, which gratifying to us, made use of their good offices to the end that Mexico should accept a truce of long enough as you were the bearer of a private mission from the president of the United States and fundamental scruples, then the use of the sprouts could now be gathered fruitfully.

"With deference to the rebels who style themselves constitutionalists, what they can be more gratifying to us than if, convinced of the practice to which we are being dragged by the resentment of the people, with a moment of reaction they would desert the bandits, and thus increase their strength to ours, so that all together we would undertake the great and urgent task of the national pacification? Unfortunately they don't avail themselves of the amnesty law enacted by the provisional government immediately after its inauguration, but on the contrary, they rebels left the country without molestation, notwithstanding the information which

Continued on Page Three.

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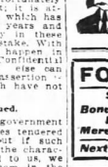

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"Let Mexicans Purchase Arms And Settle Their Differences"

Pat J. Donahue

With This Amendment Former Resident of Mexico Approves Message of President Wilson.

After a residence in Mexico of six years, during which time he has seen much of the strife and change in the sister republic and has been upon practically every foot of her territory, Pat J. Donahue, a former Atlantan has returned and is now visiting his brother-in-law, Herman Agricola, of 526 Central avenue.

When he heard the news Wednesday afternoon of President Wilson's declaration of the policy to be followed by the United States toward Mexico he was much pleased with the judgment the president had shown and commended him highly. Mr. Donahue has business interests and friends in Mexico and had awaited this declaration from the president with interest.

Policy Will be Approved.

"I believe that this policy will meet with the approval of the American citizens in Mexico and also with the approval of the powers.

"Of course, to one who has never lived in Mexico in a business capacity, the real situation is hard to understand. I have but one point on which I differ with the policy outlined to the president in his message. That is regarding the importation of arms into Mexico. I believe that the embargo on arms should be lifted, and that rebels and federals alike should be allowed to fight it out unhandicapped. Arms is what they need and the sooner this equipment with which to settle their differences is supplied so much the quicker will the trouble be settled and peace restored. Rr no other means I am satisfied, will the people ever come to an understanding with themselves.

"In that the United States should not interfere with an armed force, the president is eminently correct. To do this would be to interfere with a family quarrel that is not ours. Further, this would mean the annexation of a great part, if not all of Mexico by the United States, which would displease the other powers who also have great interests in Mexico and would be jealous of the United States in the possession of this territory.

Americans Should Leave.

"I believe that all Americans who can leave Mexico should do so, and that the Government should assist them to get away until peace is restored. There is no question, of course, as to the duty of this nation in the case of violence to such citizens as find it necessary to remain in Mexico.

"I have for six years dealt intimately with the Mexicans, and I am firmly convinced that there is but one way that peace can be restored. That is to get all disinterested parties out of the way as far as possible and allow both federals and rebels every possible facility with which to carry this fight to the bitter end, to which it is destined to go, and with the greatest possible speed.

"That is why I think the embargo on arms should have been lifted by the United States.

"There is reason enough why I am of this belief. In the real Mexicans I do not think there is a spark of patriotism and the quicker they make themselves sick of blood, pillage and fire the quicker will the fight be settled.

Soldiers' Pay Lifted.

"Under the regime of Porfirio Diaz, which credit is due him, was peaceful and prosperous, the soldiers received 50 cents per day and fed themselves.

"The reason that they fed themselves is that they will not go to war without their wives and families. So their wives go along and do the cooking. They are quartermasters.

"Incidentally, I am a great admirer of the courage of the Mexican women. They not only lug their children along and carry great burdens in the wake of the army, but they dare the hail of rifle balls to carry water to their wounded husbands.

"But, to revert to the pay of the soldiers, Madero offered a division of the lands of Mexico when his administration should have been established. Upon this rainbow promise the poor people and soldiers alike flocked to his standard, and when he had gained the presidency of the nation they sat down and waited for their 40 acres and a mule,' which was not forthcoming.

Promises Not Fulfilled.

"This was but one of the promises made by Madero and his leaders which were not fulfilled.

"It is not surprising, therefore, that when these impossible promises were not fulfilled that the people readily followed the next leader who offered.

"The next insurrection resulted in a raise to 50 cents in the pay of the army in order to hold the federal soldiers true to Madero.

"Today Huerta pays his soldiers $1.50 per day. Per day, collateral for this member of the army does not receive his $1.50 at sunset he immediately deserts. That is why I say the Mexicans are without patriotism.

Americans Are Hated.

"Of course, the Mexicans cordially hate the Americans. The Americans are largely responsible for this, because they pay them so much that they call us fools and lose respect for us. A Mexican will make three trips and a long hill with a heavy trunk on his back each trip and an American will pay him 50 cents, but you take an Englishman, a German or well-to-do Mexican and he will give him 15 cents and tell him to get about his business and he quick about it.

"They are not afraid of us and openly boast that should we intervene they would have Japan for an ally and would have a small trouble in wiping us off the map.

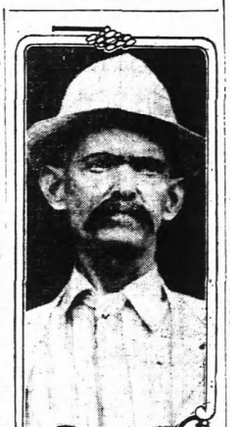
"*There are many Japanese colonies* in Mexico. Thousands of Japs have moved to Mexico and bought land there. But Mexicans are taking entirely the wrong interpretation of this. I believe it is the opinion of the president that today Japan is the greatest enemy that Mexico has to fear. That Japan is looking for a foothold on the western hemisphere, and especially in convenient proximity to the canal, there is no doubt.

"But I have talked with the Japs in Mexico and they laugh at the idea of joining Mexico in case of intervention. They admit that the United States buys about 67 per cent of Japan's exports, while Mexico buys about 3 per cent, and say that they are not inclined to fight their only best customer for so poor a one as Mexico.

Preparing for Trouble.

"Mexican leaders are preparing for trouble, though. The last week that I was in Vera Cruz, just before I left for the state, I was told by a worker in my hotel that the Mexican government was taking a census of all the able bodied men in that city. This was being done under the pretext of a stand parade to be held September 15, 17 and 18, which are Independence days. But few eyes were blinded to the fact, however, that Huerta was but making a count so as to know where he might find a ready force.

"*I have nothing against the government* officials, however. They have always treated me courteously and I have never come to harm."



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PAT J. DONAHUE.

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HUERTA REJECTS WILSON'S PROPOSALS

Contined from Page Two.

the government had that they were going to force lands to work against its interests.

No Armistice With Rebels.

"Were we to agree with them to the armistice suggested they would, in fact, recognize their belligerency, and this is something which cannot be done for many reasons which cannot escape the perspicacity of the United States which to this day and publicity, at least, has classed them as rebels just the same as they are. And it is an accepted doctrine that no armistice can be concerted with rebels.

"The assurance asked of my government that it should promptly convene free elections is not the best evident proof and the most unequivocal concession that the government of the United States considers it legally and solidly constituted and that it is exercising, like all those of its kind, acts of such importance as to indicate the perfect civil operation of a sovereign nation. Inasmuch as our laws already provide such assurance, there is no fear that the latter may not be observed during the coming elections. As and while the present government is of a provisional character, it will cede its place to the definite government which *may be elected by the people.*

"The request that General Victoriano Huerta should agree not to appear as a candidate for the presidency of the republic in the coming elections cannot be taken into consideration because, aside from its strange and unwarranted character, there is a risk that the same might be interpreted as a matter of personal dislike. This point can only be decided by Mexican public opinion when it may be expressed at the polls.

"The pledge that all parties should agree beforehand to the results of the election and co-operate in the most loyal manner to support and organize the new administration is something to be tacitly supposed and desired and that the experience of what this inbreak strife may do to us in loss of life and the destruction of property will cause all contending political factions to abide by the results; but it would be extemporaneous to make any assertion in this respect, even as the most experienced countries in civil matters inasmuch as no one can foresee the errors and excesses which men are likely to commit, especially under the influence of political passion.

Present Tension Deplored.

"We hasten to ratify our appreciation of the United States because they have already recognized and aid the future which we, the Mexican people, may elect to rule our destinies. On the other hand we greatly deplore the present tension in our relations with your government which has been produced without Mexico having afforded the slightest cause therefor. Moreover, the government of General Huerta cannot be disposed, Article 33 of our political constitution guides.

"If at the beginning of a constitutional period neither the president nor the vice president elected present themselves, or if the election had not been held, and the result thereof declared by the 1st of December, nevertheless, the president whose term has expired will cease in his functions and the secretary for foreign affairs will take charge of the executive power in the capacity of provisional president; and if there be no secretary for foreign affairs, or if he should be incapacitated, the presidency will devolve upon the secretary of the interior. The same procedure shall be followed when in the case of the absolute or temporary incapacity of the president, the vice president fails to appear when on leave of absence. In this point if he should be discharging his duties and when in the course of his term the two cases of incapacity of both functionaries should occur.'

"Now, then, the facts which occurred are the following: The resignation of Francisco I. Madero, constitutional president, and Jose Maria Pino Suarez, constitutional vice president of the republic. These resignations having been accepted, Pedro Lascurain, minister for foreign affairs, took charge as operation of law of the executive power, appointing, as he had the power to do, General Victoriano Huerta to the post of minister of the interior. As Mr. Lascurain soon afterwards resigned and as his resignation had immediately accepted by congress, General Victoriano Huerta took charge of the executive power, also by operation of law, with the provisional character and under the constitutional promises already cited, with to issue a call for special elections. As will be seen, Huerta did not succeed consecutively one of constitutional law in which no foreign nation, no matter how powerful it may be, should meddle in the least.

Recognition of Huerta.

"Moreover, my government considers that the present time for the recognition of the government of General Huerta by that of the United States is not concerned, inasmuch as facts which exist on their own account are not and cannot be susceptible of recognition, since only thing which is being discussed is a suspension of relations as abnormal and without reason; abnormal because the ambassador of the United States of America, in his high diplomatic investiture and appearing as dean of the foreign diplomatic corps accredited to the government of the republic congratulated General Huerta upon his elevation to the power, and continued to correspond with this department by means of diplomatic notes and on his behalf the then first secretary of the embassy of the United States of America as charge d'affaires ad interim, and the latter continues here in the free exercise of his functions, and without reason, because, I repeat, we have not given the slightest pretext.

"The confidential agent may believe that solely because of the sincere esteem in which the people and the United States are held by the people and government of Mexico and because of the consideration which it has for the government of the latter, otherwise it would have retired them immediately, because of their humiliating and unusual character hardly admissible even in the case of grave after a victory, inasmuch as in a like case any nation which in the least respects itself would do likewise. It is because my government has confidence in that when the justice of its cause is considered with serenity and from a lofty point of view by the present president of the United States whose sense of morality and uprightness are beyond question, that he will withdraw from his attitude and will contribute to the renewal of still firmer bases for the relations of sincere friendship and good understanding forthwith imposed upon us through the well known by the geographical nearness, something which neither of us can change even though we would so desire, for our mutual interests and by our share of activity in the common sense of prosperity, welfare and culture in regard to which we are pleased to acknowledge that you are enviably ahead of us.'

Proposals by Huerta.

In conclusion Senor Gombou says:

"With reference to the final part of the instructions of President Wilson which I beg to include herewith and which say, 'If Mexico can suggest any better way in which to show our friendship, serve the people of Mexico and meet our international obligations, we are more than willing to consider the suggestion,' that final part causes me to propose the following equally decorous arrangement. One. That our ambassador be received in Washington. Two. That the United States of America send us a new ambassador without previous conditions.

"And all this threatening and distressing situation will have reached a happy conclusion; mention will not be made of the causes which might carry us, if the tension persists, to no one knows what incalculable extremities for two peoples who have the unavoidable obligation to continue being friends, avoided. Of course, that this friendship is based upon mutual respect which is indespensible between two sovereign entities wholly equally before law and justice."

SWITCHMAN ON GEORGIA LOSES ARM IN ACCIDENT

O. Y. Layton, a switchman for the Georgia railroad, fell from a box car while performing his work Wednesday evening about 6 o'clock and in some manner his right arm was caught in front of the rolling wheels and was completely severed from his body.

He was rushed to the Tabernacle infirmary in Patterson's ambulance, where it was found that aside from the right arm his injuries would not prove serious and that he would recover.

CLAYTON FIGHTS FOR SENATE SEAT

Judiciary Committee Takes Up Case of Gov. O'Neal's Appointee — Bankhead Is Urging Clayton Be Seated.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, August 27.—(Special.)—The question of whether Representative Henry D. Clayton is entitled to a seat in the senate on the credentials issued to him by Governor O'Neal, of Alabama, was taken up by the senate committee on privileges and elections tonight.

A speech by Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, upholding the right of Governor O'Neal to appoint Mr. Clayton, and a general discussion of the constitutional amendment for direct election of senators featured the session. No action was taken.

"Election or Term."

An earnest argument in favor of seating Mr. Clayton was made by Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, who pointed out that the new seventeenth amendment provided in its closing words "this amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the constitution." He said the controversy in the Clayton case turned upon the word "term" and that the "term" of Senator Johnston would continue until 1915, no matter how many other senators may occupy the office.

"So there is no way for a senator to get rid of his term?" inquired Senator Kenyon.

"No, unless he resigns, and he seldom does that," replied Senator Robinson.

"If congress had intended to provide what you say it did would it not have used the words 'term for which any senator is chosen?'" suggested Senator Pomerene.

Senator Robinson quoted several state decisions to support his position.

R. B. Evans, legal adviser to Governor O'Neal, of Alabama, said that strict, indeed, must be the construction of the law which would deprive a sovereign state of that equal representation to which the constitution entitled it.

He further argued that senators are state officers and under the Alabama law the governor was authorized to fill vacancies in state offices.

Bankhead Works for Clayton.

Senator Bankhead, of Alabama, is leading the fight for the appointee Clayton, and insists that there is no question of his eligibility. He cites the record and the article of the seventeenth amendment in proof. This says the new amendment shall not affect the election 'or term' of any senators chosen before it became valid.

The seating of Mr. Clayton may have an effect upon the tariff bill, hence the urgency in having this disputed point settled. Members of the finance committee, the law committee of the senate, reached the conclusion that Governor O'Neal was required under the amendment to the constitution, to call the legislature together and have it authorize him to fill the vacancy.

Vice President Marshall is quoted as believing Mr. Clayton's credentials are valid. Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, has issued a statement supporting this view. Hannis Taylor, a famous law writer and authority on international law, will appear before the senate committee in his behalf.

BIG SUFFRAGE MEETING AT THE CAPITOL FRIDAY

Everything is in readiness for the big open suffrage meeting which will be held in the senate chamber Friday night at 8 o'clock. A special feature of the meeting will be the men who will speak in favor o the enfranchisement of woman. Among those who will be heard will be Rev. A. M. Huhlett, Dr. M. C. Hardin, Attorney Leonard J. Grossman and others of note.

Mr. Grossman will discuss the forming of men's leagues for the enfranchisement of Georgia women. Mr. Grossman expects to announce soon the plans. The address of welcome will be made by Mrs. Mary Lee McLendon, president of the Georgia Woman suffrage association.

C. B. ALVERSON TO RUN FOR COUNCIL IN FIRST

Charles B. Alverson, 20 Peters street, of the grocery firm of Alverson Bros., 88 South Forsyth street, announced Wednesday night that he would be a candidate for the office of councilman from the first ward in the coming election.

Mr. Alverson has lived in the first ward for ten years, and makes the announcement of his candidacy only after his many friends have importuned him to do so for many weeks. B. F. Hyfield, of the first ward, who has been prominently mentioned for the office, will not be in the race, according to friends of Mr. Alverson.

YARD CONDUCTOR HURT BY A FREIGHT TRAIN

Ivan Doyle, a yard conductor in the employ of the Western and Atlantic railroad, was run down by a freight train in the Bolton yards of the road Wednesday afternoon, sustaining the loss of one leg and other injuries. It is not known exactly what way Doyle was caught under the engine.

The injured man lives at 7 Twenty-second avenue in Birmingham. He was taken to Elkin & Goldsmith's sanitarium in Patterson's ambulance, where it was found that the amputation of his right leg would be necessary. It was stated last night by attending physicians that Doyle would survive.

SOUTHERN CARRIAGE MEN MEET IN ATLANTA

The Southern Carriage Builders met in Atlanta Wednesday in the committee rooms of the Hotel Ansley. There were about forty members present.

The association was formed at High Point, N. C., a few years ago by the Vehicle league of that place and the meetings heretofore have been held in the Carolinas, but desiring to broaden the sphere of activity and usefulness, it was decided to hold the meeting nearer the center of carriage building and construction and Atlanta was decided upon as the point. The association had a delightful luncheon in the *pipe room of the Ansley.*

MORTUARY.

W. M. Gachet, Jr., West Point.

West Point, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—W. N. Gachet, Jr., the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Gachet, died last night after an extended illness. He was laid to rest this afternoon in Pinewood cemetery at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Mary Allen Aiken.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Aiken died at a private sanitarium Wednesday morning at 12:20 o'clock. The body was removed to the Burkert-Simmons chapel. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock and the body will be sent to Houston, Texas, at 5:20 o'clock for interment. She is survived by her husband, R. N. Aiken, and a sister, Mrs. Charles H. Edge.

W. T. House.

W. T. House, 5-months-old son of L. C. House, died at his home, 11 Joe Johnston avenue, at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. The funeral service will be conducted from the home at 10 o'clock this morning, the interment following in West View.

Fred Moseley.

Fred Moseley, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Moseley, died at a private sanitarium at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening. The body was taken to Bloomfield's undertaking establishment, and will be sent to Dallas, Ga., today for the funeral services and interment in the family burying ground.

Mrs. Etta E. Evans.

Mrs. Etta E. Evans, 44 years of age, died at her home, 1 Ashland avenue, Tuesday night at 11 o'clock. She is survived by her husband, J. P. Evans, and four children. The body will be sent to Redan, Ga., this morning for the funeral service and interment in the family burial ground.

J. C. Walton, Lumpkin.

Lumpkin, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—News has reached the city of the death of Julian C. Walton, who is well known in this section, having lived at Charles, about six miles west of here for several years. Last year, however, he moved to Griffin, at which place he made his home for some months, but returned to Charles a few months ago in feeble health.

The Best Hot Weather Tonic.

GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC enriches the blood and builds up the whole system, and it will wonderfully strengthen and fortify you to withstand the depressing effect of the hot summer. 50c.—(Adv.)

CURED TERRIBLE HUMOR ON FACE

Could Not Go On Street Without Veil. Tells What Resinol Did For Her.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"In December, 1908, my face became sore. I tried everything that was recommended, and my face got worse instead of better. I spent over $100 and got no benefit. The face and nose were very red and the eruption had the appearance of *small boils,* which itched me *terribly.* I cannot tell you how terrible my face was—all I can say is, it was dreadful, and I suffered beyond description.

"I have not gone on the street any time since 1909 without a veil, until now. Just four months ago, a friend persuaded me to give Resinol a trial. I have used three cakes of Resinol Soap and less than a jar of Resinol Ointment, and my face is perfectly free from any eruption, and my skin is as clear and clean as any child's. It is about four weeks since the last pimple disappeared." (Signed) Mrs. M. J. Bateman, 4236 Viola St., December 5, 1912.

Practically every druggist sells Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. Prescribed for eighteen years afterwards for itching, burning skin troubles, sunburn, pimples, blackheads, dandruff, ulcers, boils, stubborn sores, and piles. Trial free. Dept. 9-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.—Adv.

Books of all Publishers Including

"The Iron Trail"

for sale by

COLE BOOK COMPANY

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Just Out

Rex Beach's

THE IRON TRAIL

By the Author of "The Ne'er-Do-Well" "The Spoilers"

ALASKA again!—the scene of Rex Beach's great successes—in a story more crowded with action and sentiment than anything he has ever done before. Struggles of rival railroad builders, fights against the glaciers, and the love of an unusual heroine, make a powerful novel, quickening the blood like glacier air. As for humor—there is a new vein of it in "The Iron Trail" as rich as the gold through Klondike's best ore.

$1.35 net.

HARPER & BROTHERS

National Conservation Exposition

Sept. 1st to Nov. 1st

Knoxville, Tenn.

L&N

Only 5½ Hours' Ride

VERY LOW RATES

NO CHANGE OF CARS

City Ticket Office, 4 Peachtree Street

Union Passenger Station

A FEW DAYS MORE OF MUSE REDUCTIONS

The few remaining days of August give yet an opportunity to buy a Suit of high-class at the price quoted for Summer Reductions.

The merit of **Muse** clothes is shown in the splendid quality of materials and tailoring; the style is the conservative sort that keeps.

A selection, thus late, will serve you well, and a fit in something that will please you is assured.

For a few days longer, the prices are

$11.25 to $30.00

Formerly $15.00 to $40.00

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

STROH'S BOHEMIAN BEER

THE MOST EXPENSIVELY BREWED BEER IN AMERICA

SERVED WHEREVER QUALITY COUNTS

Oppenheim Cigar Co. Distributors. 7 East Alabama St. Both Phones Main 325.

The Stroh Brewery Co. Detroit

ENTRANCE FEES MUST BE PAID BY SEPT. 12

Date Was Fixed at Meeting of City Executive Committee on Wednesday.

September 12 will be the last day candidates for council, aldermanic board and general manager of the water board have to pay their entrance fees and qualify for the election, which will be held on September 20.

The date was fixed at the meeting of the sub-committee of the city executive committee, held Wednesday morning. The committee decided to assess candidates as follows: General manager of the waterworks, $150; aldermen (full term), $50; aldermen (unexpired term), $50, and councilmen, $20. The entrance fee will be handed by Paul Toland, treasurer, or J. O. Cochran, secretary. The committee fixed the amount of bond of the two above named officers at $1,500 each.

The committee anticipates receiving $1,320 from the assessments. The money will be used to defray the expenses of the election, and in the event there is a surplus after the expenses are paid, the money will be pro rated among the candidates.

John Y. Smith, chairman of the committee, denied the charge made by Mayor Woodward that the committee moved up the date of the first primary in order to keep down the registrations and freeze out candidates who are considering announcing.

INDUSTRIAL BULLETIN WILL BOOST ATLANTA

The Atlanta Commercial and Industrial Bulletin, an eight-page publication prepared for the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce by W. H. Leahy, of the industrial bureau, has gone to press, and will be ready for distribution within a few days. Twenty thousand copies will be printed, which will be given away free to all who wish it.

Among the articles which the booklet will contain will be one on the industrial conditions of Atlanta, the manufacturers' exhibit, a complete copy of the "blue sky law," notes of the convention and industrial bureaus and general chamber gossip.

Among the illustrations will be the latest sky-line photograph of Atlanta. This was taken from the top of the Walton building, and shows all the new skyscrapers.

Original photographs of this skyline will be sent all over the country by Mr. Leahy to people interested in the future of Atlanta.

Mr. Leahy received a letter Wednesday from Valencia, Spain, asking for the names of Atlanta produce dealers who handle peanuts, oranges, almonds, onions, garlics, etc. This Spanish firm offered to pay for the information.

WRONG SANDERS NAMED IN CEDARTOWN ACCIDENT

Cedartown, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Recent reports of the accidental shooting at this place of Miss Frances Brown have been incorrect in stating that the pistol was in the hands of J. P. Sanders when it was discharged. Instead it was A. J. Sanders who was with the young woman when the weapon was accidentally fired. J. P. Sanders was not present when the accident took place, and knew nothing of it until some time afterwards.

Shadow Gowns May Be Worn When Judge Joel Branham Celebrates His 87th Birthday

Rome, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Unique invitations specifying that attire may be "for men, anything; for ladies, street or dress or shadow costumes as they may prefer," were sent out today by Judge Joel Branham, who will celebrate his seventy-eighth birthday on Thursday at his home in this city with an "at home."

Judge Branham was born at Eatonton in 1835 and has long been one of Rome's most prominent citizens, having served as judge of the superior court, president of the bar association and in other offices of trust. His annual "birthday parties" are always events of interest to his Rome friends and scores from other cities. In his invitations Judge Branham further says: "If you are of cheerful disposition your presence will be appreciated; if not, your absence will not be regretted or observed. Exemption from written or verbal acknowledgements and congratulations is most earnestly requested. Refreshment will be served to suit taste, humor, prejudice and predilections."

"TRAVELING" TIGER ARRESTED AT TIFTON

Tifton, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Chief Thrasher added another pelt to his bag of tiger skins Tuesday afternoon when he arrested J. C. Dasher, "butch" on the Atlantic Coast Line, between Waycross and Albany. As the 10:25 train passed through Tifton Tuesday morning for Albany, the chief was on the watch and saw several local characters go to the "butch" and give him money. When the "butch" handed one of the men a package from the 3:30 train on his return from Albany, Chief Thrasher placed him under arrest. Dasher entered a plea of guilty before Recorder J. S. Bridgman to keeping on hand intoxicating liquors for illegal sale, and was assessed a fine of $75 or four months.

Dasher had been operating as a tiger for some time. Taking orders for whisky as he passed through for Albany in the morning and delivering the goods in the afternoon as he came back.

NEGRO IS LYNCHED BY A LOUISIANA MOB

Jennings, La., August 27.—James Comeaux, a negro, was lynched by a mob here early today. He was taken from his cell in the jail sometime after midnight, shot to death and his body left lying at the jail door where it was found early by a night watchman.

Comeaux had been arrested for assaulting A. W. Joseph, an Italian merchant, who had accidentally swept dirt on the negro's shoes while he was passing the Italian's store.

Two of Joseph's relatives have been arrested in connection with the lynching.

Rome's First Bale.

Rome, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Rome's first bale of cotton was sold at auction on the streets here Wednesday and brought 19 cents. The bale was raised by Arthur Cox and J. E. Phillips, tenants on the farm of Hamilton Yancey. Four other bales reached town soon after. Indications are that the crop will be a heavy one in Floyd county, as all conditions have been highly favorable for the past month.

WAR PROSPECT LURING YOUNG MEN TO ARMY

Record Number of Enlistments in Atlanta Division During July and August.

According to Lieutenant J. A. Gallogly, U. S. A., who is in charge of the Atlanta district of the United States army recruiting stations, embracing the cities of Macon, Augusta, Columbus, Birmingham and Atlanta, the possibility of war with Mexico is leading many adventurous young men to enlist in Uncle Sam's service.

One hundred and one men were enlisted in the army from more than three hundred applicants during the month of July, which is a record for this district, the largest number of recruits secured in this territory previous to July, 1913, being forty-two for any one month. The average number of recruits who enlisted during the last six years has been fifteen per each month.

Lieutenant Gallogly stated Wednesday that the enlistments for month of August would far exceed the record-breaking enlistment of July, as 109 men had been accepted up to and including Wednesday, the 27th day of the month, and from the indications, a large number will enlist before the month is out. More than thirty men applied for admission on Wednesday, according to the officer, and of this number about sixteen were accepted, after passing the physical examination.

The recruiting officers of this district, to which the office at Columbus was added Wednesday, are preparing for a great influx of applicants who have accepted President Wilson's ultimatum to Mexico as a practical declaration of war and it is expected that this district will establish a record for enlistments which will exceed any former records of the war department for any district in the United States.

PERRY MAY OPPOSE HON. SAM J. TRIBBLE IN CONGRESS RACE

Madison, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—It is rumored here that the friends of Hon. Grant D. Perry, of Morgan county, are urging him to enter the race for congress next year from the eighth district, opposing Hon. Sam J. Tribble.

Mr. Perry at present is a member of the state senate from the twenty-eighth district. He is a man of strong personality, big, brainy and bright. Should he enter the contest he would make a strong race.

Mr. Perry, when seen on the streets of Madison today, would say nothing of the rumor. He stated, however, that it was too soon for the discussion of such matters before the people.

GA. MILITARY COLLEGE OPENS NEXT TUESDAY

Milledgeville, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Arrangements for the opening of the Georgia Military college next Tuesday have been perfected. It now seems certain that the attendance will exceed that fo any previous year.

President O. R. Hentelle is now occupied in arranging and assigning rooms in the barracks to the boarding cadets who will begin to come in the latter part of the week.

The military department will organize four full companies at the coming session, which will be headed by a well-organized band.

The Athletic association of the school will receive new recruits, which will add greatly to the strength of the organization, both on the gridiron and upon the diamond.

The opening exercises Tuesday morning will be of unusual interest, Colonel Roy Stubbs, of Eatonton, will address the students.

NEW FIELDS OF WORK FOR BUSY LITTLE BEE

Washington, August 27.—New fields of endeavor for the "busy little bee" that is said in posey to "improve each shining hour" have been found by the scientists of the department of agriculture, who announced today that they had compiled a motion picture film of the winged workers engaged in their industry of honey making.

The film is declared to be one of the most remarkable ever taken by the department. It is to be included in the series the government is getting out for educational purposes along agricultural lines.

L. S. Sullivan, for years the official photographer of the department, is the "man behind the camera" to whom credit is given. This film will disclose the progress of honey manufacturer from the time the bees leave the hive in search of the blossoms until their return with the trophy of sweets.

MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN TROPHY IS AWARDED

The president's cup of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, given to the committee which obtained the largest number of new members during the spring membership campaign, and which was won by committee No. 4, Fred Houser, chairman, was received in the chamber rooms a few days ago. It was formally turned over to the victorious committee, and placed in the office of Fred Houser, of the convention bureau.

The cup is a handsome 15-inch affair, beautifully engraved, and placed upon an ebony pedestal. It has caused much favorable comment.

"WHITE SLAVER" CASE TO BE HEARD IN CAMERA

Pensacola, Fla., August 27.—A hearing of charges of violation of the Mann white slave act against Ben C. Heinberg, prominent merchant of this city, will be held tomorrow. Heinberg, who is a member of a wealthy Pensacola family, was arrested yesterday charged with having transported Nellie Ward, a 15-year-old girl, from this city to Birmingham for immoral purposes. A number of witnesses from Birmingham have been summoned to testify. The public will not be admitted to the hearing.

Grand Cross for Carnegie.

The Hague, Netherlands, August 27. The grand cross of the order of Orange-Nassau was conferred on Andrew Carnegie today by Queen Wilhelmina, of the Netherlands, in commemoration of the inauguration of the palace of peace, which takes place tomorrow.

PRELIMINARY HEARING OF MRS. GODBEE TODAY

Slayer of Judge and Wife to Appear Before Justices at Millen.

Savannah, Ga., August 27.—(Special.) Doubt as to whether the preliminary hearing of Mrs. Edna Perkins Godbee, who shot and killed Judge Walter S. Godbee and fatally wounded his last wife, Mrs. Florence Boyer Godbee, would be held in Millen tomorrow apparently was set aside tonight. James A. Dickson, one of the attorneys for the accused woman, said positively that the hearing would be held. A. Sanderson, attorney for Mrs. W. G. Boyer, mother of the slain woman, made the same statement.

At the same time it was stated that the justices of the peace, who will preside, have not been chosen. Several have been asked, but for different reasons have declined.

It is not certain that R. Lee Moore, solicitor, will be there to conduct the prosecution. W. H. Davis, a Waynesboro lawyer and close friend of the late Judge Godbee, will act as prosecutor in his stead in case Mr. Moore can't be there.

It is believed that the plan of the defense is to attempt to secure bail for Mrs. Godbee if she is remanded at the preliminary hearing.

GEORGIA POSTMASTERS CONFIRMED BY SENATE

Washington, August 27.—(Special.)—Georgia postmasters confirmed today were: D. F. Davenport, at Americus; A. L. McArthur, at Cordele, and Mrs. Mary L. Caswell, at Jeffersonville.

That Trip Abroad!!
SECURE RESERVATIONS NOW
ROGERS B. TOY, AGENT
FOR ALL LINES
UNION DEPOT TICKET OFFICE.
PHONE MAIN 813.

ROBERT MORTON WANTED ON CHARGE OF FORGERY

Alleged Prominent Savannahan Raised Mother's Check From $16 to $1,600 and Cashed It.

Savannah, Ga., August 27.—(Special.) Robert Norton, son of the late Dr. R. G. Norton, and member of one of the most prominent families in Savannah, is being sought by the police for a forgery transaction in which he is alleged to have obtained from the People's bank $1,584 on a $16 check.

Norton, it is charged, went into the bank yesterday with a check signed by his mother and presumably made out for $1,600. He said he wished to deposit $500 of this sum, get $100 in cash and New York exchange for $1,000. The check was honored and Norton left the bank with $100 in cash and New York exchange for $1,000.

This morning it was found that the check given to Norton by his mother was for $16, and that it had been raised to $1,600. Steps have been taken to stop payment on the exchange.

Canal Cut-Off Opposed.

Washington, August 27.—The war department today sent to the house an adverse report on the proposed canal cut-off from St. Johns, Fla., to Lake Beresford near DeLand river landing. The entrance to Lake Beresford is 12½ miles, and DeLand is 12½ miles from Jacksonville.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

HOTELS AND RESORTS

ATLANTIC CITY.

NEWEST BEACH-FRONT HOTEL.
ALAMAC HOTEL
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
On the famous Boardwalk at Tennessee avenue. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF. Furnished for comfort and attractiveness. Sea water in all baths. Spring water in bed chambers; moderate rates and exclusive garage.
MACK, LATTA & CO.
Also New Hotel Morton.

MANHATTAN SQUARE HOTEL
OPPOSITE MANHATTAN SQUARE PARK, FACING MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.
50 to 58 West 77th St., New York City
Coolest Location in City
Overlooking Hudson River, midway between Riverside Drive and Central Park. Ten minutes to shopping and amusement center.
Parlor, bedroom and bath, $2.50 per day for two persons. Parlor, two bedrooms and bath, $3.50 to $4.50 per day for three or four persons. Best value in city. STRICTLY HIGH-CLASS HOTEL IN HIGH-CLASS NEIGHBORHOOD.
F. N. ROGERS, Manager

Come Visit Chicago's Home Hotel
The cool breezes from Lake Michigan find every room in the Metropole—Chicago's home hotel, famous for its warmth of hospitality and its refined atmosphere.
Every equipment for comfort. Fine view of the lake. Located on Michigan Boulevard, Chicago's "uptown Fifth Avenue." Ten minutes' walk from the business district. Delightful, appealing, reasonable.
European. Rates $1.50 up. Special rates for families. Write for booklet
Address
HOTEL METROPOLE Chicago

CLIFF HOUSE Tallulah Falls, Ga.
OPEN JUNE TO OCTOBER 1st
The most centrally located hotel in Tallulah, near the new power dam and lake. Dancing, Horseback Riding, Swimming, Tennis, Mountain Climbing.
For further information address
H. R. CANNON, Proprietor.

An ordinary cup of coffee contains about 2½ grains of caffeine—a poisonous drug.

Five grains of caffeine is enough to kill a rabbit. Of course that much wouldn't kill a man.

But continual coffee drinking usually produces biliousness, headache, dullness, sleeplessness, irritability and heart agitation. Many people have gotten rid of these troubles by quitting coffee and using

INSTANT POSTUM

It is pure and made entirely of Northern wheat and the juice of Southern sugar-cane. Postum is a genuine food-drink—rich in Nature's phosphates, and contains no drug whatever.

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular Postum (must be boiled).

Instant Postum requires no boiling, but is made instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water with cream and sugar to taste.

Experiment until you get it to suit your taste, then have it always made that way. Made right, Postum has a delightful flavor, resembling high-grade Java.

If coffee don't agree, suppose you leave it off ten days and try Postum.

Drink it instead of coffee.

"There's a Reason"

EVERY CONDUCTOR CLAIMS A PRIZE

This they are sure of, as every man is paid a cash commission for each order accepted at The Constitution office.

THE EASY WAY

Is to interest all of your friends. Invite them to work for you, and by using this method you will be surprised at the extra number of votes they will secure for you.

FOR TODAY ONLY

Notice the Special Vote Coupon below, which is good for 2,000 votes when turned in with a new subscription. This coupon is void after today.

Many conductors are calling at every house along their lines. This is a good suggestion to all contestants who are not already familiar with the idea.

Do Not Forget the Special Vote Coupon

NOMINATION BLANK
GOOD FOR 5,000 VOTES.
The Atlanta Constitution:
Please enter Mr.....
Conductor's No..... Street.....
As a candidate to the Street Car Conductors' Popularity Contest.
The above person is now an employee of the Georgia Railway and Electric company as a conductor in good standing.
Entered by.....
Address .....
The contestant will receive a credit of 5,000 votes on receipt of this Nomination Blank at The Constitution office.
NOTE—No candidate is allowed to enter the contest more than one time.

August 27th
This Coupon if presented at THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE today with a new subscription, is good for an additional 2,000 votes.
BRING YOUR ORDERS IN TODAY

CELL OF LEO M. FRANK NOW LIKE LIVING ROOM

Prisoner Is Preparing Statement as Answer to Solicitor Dorsey's Argument.

The cell of Leo M. Frank in the Tower is fast assuming the appearance of a living room. Yesterday a new bed and a number of furnishings arrived. All the day prison attaches worked removating the interior, oiling the floor and cleaning the windows.

Mrs. Frank appeared at the jail shortly after noon. For the first time since her husband's imprisonment she visited him in his cell. He refuses they have accepted the use of the jailers' dining room on the first floor. Frank's mother, Mrs. Rea Frank, also visited him on Wednesday afternoon. She remained until nightfall.

Frank Cheerful, Say Friends.

Frank is cheerful, his friends say, and is hopeful of the future. He expresses confidence of a new trial and of the prospect for complete exoneration in the long run. He apparently has suffered no ill effects from the strain of the four long weeks at trial and of the resultant verdict. He has suffered not a moment's illness during his entire imprisonment.

It was stated Wednesday by friends that Frank is preparing a statement for publication in which he will make no speech of Solicitor Dorsey as unfair and underhanded. "It was as full of holes as a sieve," they quote him as having said, "and if I could have had just one hour in which to reply to his argument, it could have convinced the jury that I was an innocent man and that the solicitor was misrepresenting facts."

"I am preparing a statement in reply to his argument," he is said to have stated, "and if my lawyers deem it advisable, I will make it public. I know that his statements were presented to the jury unfairly and that they had their weight in influencing the twelve men. Therefore, this is the only way by which I will be able to cope with this unfair situation."

Summons Chief Clerk.

Frank summoned the chief clerk, Herbert Schiff, who was an important witness for the defense, to the jail Wednesday morning and there had a number of letters, business and otherwise. The prisoner is compiling a diary.

Attorney Luther Rosser is now preparing his case for presentation to the courts. In case Judge Roan refuses to grant a new trial, it will be immediately carried to the supreme court. At present, the defense is boiling down its plea to the required brevity.

41-2-POUND POTATO GROWN IN CENTER OF SOUTH GEORGIA TOWN

L. G. Lucas, of the real estate firm of Lucas & Knight, of Alma, Ga., brought to The Constitution office on Wednesday what he claims to be the biggest potato ever dug up in Georgia so early in the season. It tips the scales at only slightly under 5 pounds, measures 9 inches from tip to tip and is 22 inches in circumference.

The monster potato was dug up in the garden of J. C. Cockman, whose residence is situated in the center of the town of Alma. Mr. Lucas declared that his thriving town of 1,000 inhabitants is just as much of a record-breaker in other respects and that it is going to keep up the fight for the new county of Hardeman, of which it would be the county seat, until it is won.

CRAWFORD WILL CASE HEARING IN OCTOBER

Litigation in the Crawford will case in which Mrs. Mary Belle Crawford is accused of the poisoning of her wealthy husband, the late Joshua B. Crawford, and which has been postponed during the Frank trial, is not expected to be reached before Auditor James A. Anderson before the middle of October.

Attorneys Luther B. Arnold and Luther Z. Rosser, two of the men who defended Leo M. Frank, are associated with Lucien Smith in the defense of Mrs. Crawford, and it is known that they are not willing to testify in long and bitter fight over the Crawford estate until they have had a rest from the fatigue of the long criminal trial.

Colonel J. S. Jones, who represents Charles B. Crawford and other relatives of the dead man, agreed to the postponement in order that there should be no delay in the murder case, and it is expected that he will agree to further delay in the matter. S. Jones has been unable to locate From the New York hotel, who is accused of intimacy with the widow.

"IF WOMEN WANT 'EM THE MEN WON'T MIND"

Waycross, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Mayor Reed says he will not instruct Waycross policemen to arrest women who appear in public in waycross with their skirts slit. It is for woman to decide what is best for her to wear," says the mayor, "and if she decides on the slit skirt that's her business. Mere man has nothing to do with it, and if the women can stand to wear the new fangled affair I guess the men won't mind. A few of the new style skirts have appeared here, but except the first one, no undue excitement was created.

MANAGER DAN CAREY ATTACKS NEW RULES

Head of the Park Department Charges Attempt to Force His Resignation.

General Manager Dan Carey, of the park department, charges that the new rules introduced before the park board by President J. O. Cochran and adopted by the rules committee, were drawn up with the evident purpose of embarrassing him and forcing him to resign.

Manager Carey directs attention to one section of the rules which require him to report to council members of the board who absent themselves from two consecutive board meetings without excuse. Under the law creating the park board, a member who fails to attend two meetings without being excused is automatically removed from his place. Manager Carey says that if he has to report absent members to council he will always be in hot water. Manager Carey says that under the new rules the general manager cannot maintain discipline among his subordinates. He is authorized to suspend, but the board can reinstate subordinates after giving them a hearing. Another rule which Manager Carey says will hamper the work of the department is the one which says that the general manager shall not order material or start work on any improvement until directed by the board.

Park President Cochran denies that the rules were aimed at Carey in an effort to force him to resign. He says that the board believes it proper to deal with all matters of policy and finances, and leaves the administrative features to the manager.

PLAN ENTERTAINMENTS IN THE EXHIBIT ROOMS

The committee on the permanent manufacturers exhibit of the chamber of commerce is preparing plans by which entertainments, especially for the Atlanta people will be given from time to time in the exhibit rooms.

These entertainments will take the nature of musicales, minstrel shows, etc., at which the manufacturers may give souvenirs of their products, etc.

W. H. Evans, head of the industrial and statistical bureau, who is one of the men engineering the establishment of the manufacturers exhibit, is daily signing up more space in the exhibit. As matters now stand, though there is much good space left, and the committee in charge of the work is extremely anxious to get this taken, so that the active work of establishing the exhibit may begin.

W. C. PUCKETT IS ILL.

Gets Leave of Absence and Buchannan Will Do Work.

Assistant City Attorney W. D. Ellis, Jr., asked the claims committee of council for a thirty day leave of absence for W. C. Puckett, investigator attached to the office of the city attorney. Captain Ellis told the committee that Investigator Puckett is seriously ill.

The committee will recommend that Mayor Woodward grant the leave. Under a recent city ordinance, the mayor only has authority to allow a city employee to leave his duties.

Weight Inspector Buchannan has been selected by the committee to make an investigation of all claims filed against the city. It is understood that Mayor Woodward has agreed to let the weight inspector do the work until the claims committee can make other arrangements. It is probable that Inspector Buchannan will be retained by the committee until Puckett returns, and will compensate him for the extra work.

SLAYER OF MARCHMAN HELD IN THE TOWER

Rushed to Atlanta for safe keeping, Walter Brewster, negro slayer of L. C. Marchman, a prominent Meriwether county farmer, is held in the Tower. He was captured in the northern part of Heard county day before yesterday. Sheriff J. B. Jerrell, of Meriwether, rushed him to this city in an automobile on the way Brewster admitted his guilt.

The crime was committed several days ago. Already one lynching has resulted, Virgil Swanson, a negro accomplice in the murder, who was strung up by a mob last Monday night in Meriwether county.

WHO OWNS THE TREES ON CITY'S SIDEWALKS?

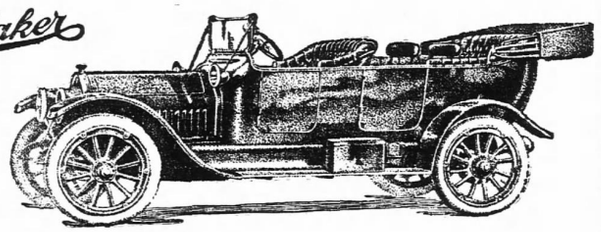
The old mooted question as to who owns the trees adorning the sidewalks of Atlanta has been resurrected through a protest filed with the claims committee of council by S. R. Bridges, of 278 Forrest avenue.

The park department sent Mr. Bridges a bill for $1.35 for trees planted in front of his property for purposes of adornment. Bridges protests on the ground that he is of the opinion that the trees are the property of the city, and for that reason he should not be called on to pay for them.

City Attorney Ellis declares that under a recent decision by the supreme court the city has nothing to do with the trees planted on sidewalks or private property, even though the city planted them. Mr. Bridges will have to pay the $1.35 according to the city attorney.

Studebaker

The "SIX" $1550



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A drive in the Studebaker "SIX" will charm and convince you.

If there has ever been confusion in your mind concerning the qualities of a worthy Six, your questions will be fully answered after you have driven this "SIX".

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As you sit behind the alluringly smooth and responsive motor, no one will need to tell you why you like it. You will know perfectly well.

The instant and full answer to your call for increased speed or power, the sure and perfect response to your control, the quietness, the absence of vibration, the sheer thorough-bred ability of this "SIX" to do all its work without strain or perceptible effort—these things will prove a never-ending delight.

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Studebaker "Six" Engineering

The design of a fine six-cylinder car, especially in the motor, calls for exceptional skill and wide experience.

Efficiency at all speeds and the absence of vibration, which are the unique advantages of a worthy Six, can only be attained by the most scientific engineering.

To attain perfect results we use experimental laboratories of large size and full equipment, where every idea built into the Studebaker "SIX" has been proved correct beyond the possibility of error.

We work by knowledge, not by theory.

Every ton of steel we buy is first made according to Studebaker formulas and later rigorously tested to be sure it is up to standard.

Throughout the manufacture, which is carried on entirely in our plants, from forty huge power hammers which forge out over 250 parts for every Studebaker "SIX", to the last operation, accurate to the one-thousandth of an inch, the "SIX" is built with a scrupulous regard for fine work and the best materials.

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From the beautifully balanced chassis to the deep upholstery and complete equipment, the "SIX" shows careful attention to appearance and comfort.

It is, of course, electrically lighted and started.

The auxiliary seats, making ample room for six-passengers, are exceedingly comfortable and yet may readily be folded to one side.

The painting is lustrous, requiring twenty-four operations, including many days of drying and aging, before it is finished.

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The Studebaker "SIX" is a car of complete comfort and strikingly handsome appearance.

Call upon our dealer or let him know that you are interested

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THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION

Biggest, Best and Brightest

The South's Standard Newspaper

Great Features in Next Sunday's Constitution

"THE VICES OF SOCIETY,"

BY ISMA DOOLY.

Every reader of The Constitution is familiar with Miss Dooly's capability of expression, her keen insight into all things of and pertaining to society. The text for this article was given by a country lady who wrote Miss Dooly asking some very pointed questions about what she had read regarding smart society, and Miss Dooly's answer is at once illuminating and conclusive. If you miss it you'll miss one of the smartest literary hits of the season.

"The Speed Mania,"
BY NED M'INTOSH.

Mr. McIntosh, in his own inimitable style, will give a new phase of the "speed mania," which is daily resulting in deaths in every nook and corner of the world. According to Mr. McIntosh, it is not those who risk their life and limb who are the sufferers from this modern madness, but the thousands who watch the feats of daring and urge the racers to even more desperate efforts. Mr. McIntosh's feature is gripping in its appeal to the every-day sort of a person, and will make intensely interesting reading.

"The Dream of the Man in the Tower,"
BY BRITT CRAIG.

Is a story that peers into the inner workings of the switch tower, that intensely interesting institution that guards the lives of the hordes of travelers that ride daily into Atlanta over the railroads. It reveals the intricate systems that operate the multitude of switches and the fearsome responsibility that rests upon the tower man in guiding the swift and roaring trains over their various paths.

Some of the Other Great Features

The above-mentioned are only a few of the great features contained in Sunday's Constitution. There are hosts of others; among them we will mention:

Best Sporting Section in the South.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor of The Constitution, is famed the south over for excellence in handling the news of the sporting world, and in addition to the telegraphic news, covering every feature of outdoor sport the world over, he has arranged for special articles by some of the foremost sportsmen.

Associated Press Dispatches.

The Sunday Constitution is in touch with the remotest corners of the world via the Associated Press, that marvelous organization that maintains correspondents everywhere and gathers and sends the news as fast as it becomes known.

Society Department.

The Sunday Constitution's society department, covered by alert correspondents the state over, is the wonder and admiration and envy of the newspaper world. The local field is always fully reported by a competent staff.

Fashion Page in Colors.

The latest and newest styles, direct from Paris, are pictured in colors in The Sunday Constitution's Fashion department. Whether it be hats, gowns, hairdressing or any of the real smart new ideas that attract the ladies, it is in The Constitution's Fashion Section.

Colored Comics.

"The Quality Kid" is making the hit of his young life with the readers, both old and young, of The Sunday Constitution. Along with him are "Hank, the Hermit," an old friend of all, and the other bright spots that make the Sunday jolly for the kiddies and keep them at home and happy.

Foreign News.

A special page of happenings in the old world, fully illustrated, is one of the very interesting features of The Sunday Constitution.

Club, Federation and Women's Departments.

No other Sunday newspaper in the country devotes as much space as does The Sunday Constitution to departments of particular interest to women. Among them are: Federation of Woman's Clubs; Mothers' Congress; United Daughters of the Confederacy; Daughters of the American Revolution, and Political Rights of Women. They are all there. The Constitution is the official organ for all these organizations.

Order The Sunday Constitution left at your home. It will be there when you arise in the morning to amuse and instruct you and all the family.

Remember, "The Poison Belt," by Conan Doyle, starts Sunday, September 7.

THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1868.

THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly

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The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

A SIGNIFICANT WARNING!

The message of President Wilson to congress, on the Mexican situation, brings affairs nearer than ever to a crisis.

It is not expected by anybody that conditions will remain as they are for much longer. Every American in Mexico has been warned by the president to leave at once, which, of course, means that the situation is critical, and that serious developments may be expected at any time.

The president makes it clear that he opposes intervention in the struggle now going on between Mexicans for Mexico, and that it is the intention of this country to occupy a position of strict neutrality.

The whole trend of the message, however, which is an exceedingly able document, means that there is a fuse under the Rio Grande powder keg, and that the fire which has been slowly burning for months is likely to strike the business part of the keg before many days.

All of which means that if peace cannot be restored in Mexico in one way it may be brought about in another.

THE "SENATOR'S" CONTEST.

The ground on which Governor Emmett O'Neal, of Alabama, claims the right to appoint Representative Henry D. Clayton to the vacancy in the United States senate caused by the death of Senator Johnston is contained in the third paragraph of the new seventeenth amendment.

It provides:

"This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as a part of the constitution."

The words "or term" are the crux of the whole matter. Those supporting Mr. Clayton's right to his seat insist that it affects not alone senators chosen before the adoption of the seventeenth amendment, but the terms of those senators.

Had this not been the intention of congress in proposing the amendment, the language might presumably been limited to "the election of any senator." But when it included the words "or term," an entirely different effect is claimed to have been created.

Had congress intended that the new amendment should not become effective until the end of the term for which senators then serving had been elected, regardless of how many men might succeed them in the six years or less that remained of their terms, it seems this would have been set forth in the congressional debates. As we recall, little attention was paid to this possibility.

The popular impression was that the new seventeenth amendment became effective as soon as it was proclaimed after being ratified by three-fourths of the states.

Yet there is much force in the argument of those who point to the letter of the amendment as deciding the intention of congress.

It is noticeable that no personal reflection upon "Senator" Clayton is voiced by any critic of Governor O'Neal's action. That he would fill the high place with dis*tinguished ability and credit to his state* is proven by his long and honorable service in another branch of the national congress.

Should the senate finally decide that he was entitled to his seat it would insure Alabama having another able lawmaker in the chamber which was honored so long by the presence of John Tyler Morgan and Edmund W. Pettus.

THE AUDITORIUM CONCERT.

Of great interest to those who are interested in music will be the appearance of the Fifth Regiment band, assisted by Organist Charles A. Sheldon, and the Atlanta Music Festival association, at the Auditorium Thursday evening. Only a nominal admission will be charged, the *proceeds of the entertainment to go to the* militia and to assist in defraying expenses of the free Sunday organ concerts, to which thousands of people have flocked during the past year.

An exceedingly attractive program has been arranged for Sunday's performance, which begins at 5:30 o'clock in the evening, and those who attend will be guaranteed entertainment worth many times the price of admission. Every seat in the Auditorium should be occupied.

MISSOURI MIXES.

The tables have turned. Missouri has shown something to somebody. Recently, in accordance with a proclamation of Governor Major, every able-bodied male citizen in the state lent a hand for two days in putting the roads of the state in better shape.

Since the Missouri experiment the press of the nation has poked a good deal of fun at the state in one way or another. Vivid verbal pictures have been drawn of the judge and the blacksmith pressing down the sides of the same scraper, and of the minister and the bartender riding the same plow.

These pictures were intended to be humorous, but they are not. If, in those two days, Missouri sacrificed a hundred thousand dollars—from neglect of other business—and if the roads were not improved a single thousand dollar's worth, two days of state-wide social leveling, of practical democracy, will prove to be of incalculable benefit to the commonwealth.

It has been called "Missouri's Picnic." What if it was a picnic? What if a hundred-dollar-a-day business man did accept sandwiches from the hand of the wife of a two-dollar-a-day laborer? What if the wife of a millionaire did pour coffee for the blacksmith?

Whether the efforts of those two days pulled Missouri out of the mud or not, they furnished an occasion for brineing together, on pleasant terms, those who had previously had no common meeting ground. Other states may well follow the example of Missouri in promoting good fellowship among all classes, and, incidentally, in cultivating a feeling of personal interest and ownership in highways that have felt the touch of every man's hand in the state.

THAW'S MILLIONS.

Bitterly complaining of the frequent newspaper talk of "Thaw's Millions," Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, mother of the erstwhile prisoner of Matteawan, blames these reports for much of the public hostility to her son.

With that quality of mother love which blinds the devoted parent to all the sins and defects of her own offspring, she laments that Harry Thaw would have fared better but for the hateful references to his millions.

She insisted that her husband had left a mere bagatelle of $1,000,000.

"Why, one might imagine we were Vanderbilts or Astors," the frantic mother complained to the reporters. "Why, Mr. Thaw, when he died, left an estate valued at $10,000,000, to be divided among his ten children and a number of benevolences. It's positively ridiculous to talk of 'Thaw's Millions.' Some people have been after Thaw's millions ever since he was put in Matteawan."

Regardless of the estimated expenditure of $500,000 to employ expert alienists and counsel in the several fights Harry Thaw has made for life and liberty, the wild and reckless expenditures of the millionaire patron of New York roof gardens, and the man who is charged with bribery of attendants at Matteawan and the employment *of professional gunmen to aid his escape*, his mother sees no reason for references to his wealth.

No one believes that if Harry Thaw had not inherited a one-tenth share of a $10,000,000 estate his case would have nauseated the public for so long. His own escapades have kept his name in the papers to an extent to make some persons mistakenly believe he has been the victim of persecution.

Huerta has been sparring for time to learn how to fall gracefully.

Note that the Colonel is doing some interesting and perfectly harmless magazine writing now.

And, too, the Mexican trouble has deprived the lecture platform of one of its most eminent and paying attractions.

Great mining country is Mexico, but frequent explosions there seem to indicate that powder mines predominate.

To have to pledge the kaiser in lemonade is enough to make his subjects sour on him.

The "tiger" flask usually accompanies the bulldog revolver of the deadly hip pocket.

John Lind escaped with his *head, being* too wise and careful of himself and mission to talk it off.

Looking for this item in The Matteawan News: "Harry Thaw, late of our berg, after a flying trip through several states, will probably spend the winter in a nice, warm Canadian jail."

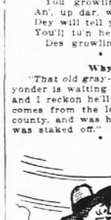
Just From Georgia

By FRANK L. STANTON

Just Growling.

I.

When de sun is on de blaze
You growlin';
When come blizzard-blowin' days
You growlin'!



Any way de weather goes,
Reap a thorn whar dar's a rose;
What you made fer good-nese knows—
Des growlin'!

II.

When you piles de dollars high
You growlin';
Raze dey des can't reach de sky
You growlin'!
An', up dar, whar angels shout,
Dey will tell you: "Fare-you-out!
You'll turn heaven wrong side out
Des growlin'!

* * * * *

Why He Tarries.

"That old gray-headed fellow you see over yonder is waiting on 'em to settle the tariff, and I reckon he'll live to see the day, as he comes from the longest-lived family in the country, and was here before the county site was staked off."

* * * * *

Sets yer veins a-tingle to hear the dollars jingle! Double file, or single, we're movin' right along; where grim Care has bound you, Plenty's hosts surround you; Joy at last has found you with the music of a song! Toil, that didn't tire, saw its hopes climb higher; still kept up the fire, burning late and soon; Life's no more a riddle; Plenty's on the griddle; Hey! Take down that fiddle and reel us off a tune!

* * * * *

"Learn How to Raise Yourself."

I.

Lay them new style capers
Forever out o' sight;
Instead o' raisin' hain, my boy
Learn how to raise yerself!
To raise yerself—I'll tell you plain,
Beats all the fellers raisin' Cain.

II.

Jes' lay them new style capers
Forever out o' sight;
The bees are raisin' honey—
And they're raisin' of it right
Raisin' yerself's the lesson plain,
Beats all the fellers raisin' Cain!

* * * * *

The Origin of Laughter.

The philosopher of The Manhattan Nationalist gives this analysis of "Laughter": "Laughter is supposed to be a development of the primitive grin; and the grin is supposed to have begun as a peeling back of the lips at the sight of food. One good square meal in the Pleocene Age was good *for one oblong grin. The more refined we* are, the less we laugh. I have known a man who was so refined that he could actually go through the motions of laughter without a sound of escaping from his mouth. He was as solemn and shiny as a boiled shirt in a cold storage warehouse."

* * * * *

Says the Major.

A land of loveliness we see
As hither the seasons pass;
Dreams for the poet—and for me
Let ice clink in the glass.
The blessing of a shady tree,
A couch of coolest grass,
And where the Pleocene Age was good
Let ice clink in the glass.

* * * * *

Not Satisfied With Well Enough.

The Atlanta Enterprise believes in holding your ground and not soaring too high all at once, according to this comment:

"Instead of remaining in the legislature, where he made a reputation, our representative *is resolved to elect himself to congress*, where he will never be heard of afterwards—unless they give him a vacation and he takes what Mr. Bryan has left of the lecture platform."

* * * * *

The Invitation.

I.

Come in' old Times! Let the New
Shake the farewell-hand of you!
Maybe you some word can say
Giving cheer along the way.
After all the dangers passed,
Ain't you glad to rest at last?

II

Come in where the New Times make
Merry for the old Times' sake!
Life is young with them, and they
Have no minute's space to stay.
Night around the old glooms fast
Ain't you glad to rest at last?

* * * * *

His Precaution.

You'll know when you read this paragraph from The Kansas City Star that it never was as hot as you said it was in Georgia:

An Indiana man who didn't know the Kansas heat wave had been broken sent a letter inclosed in an asbestos envelope to a friend in Stafford.

* * * * *

Don't Need a Monument Yet.

The Nashville Banner says: "Now that Georgia has passed a law providing for prompt payment of school teachers, a monument should be erected on the peak of Lost mountain to George Bailey, of Texas, for his arduous and unceasing labor in the cause." But perhaps George would rather have a block of stock in a Georgia rock quarry? If so, we'll vote him that.

* * * * *

A Toast.

To lift Joy where no sky is dim
And with rare roses crown him;
To set old Trouble in the swim
And—drown him!

* * * * *

At Close Range.

"Never saw a statesman who didn't dwindle some at close range," says a philosopher; "but it can't be helped: They're obliged to mend their fences and howl for help, just like ordinary human beings."

A Story of the Moment

By WALT MASON,
The Famous Prose Poet

A CHAIN OF INIQUITY.

"I sent you my bill a week ago, colonel," said the grocer, "and you paid no attention to it. I've got to have my money this time, so dig up. The wholesalers from whom I buy are jacking me up, saying they must have what I owe, and I can't pay it unless my customers loosen up."

"Who are the wholesalers?" inquired the colonel.

"Jenks & Jankinson, although it's none of your business."

"It is my business. I want to know the names of the cormorants who make the grand hailing sign of distress in such a way that people who are entire strangers to them are seriously inconvenienced and annoyed. Jenks & Jankinson want their money, and so they send you a threatening letter, saying they'll plant a bomb under your back porch if you don't get busy and send them a registered letter. Then you adopt their Black Hand tactics and tell me you'll organize a vigilance committee unless I bring you my hard-earned saving.

"Not having any hard-earned savings to spare at this juncture, in order to meet your requirements I'd have to get a sandbag and lure some stranger into a dark alley and rob him, which I absolutely refuse to do. I have told you repeatedly that when it suits my convenience I'll send you a check, and that ultimatum stands. If you came to me and told me, as man to man, that you needed the money for your personal use, it would be different. You had a sick cow and needed the veterinary. I'd recognize an emergency and try to relieve the financial stringency. But there is no emergency. If I gave you the money you would send it to Jenks & Jankinson, who are strangers to me, and I see no reason why I should cripple my expenders rustling around trying to raise money for people I wouldn't know if I met them on the street.

"If we could trace this matter up to its source we'd probably find that the banker's wife is at the bottom of it. I read in the paper just the other day that the banker's wife is going to spend a year in Europe with her daughter. The daughter, it seems, has a patent back action larynx, and somebody told her that she has a great future as a singer, so she is going abroad to study music under some old fossil who needs a haircut more than anything else. It costs real money to send two women to Europe, and the banker has been sweating blood ever since the project was broached. So he resorts to desperate measures to raise the price. His bank has been loaning money to Jenks & Jankinson, and he sends them a letter that will cause them to pay up or take the consequences, and they are rattled and send you an incendiary letter, and you lose your presence of mind and use abusive language to an elderly warrior who saved the country when you were in swaddling clothes.

"But the chain of iniquity stops right *there. That old warrior, whose blood has* stained a dozen hard fought fields, refuses to be a party to such a system of oppression. 'You write to Jenks & Jankinson and tell them that you'll pay when you get good and ready, and maybe they'll get up a little spunk and write a similar letter to the banker, and the banker will tell his wife and daughter that if they want to go to Europe they'll have to swim.

"I hate to pay my debts for the reason that the money is sure to be misused. I don't like to encourage extravagance, and if I paid your bill at the present time, I'd be encouraging those women to go to Europe and burn up good money that I need myself the worst way. Take my advice, and the next time you dun a customer, don't say anything about Jenks & Jankinson, for nobody cares a whoop whether they need money or not. Say that the doctor has ordered you to buy a bobtailed cow, so that your family *may quit living on condensed milk, and if* the customer has any change in his pocket he'll be tempted to let you have it."

"Tell the rest to some lyceum bureau," said the grocer, with a discouraged sigh.

WHOSE WAS IT?

Editor Constitution: On my recent visit to the reunion at Gettysburg I met a Union soldier who had a sword and order taken from a Confederate officer at the battle of Petersburg.

On the sword are the words, "Presented by the Ladies of Georgia."

This Union soldier desires to return the sword and belt to the rightful owners, and I am writing to make inquiry for information from any one who may recall the presentation of such a sword and belt, and that they send me the name, when and where the same was presented and such facts as they may have or know about the presentation.

If you will publish this, I assure you I will appreciate it. Very sincerely,

A. J. WALL.

Milledgeville, Ga., August 25, 1913.

Coming Back to Comfort.

(From The Philadelphia Ledger.)

Soon the summer days will be turning toward the home. The middle of August marks the flood as well as the beginning of the ebb, and while those who can afford it are tarrying later and later in the country the vast majority will use their return tickets within the next two weeks. Most of them will be glad.

An Oriental proverb has it that the nightingale would sing up in a golden cage, but still she cried, "My home, my home!" Hundreds of thousands who have been shut up in the more or less golden cages of the summer resorts have often sighed for the *expanses of the old house and the monopoly* of the bathroom and they will return with a new sense of appreciation that ought to add much to their liveableness.

After all, this is the quality that wears—liveableness. Most of the unhappiness of the world is caused by the excessive desire to be happy. Most of the mournfulness is the result of joy-seeking. The pendulum swings back in spite of fate and dollars. The real value of the summer vacation is that it arouses a new enthusiasm for the home. A bit of a room with a bed that feels like a map of the Rocky Mountains is often worth $4 a day as an educational experience.

Does Seem Strange.

(From The Washington Herald.)

Just as the senate gets about ready to agree on a date to vote on the tariff bill the weather turns cool.

Hard Lines in Kansas.

(From The Rochester Herald.)

Kansas is in hard lines. The wells have gone dry, and beer is barred.

One of Life's Compensations.

(From The Louisville Courier-Journal.)

Anyway, it will be pleasing to experiment with the pleasure of sending express packages at reasonable rates.

The World's Mysteries

WAS "MONTE CRISTO" BASED ON TRUE STORY?

The great army of readers who have read, and many of them enthusiastically devoured, Dumas' exciting story of "Monte Cristo," have never, until recently, for a moment supposed that it was anything more than a fanciful tale of a man of rare attainments in such work. Most people are aware that there is an island of Monte Cristo, and that it is the favorite retreat of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, but further than the name they had no idea that there was anything but fiction in the story.

But that "Monte Cristo" was merely the brilliant imagination of Dumas is not the truth. The archives of the French embassy in London, of the time of Charles X of France and of George IV of England, contain many proofs to the contrary.

The true story of "Monte Cristo" came about in this way. One evening in a Paris cafe several friends were seated in conversation, when one of them announced that he was going to marry a wealthy girl named Theresa. His name was Picaud. One of his companions, Louplan by name, after Picaud had taken his departure, made a wager with the others that the marriage would not take place upon the day designated. They asked him how he would prevent it, and he replied: "Oh, by means of some practical joke or other."

He carried out his design by notifying the chief of police of Paris that Picaud was a secret agent of the Chouan conspiracy, and that he was plotting for the overthrow of the empire and for the assassination of Napoleon.

Thereupon the chief of police had Picaud arrested and sent to an inland prison in the south of France, where he was incarcerated in a dungeon. He was given no trial, as was not unusual at that time, and he was soon forgotten by the authorities in Paris.

Picaud was a very likable fellow and while in prison made the acquaintance of an Italian priest of great learning and considerable fortune. The priest died in prison, and as Picaud had cared so tenderly for him during his illness, he left him every vestige of his fortune.

After Napoleon was overthrown in 1814 Picaud was set at liberty, and started at once for Milan, where, after some difficulty, he obtained the execution of his friend's will and received possession of his property. The legal records of this part of the story are to be found at Milan. From there he made a tour of the various large cities of Europe and finally reached Paris in 1815.

His first object was to look up his former fiancee, who he found had married Louplan after she had waited two years, unable to account for his disappearance other than that he had forsaken her. From that time forth Picaud set to work, without letting anyone know his identity, first to ruin and then to cause the death of, either by suicide or murder, not only of Louplan but the latter's children, the faithless Theresa and the men who had taken part in the wager as well as their families.

Thus began the famous "vendetta" of "Monte Cristo." Not one of the victims dreamed of the fate that was pursuing him, or was able to penetrate the mystery thereof until in the throes of death and unable to reveal the secret.

The revenge of Picaud and Monte Cristo are almost identical in story. Louplan was the last to perish. He was stabbed in the gardens of the Tuileries, and by his side was a piece of paper bearing the numerals 5 and 30. The one signified the year, and the primary object of the vendetta, and the 30 that he was the thirtieth victim. This took place in 1826.

Picaud made a death-bed confession to his chaplain, and also signed a statement containing his story and had it placed in the hands of the French authorities. He bequeathed his entire fortune to the church and charitable institutions. His confession for the French authorities was communicated through the French embassy in London, and through the Paris foreign office to the prefecture of police in the French capital. These documents are in existence and bear the date of July, 1828.

It is not known just how Dumas obtained his knowledge of the story, but that would not be a very difficult matter. His novel of "Monte Cristo" appeared nearly 20 years later, in 1844, and the two stories are too similar in every respect, to admit of mere coincidence, at least such is the opinion of such writers who have given careful study to the subject, but Dumas always affirmed that his "Monte Cristo" was merely a fanciful story of a secret vendetta which he had worked out in his own mind.

BY ALWAYS THINKING.

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

It is said that somebody once asked Newton how he had made his marvelous discoveries in the physical realm, and his reply was: "By Always Thinking about them." Back of all habit is Thought. And, too, Thought may be made anybody's greatest and most useful habit.

By Always Thinking you shut out the useless and purposeless affairs that, blood-sucker-like, seek to take from you without giving anything helpful in return.

By Always Thinking, the unkind and cutting words that so often escape your lips, never are uttered. And By Always Thinking the Kind and Cheerful Thoughts you have already accumulated, grow richer in value while their power for hatching and Happiness goes on and on.

By Always Thinking, the mistake that you make today will not be the mistake you make tomorrow. And By Always Thinking you will most materially reduce the total number of mistakes you make.

By Always Thinking you need have little concern as to your Life Station. Your Progress—no matter where you are—will be steady and permanent. While the satisfaction of efficient service reflected back to you personally, as well as in the face of the whole world, will make you one of the world's real players.

Gigantic Appetites.

(From The Baltimore American.)

In all times, including this finical age of many courses and small portions, the man with a gargantuan appetite never fails to excite wonder and admiration. Gustave Lexander, a citizen of Brooklyn borough, has become almost as famous as Ty Cobb by simply devouring at one feast a 12-pound turkey, with two loaves of bread, seven big Irish potatoes, five green peppers, fourteen slices of tomatoes, all of which was washed down by ten bottles of beer. To see a man shovel away of so much food and drink by a single individual at one meal seems almost incredible, but there were 400 spectators who saw him do it. Now he is to be matched with another heroic eater who once got outside a 15-pound bluefish at a single festal sitting.

Intellect, we are told by the scientific sharps, is but a transmuted form of roast poultry, broiled steak, boiled ham, pumpkin pie, stewed prunes and such. What an inspiration that man Gustave Lexander would put into performance if he could only get the transmutation scheme to work right. But, anyhow, even if he can only transmute his half bushel of provender into brawn, what a percheron of a man he should be! Sometimes the great feeders have been men of remarkable mental powers, but not always so. Many of the famous exemplars in literature, the sciences and professions have had feeble digestions and a food-consuming capacity remarkable for the smallness of its waste. It generally requires much fuel, however, to provide muscle power.

Sic Transit.

(From The Saturday Review.)

Can this be death?
I—did not know.
That death could be so kind—
I feared immeasurable woe—
A choking—horrid fight for breath—
A rushing of the wind.

But—over there,
What strange clear light
Is breaking through the darkened skies?
Whose hushed prayer
Divides the solemn pauses of the night?
What form is it that flies
And brings to me an unguessed peace—
Undreamed—unknown?
Lips pressed in the racking pain?
With what unutterable rain
Of rest and ease—
I go to face
The hidden grace
Of God—alone.

—EILY ESMONDE.

Modern Inventions

IMPORTED HUSBANDS.

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Siwash"

(Copyright, 1913, for The Constitution.)

Imported husbands have been all the rage in those American circles which are able to afford them, for some years.

An imported husband is the most stylish thing that can be roped in with a marriage license. He costs all the way from a million dollars up, and usually doesn't last long at that. If a really flossy imported husband wears for five years he is doing very well indeed, and the friends of the purchaser remark in complimentary terms upon her powers of endurance.

Imported husbands usually come as incumbrances on titles. It is impossible to get a title in this country without a husband attached, which makes it very awkward for those fortunate young ladies who have everything else but a title. If titles without husbands were put on the market in this country they would create an enormous sale and the astute country which went into the business would be able to take a large slice off of the national debt.

Imported husbands come over free of duty and return the same way. In fact, duty and titled husbands are usually strangers and confine themselves to the Atlantic ocean until the divorce court gets in its work.

Imported husbands would not be so bad if they could be kept in this country where the father-in-law could occasionally get at *them with a club. Unfortunately, after an* American girl has imported a husband she has to go back to Europe with him. The worst thing about imported husbands in this country is exported wives.

Europe is pretty well sprinkled with American wives who accompanied their purchases back to the old country and have never been able to save steamer fare home out of their pin money. An imported husband costs more to run than an imported automobile. But this is because, as a rule, he is about twice as fast as anything else on earth.

Imported husbands wouldn't be so bad if they came with the usual accessories con-

"Where fathers-in-law could occasionally get at them."

sidered necessary in this country for a first-class, permanent husband. When an imported husband is accompanied by morals, intelligence and ability, he makes as fine a husband as the domestic brand. There should be an import duty of 1,000,000 per cent on all others.

May Join Consolation Club.

(From The Baltimore American.)

Some stuck-up is this government of ours when it won't recognize such eminent individuals as Huerta, Sulzer and Glynn.

Self-Evident Fact.

(From The Baltimore American.)

The question has now been raised whether woman originally came before man. No one, however, will deny that he that as it may she has been after him ever since.

"It Is, In My Opinion, the End of the World"

A Startling Assertion Made by Professor Challenger in the First Installment of Conan Doyle's Masterpiece, "The Poison Belt," Which Begins in The Sunday Constitution, September 7.

"The end of the world" is a phrase that may mean the toppling of Chateraparet, the impact of planets, the rush of gigantic tidal waves—the final smash and end of this earth of ours or the prosaic passing of a man's life.

But that phrase always strikes a vein that pulsates clear to the innermost being of most men and women; to some it is terror and horror, to others a passing sensation of interest—but it is always interesting.

Hence, when Professor Challenger, in Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's great novel, "The Poison Belt," turned to his companions and said: "It is, in my opinion, the end of the world," one may imagine the consternation the remark caused, for Professor Challenger has already become famous, and his remarks are to be heeded in fiction that reads like real life.

"The Poison Belt," a story that cost $5,000 in cold, hard cash, begins in The Sunday Constitution, September 7. It will create a sensation when it starts and you are warned to get your order in now, so you will have the first chapters. You will be reading it before the last instalment is printed, and you might as well begin at the start.

PROBE OF SPEER ORDERED BY HOUSE

After Substance of Charges Was Read Resolution for Inquiry Was Passed Without a Division.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, August 27.—(Special.)—Judge Emery Speer's life and conduct while on the federal bench is to be investigated by a committee of the house of representatives to determine whether articles of impeachment should be preferred against him.

This was decided today after Representative Henry D. Clayton, of Alabama, had laid before the house a summary of the charges which the department of justice examiner had inquired into. The vote for the resolution of investigation was unanimous. Representative James R. Mann, of Illinois, the republican leader, who had blocked consideration of the resolution on yesterday, offered no further objection today.

Inquiry Begins "After Frost."

The inquiry will not begin until "after frost." Judge Speer is a sufferer from hay fever and is now at Mt. Airy, Ga., seeking relief. He expects later to go up into the White mountains of New Hampshire until cooler weather abates his attacks.

An affidavit was presented to the committee signed by Dr. S. H. Rogers, his physician, stating that Judge Speer's health would be seriously endangered if he were compelled to leave the high altitudes he has sought and go to Washington or Macon to undergo this examination. Upon this statement of the case, the judiciary committee decided to delay the investigation for several weeks.

"We do not want to be harsh or unfeeling toward Judge Speer and have gladly yielded to his wishes in the matter of a short delay," said Representative Clayton, chairman of the committee.

Use of Drugs Denied.

Dr. Rogers' affidavit refers to Judge Speer as a temperate man without any addition to drugs that his physician could disapprove. This was construed as a reply to the charge that Judge Speer has become addicted to the use of cocaine through employing it to relieve hay fever.

The subcommittee of the judiciary committee will visit the southern district of Georgia later on, according to chairman Clayton, and conduct hearings. Other witnesses will appear before the full committee in Washington.

If the committee's investigation convinces its members that Judge Speer should be removed from office, articles of impeachment will be reported to the house. It is thought the investigation can be concluded before the end of the present session of congress. If the house believes that Judge Speer has been guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors it will pass these impeachment charges. The senate will then try the case. It is not expected that the trial, if one is ordered by the house, will occur before next session.

Judge Callaway to Defend Speer.

Judge Enoch Howard Callaway, of Augusta, reached Washington today prepared to look after the interests of Judge Speer in the impeachment case. It is expected that he will represent the accused judge in the preliminary investigation and during the trial if one is had. Judge Andrew J. Cobb, of Athens, will be associated with him.

In response to repeated demands by Republican Leader Mann, Chairman Clayton, of the judiciary committee, today gave the house the substance of the charges made against Judge Speer in a report from Attorney General McReynolds.

These charges are that Judge Speer attempted bribery, took money from court funds for private purposes contrary to the law and refused to subscribe law about his court and others violated the bankruptcy laws, violated laws relative to the selection of juries, violated supreme court mandates, decided in favor of his son-in-law in matters relating to fees, used court officials as private servants, allowed the dissipation of assets of estates in the custody of the court, established receiverships without notice to owners, refused to allow the discharge of litigation giving relatives general fees, allowed money to remain without interest in banks in which relatives were interested, unlawfully appointed and ordered sold property in litigation and used drugs.

After the summary of the charges was read, the house adopted the resolution for an investigation without a division.

Diamonds Sent for Inspection

We gladly forward diamond jewelry to anyone furnishing suitable references.

Sending for diamonds in this way involves no obligation to buy, and if, for any reason, a purchase is not made, we cheerfully pay express charges both ways. We can afford to do this as a matter of business, because the values offered are such that practically all shipments result in sales. The advantage of being able to calmly inspect diamonds in your own home is obvious and this privilege is at the command of reliable people anywhere.

For references we require a bank or two well-rated merchants.

Write for a copy of our illustrated diamond booklet and tell us about what you require. Your inquiry will have our prompt and courteous attention.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31-33 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

CITY SEIZES PROPERTY VALUED AT MILLIONS

Unless Back Taxes and Costs Are Paid Quickly It Will Be Sold.

Approximately $5,500,000 worth of property has been seized by the city and will be sold for taxes unless the owners pay back taxes and costs.

Chairman Charles Whiteford Smith, of the tax committee, has instructed City Clerk Walter Taylor to proceed against the property under section 1577 of the city code, which puts the city license inspector in charge of the property to be held by him and disposed of either at sale or in some other manner prescribed by the mayor and council.

Some Property Redeemed.

A portion of the property seized has been redeemed by the owners. Wednesday afternoon the tax committee turned over to Assistant City Attorney Ellis a large batch of quit-claim deeds for cancellation. Since the city served notice on the owners about $10,000 in taxes has been collected.

There still remains unpaid about $40,000 in taxes, costs and interest.

The tax committee anticipates about $120,000 in taxes before January. It is expected that the Georgia railroad will pay the city about $50,000, representing the assessment on its property and the Atlanta Joint Terminals. The railroad officials declare that the road will house no further fight against the city, and will pay the money over just as soon as it can settle with the state.

Held Up by State.

Comptroller General Wright is holding the matter of the state's income from the assessment of the railroad property in abeyance, and until he takes some action the money will be held up from the city.

The city is also figuring on increasing the tax returns $25,000 by assessing all railroads now within the city limits. In order to reach an accurate conclusion as to the miles of trackage included in the increase since the last assessment was made, the city will be forced to make a survey of all rights of ways.

Council has voted $500 for making the survey, and a report will be made through the construction department within the next sixty days.

J. W. HUTCHINS DENIES HE ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

That James W. Hutchins, of 296 South McDaniel street, a patent medicine salesman, had no intention of committing suicide on Tuesday night when policemen were called to the place by people who informed them that a man was beating a woman, is the statement made by Hutchins, his wife, Mrs. James Clarence Martin and Officer L. B. Milam.

In regard to his excitement at the time, Hutchins states that he came home and found that a man to whom he had entrusted a large consignment of medicine had not left the money due him with Mrs. Hutchins as that he then ordered his driver to hitch up the horse and declared that he would have his money or one of them would die.

He declares that while his wife and the men were trying to keep him from going in search of the man who had the $300 consignment of medicine that officers Andrews and Boyce came into the yard and flashed their searchlights on him and covered him with their pistols and he told them to shoot if they wanted to, that he had as soon die then as next day. When officers Milam and Palmer came up Hutchins says he explained matters to them and the officers all left. Hutchins says also that his money was brought to him yesterday morning.

GRAND JURY TO HOLD LAST MEETING FRIDAY

The grand jury will meet on Friday, according to present arrangements, and be formally discharged by a judge of the superior court. All three judges are at present out of town, a thing that has never happened before, but Judge George L. Bell is expected to return today, and to be held for the discharge of the grand jury.

The jury is the one which met despite Solicitor Hugh Dorsey's opposition and took up the question of indicting Jim Conley, the negro sweeper, and accused of Leo M. Frank, the factory superintendent, and it is regarded as significant that the name of the negro will not go before them for indictment as an acknowledged accessory after the fact in the murder of little Mary Phagan.

The civil divisions of the superior court have not been in session during the summer term, and at present Judge John T. Pendleton is on a tour of the north and east, Judge W. D. Ellis is in Aiken, South Carolina, and Judge Bell, who is due to return today, has been in North Carolina.

SAN FRANCISCO CALL TO APPEAR IN EVENING

San Francisco, Cal., August 27.—Announcement was made today that The San Francisco Call, a morning paper, will appear on September 1 as an evening paper. M. H. DeYoung, proprietor of The San Francisco Chronicle, who bought the morning paper plant, has sold the equipment excepting the color presses, to the new owners, who are announced as F. W. Kellogg, publisher and president, representing 80 per cent of the stock of John D. Spreckles, formerly proprietor of The Morning Call, and now holding 20 per cent of the stock of the evening paper.

The new alignment of newspapers leaves San Francisco with two papers in the morning field—The Chronicle and The Examiner—and four in the evening—The Bulletin, The Post, The News and The Newcomer.

FOR THE "TOY LADY" LITTLE ONES MOURN

Washington, August 27.—Hundreds of children with tear-wet eyes today mourned the passing of "Miss Kate, the 'Toy Lady,'" whose funeral drew them to St. Mary's church. Miss Kate was the proprietor of a store known as the "Lincoln Toy Shop," because during the civil war Tad" Lincoln dealt his purchases here, and sometimes accompanied by his father, visited the place to feast his eyes on the treasures it contained. Miss "Kate" France was 62 years old and had "grown up" with the shop.

JIM CONLEY WILL BE INDICTED SOON

Indictment and Sentencing of the Negro Will Be a Mere Formality.

Jim Conley, admitted accessory after the fact in the murder of little Mary Phagan last Memorial day in the National Pencil factory, and accuser of Leo M. Frank, the superintendent, who was convicted Monday, will be brought before the grand jury for indictment as soon as the next grand jury is empanelled next week, according to Solicitor Hugh Dorsey.

The indictment and, in fact, the sentencing of the negro will be a formality that will soon be ended. Before the grand jury will be submitted the customary proofs of the girl's death, the fact that Conley was seen in the factory that day and also that he signed a statement in which he declared that he had aided in disposing of the body.

Conley may get three years in the penitentiary for his crime. That is the maximum penalty in a case like this, but it is expected that as he turned state's evidence, he will get off lighter.

NO RAIN IS EXPECTED IN ATLANTA TODAY

While the weather men out west keep on forecasting hot weather and the hot weather keeps on arriving, the local forecaster announces that the only relief that the Georgia railroad will pay the city about $50,000, representing the assessment on its property and the Atlanta Joint Terminals. The railroad officials declare that the road will house no further fight against the city, and will pay the money over just as soon as it can settle with the state.

Held Up by State.

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The city is also figuring on increasing the tax returns $25,000 by assessing all railroads now within the city limits. In order to reach an accurate conclusion as to the miles of trackage included in the increase since the last assessment was made, the city will be forced to make a survey of all rights of ways.

Council has voted $500 for making the survey, and a report will be made through the construction department within the next sixty days.

17 YEARS IN PRISON, BRAM GETS RELEASE

Man Convicted of Triple Murder Wants Job and Chance to Prove Innocence.

After serving seventeen years of a life sentence for a triple murder upon the high seas, of which he declares he is not guilty, Thomas M. C. Bram, one time first mate of the American bark, "Herbert Fuller," was released from the federal prison on Wednesday.

His parole was signed in Washington Monday under the new federal act, to allow for parole of life prisoners after service of fifteen years.

Atlantans Aid Bram.

Many Atlantans were interested in his case, and among whom were George Freeman and Harry Perkerson, of Freeman & Perkerson, clothiers, at Five Points, and it was largely through the influence of his friends that his parole was obtained.

Bram's great desire now, he says, is to prove his innocence of the crime of which he was convicted by unright living. He is loking for work. A chance is all he wants, he says.

This is the story of the crime and Bram's conviction.

In June, 1896, Bram was the first mate of the "Herbert Fuller," bound, with a cargo of lumber, from Boston to the Platte river, in South America. At midnight on the 13th, while Bram was doing watch on deck, he was informed by Monk, a passenger, that the captain's wife and the first mate were murdered. Bram had Monk put in irons on suspicion. Monk then accused Bram directly of the crime and said that he had seen him commit it. The bark put in at Halifax, Nova Scotia, with the bodies.

Tried and Convicted.

Bram, charged with the murder, was then sent to Boston and tried. He was convicted and sentenced to hang, but upon an appeal was again convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment.

It appears that the only evidence against Bram was Monk's statement. His lawyers contined interested in his case, and have often tried to secure his release.

Warden Moyer was much impressed with the conduct of Bram in the federal prison, where, he declares, Bram was one of the greatest powers for good inside the prison walls.

Ex-Consul Caughey Dead.

Richmond, Va., August 27.—Charles M. Caughey, former United States consul to Messina and Milan, Italy, died here today after a protracted illness. Mr. Caughey was first appointed by President Cleveland. Since that time he had served under succeeding administrations. His connection with the consular service covered a period of twenty-five years.

EXCURSION
GRIFFIN TO ATLANTA
$1.00 ROUND TRIP

Tickets on sale for all trains from Griffin, September 2.
Good returning on all trains up to and including train No. 3, leaving Atlanta 11:45 p. m., September 4.
For tickets and other information, ask THE TICKET AGENT, CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

It's Always The Satisfied Customer
That unhesitatingly stipulates
E. G. WILLINGHAM'S SONS'
Lumber, mill work and interior trim.
Our auto trucks make safe and speedy deliveries to all parts of Atlanta.
You are assured of your order when you phone us.
542 Whitehall Street

THURSDAY --- FRIDAY --- SATURDAY
3 LAST DAYS
OF OUR
Summer Reduction Sale
OF
Low Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, Men and Boys
If you haven't taken advantage of this sale, we suggest your doing so "now." Frugal people will see positively a great saving—staple styles will never again be as cheap.
Lots of bargains are here yet.
Byck's
27-29 WHITEHALL

AUCTION SALE!
UNCLAIMED FREIGHT
ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD
In accordance with the law, at 9 o'clock on
THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1913
at the local freight station of the above mentioned line (fourth floor) located at the corner of Central Ave. and Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga., I will sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay freight, storage and other charges, about 200 packages unclaimed and refused freight and baggage.
M. J. BRADLEY, Agent
UNCLAIMED WAREHOUSE.

MUTUAL RELATIONS AND INTERESTS OF THE BELL SYSTEM AND THE PUBLIC

The suit brought by the United States questioning the purchase of certain telephone properties in the northwest, as well as the pending Interstate Commerce Commission telephone investigation, have caused many inquiries. Without taking up anything going to the merits of these proceedings, it has seemed to us proper to state generally what has been our policy and purpose in the conduct of our business.

We have found, or thought that we had found, that our interests were best served when the public interests were best served; and we believe that such success as we have had has been because our business has been conducted on these lines.

We believe that our company has an interest as vital as that of the public in the proper administration of the problems of electrical inter-communication. The success and prosperity of our company depend upon a solution of these problems which shall be sound from both the standpoint of the company and the public which it serves.

Following our own best judgment, supplemented by the most obtainable advice, we have endeavored to do what would best serve the public interest; wherever possible our plans have been disclosed to the public in advance, and what has been done in carrying them out has been along ordinary business lines, with the implied, and generally, with the expressed approval, authorization or consent of the municipal and state authorities directly interested. Our effort has been not only to obey the law, but to avoid everything which might even have the appearance of an attempt at evasion.

Our business methods and policy, and practically all of the details as to the transaction of our business, are matters of common knowledge and are, and for many years have been, well known to the government. We will willingly furnish the government any additional information which is in our possession or under our control, and will cordially co-operate with it in obtaining such further information as it may require. Every possible assistance will be given by us to the courts in their effort to determine whether our policy is or has been inimical to the public interest. We desire that anything wrong be corrected; we will voluntarily rectify any wrong that may be pointed out to us; and, so far as it may be determined that our policy or any act under it is against the public interest, we will promptly conform to such determination.

We believe that if each of our exchanges were made an independent unit and if each connecting line were put under a separate control, the effect upon the telephone service of the country would be a condition so intolerable that the public would refuse to submit to it and would immediately require such physical connection and common control of these various units as would amalgamate them into a single system. Practical connection in the case of telephone or telegraph does not mean transfer of messages from one line to the other. It means such a connection as will permit one person to have the actual possession of the particular line of communication from one end of it to the other and this can only be given efficiently by exchange systems and connecting lines under a common control and that is what the Bell System is.

In this connection, and for general information, we will restate the policy which controlled in building up the Bell System, and our belief as to what a telephone system should be, and what are its relations to the public.

We believe in and were the first to advocate state or government control and regulation of public utilities; that this control or regulation should be by permanent quasi-judicial bodies, acting after thorough investigation and governed by the equities of each case; and that this control or regulation, beyond requiring the greatest efficiency and economy, should not interfere with management or operation. We believe that these bodies, if they are to be permanent, effective and of public benefit, should be thoroughly representative; they should be of such character and should so conduct their investigations and deliberations as to command such respect from both the public and the corporations that both will without question accept their conclusions.

We believe that the public would in this way get all the advantages and avoid all the manifest disadvantages of public ownership.

We believe that centers of business and population exist for the convenience of the public as a whole, and that no such center can prosper without sufficient and efficient means of intercourse with other centers and tributary territories; that such means can only be afforded by prosperous utility and service companies and that fair rates are essential to prosperous companies. We do not believe that any public either desires or can obtain, nor can any service or utility furnish, permanent and efficient service at less than cost, including capital charges. We believe that ultimately the public either directly or indirectly pays the losses incurred in the efforts to obtain such service at less than its fair cost, either through the loss of the capital involved, the losses incident to poor service or the necessary increase in charges exacted to pay for duplication of capital.

We believe that the highest commercial value of the telephone service depends on its completeness—on the extent and comprehensiveness of the facilities for intercommunication, not only between individuals but between centers of population; that no isolated section can be considered independently of any other section or of the whole; that rates must be so adjusted as to make it possible to obtain the maximum development by making it possible for every one to be connected who will add to the value of the system, thus giving the greatest value to the greatest number; that the interdependence of the telephone service and the value of complete and universal intercommunication justify and require some services partly at the expense of the whole for the benefit of the whole.

We believe that this highest commercial value can only be attained by one system under one common control and that it cannot be given by independent systems unless they are operated under agreements which result in one common control and one common interest in effect making them a single system.

We believe that rates should be so adjusted as to afford the company sufficient revenue to pay such wages and compensation as will secure the most efficient service; to maintain the very highest and most advanced standards of plant and apparatus, to carry on such scientific and experimental research and invention as to apparatus and methods as to insure the highest standards, and to carry to reserve and depreciation such amounts as will enable the company at any time to replace old plant and old methods with new plant and new methods as fast as they may be developed and found to be to the advantage of the service. We believe that in addition, such fair charges should be paid upon the investment in plant as will enable the company at any time to obtain money necessary to provide the plant required to meet the continuing demands of the public, and in order that waste and duplication of effort may be avoided and uniformity of purpose and common control be enforced, that there should be a centralized general administration of inter-communication with and having general authority over the whole on matters common to all or matters of general policy.

We believe that any surplus beyond that necessary to equalize dividends on a fair basis should be used by the company for the benefit of the public and should be inalienable for any other purpose, and should be either invested in revenue-earning plant until necessary to substitute plant which may become inadequate or obsolete, or should be used to make the service cheaper or better.

We believe that under proper governmental control and regulation the profits from promotion or operation allowed to be distributed should not be so large as to warrant or tempt competitive duplication of plant and organization, with its duplication of its capital charges and its duplication, operating, maintenance and depreciation expenses; and we do not believe that utilities giving at fair rates an efficient and sufficiently comprehensive universal service should be subject to limited competition, not giving such service. Competition which ignores the obligation to furnish a complete and comprehensive service is not competition, is not for the benefit of the public in that it does not reach the whole public interested.

If, therefore, complete duplication, with its disadvantage connection and dual bills for service, is a prerequisite to complete competition, government control and regulation cannot go hand in hand with competition.

We believe that the record of the Bell System will be examined by the public as fully in accord with these declarations. Consistent adherence to this policy has given the public of the United States the best, most comprehensive and cheapest telephone service in the world and made the Bell standards the standards of all nations.

To remove any possible excuse for misapprehension on account of the many misleading statements which have been circulated as to the alleged unnecessary and overcapitalization and excessive charges of the Bell System, the following statistics are given. Except where stated the figures are for the Bell System; that is, the American Telephone and Telegraph, and its Associated Companies.

The entire Bell System on June 30, 1913, had outstanding in the hands of the public obligations (i. e., notes, open accounts, bonds and shares) to the par value of $776,000,000.

The book value of the total tangible assets, which are considerably less than their replacement values, amounted to $969,000,000. Many appraisals of property included in these assets have been made, and most of them under the direction of public authorities. In no case has the value as it stands on the books failed to be sustained, and in most cases it has been very largely exceeded.

The total dividends and interest paid during the year 1912 amounted to only 6.1 per cent on the average of its outstanding obligations, and to less than 5 per cent on the average value of its assets.

The actual cash which has been paid into the treasury of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company on account of the capital obligations now outstanding amounts to $22,000,000 more than the par of such outstanding obligations.

The Associated Companies collected from the public and paid back in taxes over $10,000,000 during the year 1912.

The steadily increasing necessities of the public not only for additional but for new telephone service can only be met by new construction, involving capital outlay. To meet these demands during the six and one-half years from 1907 to June, 1913, inclusive, the increase in telephone plant was as follows: Toll line wire increased from 1,940,000 miles to 2,242,000 miles; exchange wire increased from 6,000,000 miles to 13,000,000; the number of exchange stations increased from 2,730,000 to 5,200,000; the number of stations of independent companies connected with the Bell System increased from 343,000 to 1,620,000. The number of independent companies connected with the Bell System is about 25,000. The number of employees in the Bell System, not including the employees of connected companies, on December 31, 1912, was 141,000.

During this same period the number of shareholders of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, not including either the associated or connected companies, increased from 17,000 to about 54,000. About 47,000 shareholders hold less than 100 shares each; 6,500 shareholders hold from 100 to 1,000 shares each; 247 shareholders hold from 1,000 to 5,000 shares each, while there are only 16 shareholders of 5,000 shares or over in their own right. A majority of the shareholders are women.

American Telephone and Telegraph Co.
THEO. N. VAIL, President.

SOCIETY

Basket Lunch Sunday School.

The final basket lunch Sunday school of the season will be held at Silver lake this Sunday. Dr. J. Wade Conkling, pastor of the Unitarian church, will have an interesting message for all who come and efforts are being made to have the attendance records broken.

Special arrangements have been made for transporting all children to the lake from the end of the Buckhead to Brookhaven car line free and a small charge will be made for adults. No collection will be taken at the grounds. All expecting to attend are urged to call Main 1776 or Ivy 1029-J and advise to that effect.

W. C. T. U.

The Atlanta Frances Willard Woman's Christian Temperance union will hold its regular session this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Sunday school room of Trinity church.

Superintendents of departments have been urged to be present.

MARY L. MLENDON, President.

JANE A. ADKINS, Recording Secretary.

Ice Cream Festival.

The ladies' auxiliary to the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen will have an ice cream festival in the concrete building at Grant park from 5 to 10 o'clock this evening.

Morning Bridge Party.

Mrs. Walter Smith entertained at bridge yesterday morning in compliment to Miss Irma Irwin, of Montgomery, the guest of Mrs. William Jenkins. The game was played on the porch, which was attractive with flowers and growing plants.

The guests included: Misses Alma Downing, Marguerite Harper, Fannie Simpson, Louise Mell, Alice May Massengale, Lebie Ewing, Mrs. William Jenkins, Mrs. Clarke Fraser, Mrs. Frank Winecoff, Mrs. Sam Eidinon, Mrs. St. Elmo Massengale and Mrs. J. H. Sutten.

Saunders-Ragan.

Mrs. F. B. Saunders, of Coleman, Ga., announces the marriage of her daughter, Marie, to Mr. George Lorette Ragan. The marriage took place at the home of Rev. W. P. Blevins, at Port Gaines, Ga., on Wednesday, August 27.

For Miss Broyles.

Miss Margaret McCarty entertained ten guests informally at tea yesterday afternoon at the Driving club in honor of Miss Louise Broyles.

Matinee Party.

Mr. J. L. Jones will entertain at a matinee party Saturday in compliment to Miss Mary Honour, of Greenville, S. C., who is the guest of Miss Anita Honour.

For Senoia Friends.

Mrs. C. M. Clark and her sister, Mrs. J. M. Spence, of Camilla, will entertain for a few of their Senoia friends who are now making their home in Atlanta Friday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at the residence of their father, Colonel John F. Methvin, 283 Euclid avenue, Inman Park.

Mrs. Brine's Luncheon.

Mrs. George W. Brine entertained at a beautiful luncheon yesterday at the Piedmont Driving club in honor of Miss Louise Broyles, who leaves Saturday for New York, where she will be for a week before going to Paris, where she will attend school this winter.

The luncheon table was placed on the porch adjoining the ball room and the centerpiece of the table was a mirror edged with smilax, upon which was a floral boat of pink roses and pink snapdragons. At either end of the table were vases of pink roses. The place cards were decorated with miniature boats and the favors for each guest were tiny trunks filled with bonbons and the guest of honor was given a handsomely bound book in which to keep a record of her travels.

Mrs. Brine wore a gown of white embroidered voile with hat of white lace. Miss Broyles' gown was of white point d'esprit with sash and girdle of apple green and her large hat was black.

Mrs. Brine's guests included Mrs. J. D. McCarty, Mrs. Thomas P. Hinman, Mrs. Arnold Broyles, Miss Louise Broyles, Miss Katherine DuBose, Miss Helen McCarty, Miss Margaret McCarty, Miss Mary Burt Lake, Miss Dorothy Arkwright, Miss Virginia Lipscomb, Miss Margaret Northen and Miss Dorothy Hirsh.

For Visitors.

Miss Anita Honour entertained at a pretty heart-dice party Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Nell Honour, of Greenville, S. C.; Miss Gresham, of Virginia, and Miss Lillie May Helms, of Griffin.

The house was attractively decorated with pink and white flowers. The prizes were won by Miss Augusta Gardner and Mr. Emil Faust and each honor guest was presented with an appropriate souvenir.

Mrs. Honour and Mrs. J. H. Gresham assisted in entertaining.

Thomas-Wells.

Mrs. Alice Muse Thomas announces the marriage of her daughter, Adeline, to Mr. James Leech Wells, which took place Wednesday afternoon, August 27, at 5 o'clock at home, 91 Peachtree place, Dr. O. E. Brown, of Vanderbilt, an uncle of the bride, officiating. On account of a recent bereavement in the groom's family only the members of the family and most intimate friends witnessed the ceremony.

After a wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Wells will be at home with the bride's mother until October, when they will go to housekeeping.

For Miss Ryan.

Misses May and Laurent Horine gave a very delightful informal dancing party at their home, "Homewood court," in compliment to Miss Edythe Ryan, who, with her mother, is spending some time at the Georgian Terrace.

The apartments were decorated with ferns and flowers, and many Japanese lanterns were hung about the grounds about the handsome home.

Assisting in entertaining the guests were Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Horine, Mrs. Lee Worsham and Mrs. D. A. Ryan.

Miss Ryan wore a gown of pink crepe de chine; Miss Mary Horine wore pink chiffon over white satin, and Miss Laurent Horine was gowned in white chiffon. There were sixty guests.

For Miss Irwin.

Miss Irma Irwin, of Montgomery, Ala., was the guest of honor at a delightful bridge party given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. William K. Jenkins. Garden flowers in profusion decorated the house, and the prizes were a pearl hatpin for top score, and a set of jewelled combs for the guest of honor.

Mrs. Jenkins' guests included Miss Edwina Hamilton, Miss Isabelle Simpson, Miss Nell Bowers of Nashville, Tenn., Miss Lucile Bean, Miss Theodosia Andrews, Miss Ruth Small of Macon, Miss Lyda Nash, Miss Marion Fielder, Miss Laura Ripley, Miss Ethel Law, Miss Sarah Burr, Miss Julia Hardwick, Mrs. Dan McIntyre, Jr., Mrs. Claude Weller and Mrs. W. A. McCullough.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. William Reynolds and Miss Katherine Reynolds, of Birmingham, are the guests of Mrs. Clarence May, having arrived yesterday.

***

Mr. H. S. Kaylor, cashier of the Bank of Buena Vista, Ga., has been visiting friends in the city, has returned to his home at Bostwick.

***

Mrs. Leila Glass Napier and her little son Shaw, have been spending a while at Indian Springs and Atlanta, will leave today for their home at Bowdon.

***

Mrs. V. B. Parks and Miss Mary Virginia Parks have returned from a delightful trip to New York city.

***

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Lair, after a month's stay at Linville, N. C., have returned home.

***

Mrs. Frank Nelson and children have returned from Texarkana.

***

Mrs. Martha Jacob, Mrs. S. W. Gates, Mrs. M. J. Pace and Mrs. Lamar Castleberry, who have been spending some time at Indian Springs, have returned home.

***

Miss Jessie D. Hirsh and Miss Mary Helen Moyle returned yesterday from Texarkana.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Ashcraft announce the birth of a daughter, who has been named Eleanor Wiley, for her maternal grandmother.

***

Miss Louise Hill, of Macon, is the guest of Miss Laura Wyatt for a few days.

***

Mrs. E. C. Peters will return Friday from Texarkana.

***

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cather have taken apartments at 1021 Peachtree, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, they moved Monday.

***

Dr. and Mrs. Hugh K. Walker and family will move to their home in Peachtree Circle September 1.

***

Misses Annie Wyatt and Nonie Roark have returned from a visit to Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs and other resorts of West Virginia.

***

Mrs. Ed L. Wight, after a stay of two months at Lake Toxaway, is at home again.

***

Mr. Albert D. Thomson and Miss Mildred Thomson have returned to the city after a delightful trip to Chautauqua, N. Y., and New York city.

***

Mrs. Ella Moring Chisholm has returned from Pablo.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Walter P. Brown, of Brunswick, are spending some time with Mrs. Carl Faires at 27 E. Harris street.

***

Mrs. J. R. Mobley, Miss Jennie Mobley, and Miss Josephine Mobley returned last night from Tate Spring.

***

Miss Mildred Hazen will return to her home in New Jersey today, after a visit to Miss Mignon McCarty.

***

Mrs. Eustace A. Speer has returned from Gainesville, where she has been the guest of Mrs. C. C. Sanders for several weeks.

***

Miss Emma Kate Amoroso is ill at St. Joseph's Infirmary.

***

Miss Lillie May Helms, of Griffin, is the guest of Miss Louise Gay.

***

The SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY OF MUSIC opens September 2, at 353 Peachtree St. Apply at once for choice of teachers.—(adv.)

Leper Again Escapes.

St. Louis, Mo., August 27.—George A. Hartman, the leper, who recently was isolated at the quarantine camp, 14 miles south of the city, escaped today. This was his second escape since he was first taken to the quarantine camp less than three weeks ago.

LUMBER DEAL CAUSES ARREST OF MITCHELL

"Wallingford" Came Charged to Prisoner by Alleged Victim from Roberta.

An amateur detective from south Georgia, who acclaimed the fact that he was "some bear" when it came to getting evidence, faced a man at police headquarters last night whom he accused of being a "Get-Rich-Quick-Wallingford" on a decidedly modern scale.

Less than an hour later the wife of the alleged Wallingford came to headquarters, in defense of her husband and told the south Georgia sleuth he was a sadly mistaken individual and refused to leave the station until her husband insisted that she needed sleep and would catch a bad cold in such dreadful surroundings.

The several incidents comprised an interesting little drama, the first act was laid in Roberta Georgia, when R. L. Mitchell, president of the Mitchell Lumber company, of Atlanta, bought a carload of lumber from M. A. Lifsey. Lifsey is the man who trailed the lumber dealer to his lair in Atlanta.

Mitchell's office in in the Temple Court building. Lifsey declares Mitchell bought lumber and never paid for it, and, not only this, but that he had bought several carloads from various other persons and never paid for them. Lifsey brought the sheriff of his county with him to prove his allegations and to take Mitchell back to Roberta.

Second act. Detective Bill Harper arrested the alleged Wallingford. The detective and prisoner had barely reached headquarters when Mrs. Mitchell arrived wildly excited and wanting to know what it was all about. Her opinion of the Roberta man was anything but flattering. Attorney William M. Smith has been engaged as Mitchell's counsel. Unless he procures bond, he will be carried to Roberta this morning, where the third act will be put on.

ASLEEP ON CAR TRACKS WHITAKER IS INJURED

Falling asleep on the private right-of-way of the Georgia Railway and Power company on the East Lake line near Pines street, J. H. Whitaker, address unknown, was run down by an outbound street car Wednesday night and suffered the loss of his right arm.

The accident occurred about 10:30 o'clock and Motorman T. O. Harp, who was running the street car, states that Whitaker was lying asleep with his right arm thrown across the track and his feet hanging in a ditch which skirts the rails for some distance. The injured man was rushed to the Atlanta hospital in the Greenberg & Bond ambulance and the hospital authorities stated at an early hour this morning that he would recover.

NEW POST FOR STEWART.

Graduate of Georgia University Made Consul at Milan.

News was received in Atlanta Wednesday of the appointment of N. B. Stewart, a former Georgian, and a graduate of the University of Georgia, to the post of American Counsul at Milan, Italy.

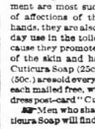
Mr. Stewart's first consular appointment was to Castellamare di Stabia, following six years' service in both the army and navy departments. He then went to Cuba and served three years in the engineering department of the city of Havana. In the year 1902 Mr. Stewart was appointed provisional treasurer of the Philippine Islands, going from there to Durban, South Africa, where he served as American consul up to the first of August, when he was promoted to the Milan post.

During his stay in Durban Mr. Stewart formed a large and warm circle of influential friends who regretted very much to see him leave for his new Italian post. A cultured scholar, reader and linguist and a gentleman of the old school, Mr. Stewart has a large number of friends in Georgia who will rejoice to learn of his deserved promotion to the important post of American consul at Milan, Italy.

ECZEMA LOOKED AWFUL ON FACE

Started with Watery Pimples. Itched and Burned Badly. Awful Sore. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Boy Now Well.

R. F. D. No. 2, Fredericks Hall, Va.—"My little son was very bad off with the eczema on his face. It started with watery



pimples and it itched and burned so badly that he wanted to scratch it all the time and he made an awful sore on his face. I would sit and hold his hands a lot of the time to keep him from scratching it. He didn't sleep any scarcely. The eczema looked awful while on his face. I was afraid it would last for life. He was real cross and fretful.

"I had him treated and he grew worse daily. As soon as I heard of Cuticura Soap and Ointment I sent and got a twenty-five cent cake of Cuticura Soap and a fifty cent box of Cuticura Ointment and began using them. I saw a difference in a short time. I only used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment a few weeks before he was a well boy." (Signed) Mrs. Kate B. Pleasants, Dec. 12, 1912.

Although the Cuticura Soap and Ointment are most successful in the treatment of affections of the skin, scalp, hair and hands, they are also most valuable for everyday use in the toilet, bath and nursery, because they promote and maintain the health of the skin and hair from infancy to age. Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

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GLYNN IS RECOGNIZED BY NEW YORK ASSEMBLY

Action Came After Bitter Fight. Vote 48 For Recognition to 29 Against.

Albany, N. Y., August 28.—Lieutenant Governor Martin H. Glynn was formally recognized as acting governor by the assembly early this morning, after a bitter debate. The vote of such recognition stood 48 for, to 29 against.

This recognition came in the form of official acceptance of messages sent by Mr. Glynn as acting governor to the legislature. Messages also were received by the senate, but with the express understanding that objection could be made later to their official reception as though they had not been read.

The senate session was brief and colorless, but the assembly remained in session long after midnight. Its proceedings were characterized by sharp criticism and the bandying of epithets between friends and opponents of Governor Sulzer. Referring to alleged attempts to punish him through the medium of criminal indictments for the part he had taken in the impeachment proceedings, Majority Leader Levy bitterly denounced Lynn J. Arnold, one of Governor Sulzer's trusted lieutenants, who has been active in the matter.

"Let indictments come if they will," added Mr. Levy. "They cannot swerve me from my duty."

GAINESVILLE ACCEPTS CHAPTER'S MONUMENT TO COL. C. C. SANDERS

Gainesville, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—The memorial monument to Colonel C. C. Sanders, of the Twenty-fourth Georgia Volunteers, C. S. A., was unveiled this morning at 10 o'clock. The monument is of pure white marble, the figure being in a sitting posture in confederate uniform, surmounting a beautiful marble colonnade beneath which stands a drinking fountain. This monument was erected by the C. C. Sanders chapter of the Children of the Confederacy, and stands as the first monument ever erected by any chapter of that organization.

This monument is said to be the only memorial of a confederate soldier erected upon federal soil and stands on the same side of the Gainesville Federal building that the statue of Abraham Lincoln will be erected upon.

At the opening of the war Colonel Sanders was a student at the old Georgia Military college. He entered the service of the south and rose to the rank of colonel. He was offered the post of brigadier general, but refused it on the grounds that he had rather be with his old regiment. After the war he settled in Gainesville, Ga., and here made a great business success.

The ceremonies consisted in the Sanders chapter of the Children of the Confederacy marching around the flower-bedecked and veiled monument with a great chain of ivy, which they placed thereon. Miss Kate Dozier presented the monument in behalf of the children to the family of Colonel Sanders and to the city of Gainesville. At the close of her speech the children pulled the cords and loosed the veil around the statue. Professor A. W. Van Hoose, of Shorter college, accepted the monument in behalf of the family in a beautiful eulogy of the life of the dead hero. Dr. P. E. B. Robertson, mayor of Gainesville, accepted the monument in behalf of the city.

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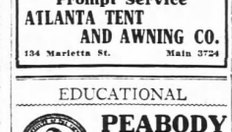

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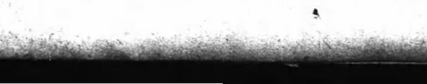


Tommy Long not only won a ball game for Atlanta yesterday, but he won two of the field events and broke the run-getting record.

Tommy Long Sets Run-Getting Record

EDITED BY
Dick Jemison

WHIFFS

Closing In.

ATLANTA is rapidly closing in on Birmingham in the race for the largest attendance during the season. The attendance during the present home stay has been splendid and the locals are but a few hundred behind the Barons now. A little concerted effort will put Atlanta in the front rank where she belongs.

Where Johnny Was.

JOHNNY DOBBS was missed Saturday at Ponce de Leon when the Birmingham and the Crackers played their final game of the season. Johnny, it is learned, was in St. Louis making arrangements to secure some players from the Browns for next season, and to grab off a man or two to help out the rest of the pennant race.

Not Worth While.

THE PROPOSED post season series between the Savannah and Atlanta clubs would not be worth while, anything was to be pulled off. The series it might be worth playing for. But what can the Crackers want to meet the Savannah? The locals have already trounced them goes without saying. No Southern league team has been able to check the heavy artillery of the locals except in one game occasionally. How could a post season series be expected to. Then, too, the members of both teams are anxious to get to their homes and the last thing they like a lot of wooden men in the series.

Another Series.

A SERIES is being arranged between the Mobile baseball club and Houston, Texas, league team. These teams are practically certain of winning the pennant in the Southern leagues and the business men of the two cities are subscribing liberally to defray the expenses of the series.

He's Right.

JIM GAFFNEY, owner of the Boston Doves, is right when he says that Heck Local should be rushed him, who he did not take a trip around the world with Gaffney instead of one of his umpires performed? I understand that is part of your duties, the world trip, Gaffney. Why, what that some Southern league rookie would hand out some of the rotten decisions that Evans and Rigler did? There are some good umpires in the league this season but they are in the minority by a big jump. The general average is the poorest in the history of the league.

The Chalmers Trophy.

JOE JACKSON, of the Naps, and Gavvy Cravath, of the Phillies, are being touted as the probable winners of the Chalmers trophy. Jackson is the most valuable man to his club in the two majors, but what about Walter Johnson, the best man in Washington and that club would be battling St. Louis for the pennant but for Johnson. Johnson is more valuable to Washington than any other one man is to any other team in either league.

Natural Hitter.

DAVE ROBERTSON, the Mobile outfielder, is probably the most natural hitter in the league. He bats from no other fields than he does at home. In the field he has looked good at all. He seems to fit at all kinds of ball playing and hit at all kinds of ball pitching. What causes this stump when he hits Atlanta is a mystery. He looks as good at the plate locally as many players we might mention. Maybe Local will be able to find out of a way on him. Every time he has been here Dave has swung the ball after the pitcher had missed. In other fields he has been hitting the same kind of balls that were thrown to him here. Answer: Wet pass it up.

Poor Sir Mique.

MIQUE FINN, the genial host of the Mobile Cubs, has had a hard old kinds of luck. First his scratch hands was lost for the season. Next was not for a while. Then Manager Pauley now W. Robertson and Clyde got the latest blow in the form of all. Now Finn has Lum Lumley look that of pitching and holding the beautiful pennant in the air. Lumley is a dandy and here it is shucks and there is not money enough in the treasury to buy another. Poor Mique.

Season Ends.

THE EMPIRE STATE league closed with the games Wednesday. Thomasville won the first half and Valdosta took the second half. Thus the teams will clash in a series of games to decide the championship. These games ought to be interesting. Bert Jordan, former Cracker manager and catcher, is managing Valdosta. H. B. Jemison, brother of the writer, is president of the Thomasville club.

Where They Play Today

Southern League.
Memphis at Atlanta. Game called at 3:30 o'clock.
Montgomery in Chattanooga. Mobile in Birmingham. New Orleans in Nashville.

South Atlantic League.
Columbus at Albany. Savannah at Macon. Macon at Jacksonville.

National League.
Boston in Brooklyn. New York at Philadelphia. St. Louis in Chicago. Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.

American League.
Philadelphia in New York. Washington at Boston.

QUERIES ANSWERED

Under this head the sporting editor will answer questions pertaining to athletics. Address all queries to the sporting editor.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor, The Constitution: If a ball is batted in fair territory and hits the umpire and then goes into foul territory, is it a fair ball and whatever runners happen to be on the bases are entitled to advance one base.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor, The Constitution: How many men did Bisland throw out at first base in the game with Montgomery on September 4? W. R. M.
Thirteen.

Dick Jemison, sporting editor, The Constitution: What games do the Washington Americans play at home the first week in September, and with whom? C. F.
September 4, 5, 6, with New York.

Vols Buy Two.

Nashville, Tenn., August 27.—The management of the Nashville baseball club has purchased Smith, a promising young catcher of the Hopkinsville, Ky., club, and Snyder, a pitcher from the Henderson, Ky., club.

Long's Homer Turns the Tide; "Rabbit" Sets a Run Record; Bisland Has a Great Day

By Dick Jemison.

Wednesday, August 27, will go down in the record as "Tommy Long day at Ponce de Leon park. The fleet little left fielder did so many things good yesterday that we will have to dwell a few minutes on his achievements.

It was his home run in the seventh inning, a mighty smash over Schweitzer's head, with Joe Agler on base, that brought home a 6 to 5 victory for the Crackers over the Turtles. The count went several feet beyond the end of the bleachers.

He got one other hit during the game, and tallied three runs. His first was scored the Southern league run-getting record, established by Gus Hill, of Nashville, in 1902. His second run established a new mark, and he gave the old little margin with his home run smash.

Tommy showed his heels to all contestants in the 100-yard dash, and went through the finals to score the third in the spring the bases event.

Tommy Long's Day.

All in all, it was a great day for the Cracker left fielder, and the fans were every bit of praise that an enthusiastic public can give him. We forgot to mention. He also contributed a great catch in the field.

Elliott Hunt started for the Crackers. His teammates got him a three-run lead, and it was the game as good as over. York started pitching out of his hand. But at the start of the fifth inning, he became suddenly ill. He was helped from the field after he had he could not raise his arms above his head to make his delivery.

Joe Conzelman was put in cold. Joe was without practice, and a couple of hits putting the Turtles in the lead with only one gone.

Slim Love was shot to the rescue, and he pitched such a fine game, he got better as he went along, and when Tommy poled his home, cinching the battle, he breezed along to the finish.

Another Bisland Day.

Bisland had another one of his great days, and they are getting to be the rule instead of the ball player at Ponce de Leon these days. This fellow is the best shortstop in the league in every way, and, in my humble opinion, is the best man at the position that has ever been in the league.

Bisland got four clean drives safely in four times to bat. They were hits right over the second sack, where no one could possibly get them. He made several new plays in the field, handling chances perfectly neatly.

The Crackers had three men to throw out at the plate during the game, or the score would not have been as close as it was. The Turtles had one man nailed out.

The Crackers grabbed the lead in the first inning. Kaler hammered the ball a fine drive to the middle meadow for a cushion. Long sent him to third with a double to right, and Wallop poled a triple to the left field fence. Both Bisland sent Wallop home with a clean single.

Dent Leaves Game.

Dent was waiting through the Turtles like taking candy from a baby. Schweitzer, the first man up in the fifth, singled. Dent had to retire and Cunningham had no time to warm up, was sent in.

He walked Absteln. Stanley shot one through dished for two cushions, scoring Schweitzer. Long made a great catch on Snelle's fly. Conzelman walked Harrell, filling the bases.

Love hit Ward, forcing Long to the plate. Absteln knocked Dunn over the ball rolling from Joe's hands, and Shanley, who kept coming, also scored. Harrell got to third while Ward made first. Baerwald bit to short and Love was snuffed at the plate, Slim Love pitching at this stage.

The Crackers went in for an inning half. Long hit to Ward, who threw wild to first. Rabbit going to second Weidenhoft kicked in with a single. Long counting. Smith sacrificed Weidenhoft down. Bisland singled, but Weidenhoft was thrown out at the plate. He left Kaler out of his left leg in trying to keep from hurting Catcher Smith, and had to leave the game.

The game was won in the seventh. Agler hit to center for a single. Long sent him to first and when Shanley threw badly to first he went to second. Tommy Long knocked in with a single. Left on the circuit, putting the game on ice.

The Turtles got one in the eighth. Ward walked. Shanley singled, sending Absteln forced Schweitzer at second and Shanley forced Absteln at second, Ward counting.

Slim Love went into a twirl for the Turtles in the final meeting between the Crackers and the Turtles this season, and if he is feeling all right again, Slim will make another crack at the men of Bernhard.

The Box Score:

MEMPHIS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Love, rf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Dent, cf	5	0	1	0	1	0
Weidenhoft, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, c	3	0	0	1	1	1
Schweitzer, lf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Absteln, 2b	3	1	1	2	3	0
Shanley, ss	4	1	2	1	4	1
Harrell, 1b	4	1	1	9	0	0
Totals	32	3	8	24	15	4

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Agler, lf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Long, cf	4	2	2	1	0	0
Wallop, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Kaler, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Bisland, ss	4	0	4	5	5	0
Baerwald, 2b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Dunn, 1b	4	0	0	1	0	0
Ward, c	4	0	1	8	1	1
Love, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Conzelman, p	2	0	0	0	0	0
S. Love, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manush, cf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	3	9	22	13	1

Summary—Two-base hits, Long, Shanley, Dunn; three-base hit, Smith; home run, Long; innings pitched, by Love 4, none out in fifth with 2 hits and no runs, by Conzelman 1-3 with 2 hits and 4 runs, struck out, by Harrell 1, by Love 2, by Conzelman 1; bases on balls, off Harrell 1, off Conzelman 4, off Love 1. Time, 2:00. Umpires, Pfenninger and Stockdale.

Scores by innings	R.	H.	E.
Memphis	000 040 010	5	8	0
Atlanta	200 010 20x	6	9	1

Gulls 9, Barons 1.

Birmingham, Ala., August 27.—Mobile hit Hargrove, pitching for Birmingham, at will this afternoon, and annexed the third game of the series. The local twirler was opposed by Campbell, who was invincible when hits meant runs. Paulet and Schmidt each made a home run. The game was filled with unusual plays which kept the fans guessing.

The box score.

Mobile—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Mensor, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Dowd, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Schmidt, c	4	0	1	1	0	0
Paulet, ss	4	0	1	1	0	0
Bishop, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Mobley, 2b	3	0	0	1	2	0
Williams, 3b	4	0	2	2	6	0
Hargrave, c	4	0	2	6	1	0
Gilbert, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Hardgrave, p	2	0	1	1	0	0
Campbell, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	1	10	27	9	0

Batted for Hardgrave in eighth.
Batted out, hit by batted ball, in fourth.

Scores by innings	R.	H.	E.
Birmingham	000 100 000	1	10	0
Mobile	100 410 00x	6	9	1

Summary—Errors, McBride 2, Odell 1, Miller 1; two-base hits, Marcan, Stock, Paulet; home runs, Paulet, Schmidt; sacrifice hits, Messenger, Staff; stolen bases, Robertson, double plays, Elam to McGilvray; Marcan (unassisted); bases on balls, off Campbell 1; struck out, by Hardgrove 1, by Campbell 1; wild pitch, Hardgrove. Time, 1:43. Umpires, Kerin and Hart.

Lookouts 5, Billikens 5.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 27.—Manager Bert Conroy in the ninth inning after Montgomery had apparently won the game, 5 to 2. With two outs, two singles and two hits filled the bases. Manning forced in two runs on which Cy Brown went in and his wild pitch allowed the tying run to score Brown fanned Johnson and after the tenth umpire called the game on account of darkness.

Manager Dobbs punched the umpire in the first inning in an argument over a decision at third, and was put out of the park.

The box score.

CHAT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.	MONT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Brown, cf	5	1	2	2	0	0	Sicks, ss	4	1	2	1	2	0
Fricks, 2b	3	1	0	2	1	0	Starr, 2b	3	0	1	3	0	0
Smith, lf	4	0	2	1	0	0	Carlisle, lf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Bowen, 1b	4	0	2	10	1	0	Daniels, 1b	4	2	1	10	0	0
Dobbs, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0	Bishop, cf	4	2	2	3	0	0
Manning, p	3	0	0	0	3	0	Hoffman, rf	4	2	2	2	0	0
Bruns, ss	4	0	2	2	6	0	Clarke, c	4	0	1	7	0	0
Gilbert, c	4	0	1	7	1	0	Wilson, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Hackney, p	2	0	1	1	0	0	Campbell, p	4	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	37	3	10	27	12	0	Totals	37	5	11	27	12	0

Batted for Sommers in ninth.

Scores by innings	R.	H.	E.
Chattanooga	000 002 003	5	10	0
Montgomery	200 001 101	5	11	0

Summary—Errors, King 1, Coyle 1, Daniels 1, Bishop 1, Wilson 1; three-base hit, Covie; stolen bases, Wares 2, Knapp 2, Sloan; sacrifice hits, Graff, Wares; double plays, Fricks, Smith to Bowen; left on bases, Chattanooga 8, Montgomery 8; bases on balls, off Manning 1, off Sommers 2, off Brown 1; struck out, by Sommers 4, by Manning 2, by Brown 1; hit by pitcher, by Sommers (Daniels), by Manning (Jantzen); wild pitches, Sommers, Brown. Time, 2:20. Umpires, Fifield and Wright.

Vols 17, Pels 4.

Nashville, Tenn., August 27.—Nashville batted two New Orleans pitchers for 17 hits this afternoon and walked straight game of the series, 17 to 4. Beck pitched good ball for the locals, Ferrell following in the fifth inning, making ten consecutive hits for him in two games, breaking six runs, scoring five himself and stolen four bases.

The box score.

N. O.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.	NASH.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McKnight, c	4	0	1	4	0	0	Talbott, rf	4	1	2	5	0	0
Erwin, rf	4	0	1	4	0	0	Ellam, ss	4	2	2	0	0	0
Bruggy, 3b	2	1	1	1	2	0	Beck, p	4	2	2	0	2	0
Kraft, 1b	3	2	2	8	1	0	Ferrell, p	1	0	1	0	0	0
Kraft, 2b	3	1	2	2	2	0	Hemsley, 1b	4	2	2	9	0	0
Reed, lf	3	0	1	2	0	0	Powell, 3b	4	2	2	1	2	0
Ferrell, p	2	0	0	0	2	0	Perry, c	4	0	1	6	1	0
Vander, ss	3	0	0	2	0	0	Powell, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Hargrave, p	0	0	0	1	1	0	Lindsay, 1b	3	1	1	4	1	0
Bayless, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	Beck, c	3	2	1	4	0	0
Wilson	1	0	0	0	0	0							
Totals	31	4	6	24	20	0	Totals	38	17	20	27	14	0

Batted for Ferrell in ninth.

Scores by innings	R.	H.	E.
New Orleans	000 000 103	4	6	0
Nashville	120 122 00x	17	20	0

Summary—Errors, Kraft 2, Slavenski, Young 1, Gibson 1; two-base hits, Perry, Callahan, Beck, Kraft; double plays, Beck to Perry to Adams, Hendrex to Glavonich, bases of errors, Nashville 2, New Orleans 2; left on bases, Nashville 10, New Orleans 4; passed balls, Adams 2, innings pitched by Slavenski 5, Ferrell 4, hits and 16 runs, base on balls, off Glavenich 10, Perry 1, by Beck 4, by Slavenski 1, by Ferrell 1, by Peddy 1; Beck 2, wild pitches, Glavenich 2, Reed 2, hit batsman, by Peddy (Kraft). Time, 2:20. Umpires, Graft, sacrifice hits, Perry, Gibson; stolen bases, Hoffman, Young, Perry 2, Gibson (Seven innings by agreement).

OTHER RESULTS

Texas League.
Dallas 6, Waco 2. San Antonio 3, Galveston 2.
Fort Worth 3, Houston 1. Austin 4, F. Worth 2.

Virginia League.
Norfolk 12, Roanoke 1. Portsmouth 7, Richmond 1.
Petersburg 3, Richmond 2. Portsmouth 3, Richmond 2.
Roanoke 3, Petersburg 2.

Carolina Association.
Winston-Salem 4, Greensboro 3. Durham 5, Asheville 1.
Raleigh 4, Spartanburg 3.

American Association.
Kansas C. 4, St. Paul 2. St. Paul 8, K. City 1.
Minneap. 11, Milwaukee 1. Columbus 1, Louisville 0.

International League.
Montreal 3, Provid. 0. Montreal 7, Providence 1.
Buffalo 5, Toronto 4. Rochester 4, Newark 3.
Jersey City 2, Toronto 1.

Appalachian League.
Knoxville 5, Rome 2. John City 9, Middle 4.
Bristol 4, Morristown 1.

Federal League.
Indianapolis 5, Pittsburg 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	78	50	.609
ATLANTA	71	55	.564
Montgomery	69	57	.548
Birmingham	66	62	.516
Chattanooga	61	62	.496
Mobile	61	65	.484
Nashville	55	72	.433
New Orleans	49	77	.389

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	82	50	.621
Philadelphia	77	52	.597
Chicago	65	55	.542
Pittsburg	65	54	.578
Brooklyn	53	64	.443
Boston	50	76	.397
Cincinnati	49	73	.393
St. Louis	44	77	.364

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	76	50	.603
Washington	67	51	.568
Chicago	68	59	.535
Boston	58	59	.496
Detroit	58	60	.492
St. Louis	44	77	.364
New York	39	76	.339

SOUTH ATLANTIC.	W.	L.	P.C.
Savannah	73	52	.600
Columbus	70	53	.587
Jacksonville	59	58	.537
Albany	55	59	.483
Charleston	55	59	.642
Macon	52	80	.423

EMPIRE STATE.	W.	L.	P.C.
Thomasville	31	17	.646
Valdosta	26	22	.510
Waycross	24	26	.480
Americus	24	27	.471
Brunswick	21	28	.429
Cordele	22	28	.400

BREAKS RECORD

TOMMY LONG,
Crackers' left fielder, who scored his 101st run yesterday, establishing a new record for the league.

SOUTH ATLANTIC

Indians 5, Peaches 1.

Savannah, Ga., August 27.—Taylor outpitched Adams in the first of a scheduled double-header between Macon and Savannah this afternoon. He was poorly supported and the visitors lost, 5 to 1. The second game was called off on account of darkness.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Macon	000 000 010	1	6	0
Savannah	000 200 00x	5	9	0

Batteries—Taylor and Berger; Adams and Diehl. Time, 1:40. Umpire, Leary.

Scouts 2, Foxes 1.

Jacksonville, Fla., August 27.—Barmeister, after pitching five innings yesterday, went back into the box for Jacksonville this afternoon and aided by beautiful fielding in which he took a large part, defeated the Albany champions by the score of 2 to 1. McCormick, who pitched for the visitors, allowed but five hits, but the Jacksonville players managed to bunch their hits on him. The feature of the game was a perfect throw from deep center to the plate by Pownall.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Albany	000 000 010	1	5	0
Jacksonville	010 000 10x	2	4	0

Batteries—McCormick and Thompson; Barmeister and Krehs. Time, 1:20. Umpires, Moran and Pender.

Babies 1, Gulls 0; Gulls 5, Babies 1

Charleston, S. C., August 27.—Atlanta and Charleston divided double-header this afternoon, the locals taking the first game, which was a pitchers' battle between Bill Rock, who played in the Sally one hour and eight minutes, by the score of 1 to 0. Morgan and Rock were in the box for the first game and when it went seven innings by agreement, the score was 0 to 0. In the second game, which was called in the first half on account of darkness, Cathy of Augusta was in the first game was the only hit of the game.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Albany	000 000 100	1	3	0
Charleston	000 000 000	0	4	0

Batteries—Moses and Wells; Foster and Meador. Time, 2:05. Umpire, Barr (Seven innings by agreement).

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Albany	001 000 0—1	2	1	
Charleston	000 000 1—1	4	1	

Batteries—Morgan and Wells; Rock and Meador. Time, 1:15. Umpire, Barr (Seven innings by agreement).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cards 15, Phillies 4.

Philadelphia, August 27.—St. Louis walked away with Philadelphia by 15 to 4. Brennan was driven off the rubber in two innings, during which the visitors piled up 8 runs and ten hits. Imlay lasted three innings, Bixey and Haislip, formerly of the Dallas (Texas) club, finished the game. Philadelphia could not bunch safeties with run-getting effect.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	001 001 201	15	17	0
Philadelphia	000 001 003	4	10	0

Batteries—Griner, Harmon and Hill; Gebhard, Brennan, Imlay, Bixey, Haislip and Killefer. Time, 1:45. Umpires, Klem and Orth.

Reds 5, Giants 1.

New York, August 27.—Cincinnati celebrated its last appearance in New York this season by defeating the champions, 5 to 1. Mordecai Brown, the old Chicago star, held the locals to seven scattered hits. Cincinnati made the same number of hits off Fromme but made them count. Tinker drove in four of the Cincinnati runs. Groh was put out of the game in the fourth inning for protesting a strike decision.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	000 04 100	5	7	1
New York	000 000 100	1	7	1

Batteries — Brown and Clark; Fromme, Schultz, Crandall and McLean. Time, 1:45. Umpires, O'Day and Emslie.

Cubs 3, Dodgers 0.

Brooklyn, N. Y., August 27.—Jim Vaughn, recently secured by Chicago from Kansas City, pitched shutout ball here today and Chicago won the third straight game from the locals, 3 to 0. Vaughn and Reulbach had a great duel up to the seventh, when Vaughn started a winning rally with a single to left. Vaughn pitched great ball all the way.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	000 000 20x	3	7	1
Brooklyn	000 000 00x	0	6	1

Batteries—Vaughn and Archer; Reulbach, Rucker and Miller. Time, 1:50. Umpires, Brennan and Eason.

Boston-Pittsburg—Rain.

Long, Nixon and Manush Win Field Day Events

The Crackers made a clean sweep of the field day events with the Turties at Ponce de Leon yesterday afternoon, Tommy Long and Frank Manush winning two events each and Al Nixon the other.

Tommy captured the 100-yard dash and circling the bases, Manush won the fungoe hitting and the 50-yard sack race and Nixon won the long-distance throwing.

Long won the 100-yard dash from Smith, Nixon, Baerwald and Schweitzer. They finished in the order. Nixon surprised even his fellow players by his burst of speed in this event.

In circling the bases, Tommy did it in 14 seconds flat. But he lost a split second around and slowed up at the finish. It's a safe bet that under ideal conditions Tommy could surpass the world's record of 13 2-5 seconds made by Hans Lobert, of the Phillies. If he had been clocked on his home run is a safe bet that it would have shown 13 seconds flat.

Manush was first in fungoe hitting with Manager Bernhard, of the Memphis club second. There were four other competitors.

Frank entered the sack race at the last moment and walked away with it. Nixon, Love and Welchonce fell to the ground. Kissinger and Liebhardt were the only others to finish.

In the long distance throwing Nixon, from deep center field threw thirty feet beyond the plate. Shanley, Agler, Bernhard and Love were the other contestants.

Manush won $5 and a pair of silk shirts given by Parks-Chambers-Hardwick company. Long won a pair of shoes given by Byck Brothers and a hat given by Law Brothers. Nixon won a silk umbrella given by George Muse Clothing company.

Another field day will probably be arranged when the Mobile club plays here.

Clayton Perry Set Record For Consecutive Hitting

Wallop Smith's record of consecutive hits has been broken. Clayton Perry, of Nashville, has run the total up to 36.

In the game with New Orleans Monday Clayton got a hit the last time up.

In the game Tuesday he got 5 hits in 5 times up and duplicated his stunt Wednesday.

In the last eleven times up Perry has made 11 hits, tallied 8 runs driven in seven and stolen four bases.

This is the league record as far as we have been able to ascertain after a close scrutiny of the records.

RITCHIE AND WELSH SIGN UP ARTICLES

Vancouver, B. C., August 27.—Articles for the world's lightweight championship bout between Willie Ritchie and Freddie Welsh September 20 were signed today. Forfeits will be posted tomorrow. Jim Griffin, of San Francisco, probably will be referee.

CLOSING DATES IN ALL LEAGUES

Here are the season's closing dates of all the baseball leagues throughout the United States:

American association, September 29.
American league, October 6.
Appalachian league, September 1.
Canadian league, September 1.
Central league, September 1.
Eastern association, September 7.
Federal league, September 14.
Kitty league, September 1.
International league, September 21.
Michigan State league, September 1.
National league, October 5.
Nebraska State league, September 8.
New Brunswick State league, September 6.
New England league, September 12.
New York-New Jersey league, September 1.
New York State league, September 15.
North Carolina league, September 3.
Northern league, September 1.
Northwestern league, September 28.
Ohio State league, September 21.
Pacific Coast league, October 26.
South Atlantic league, September 1.
Southern league, September 30.
Southern Michigan league, September 1.
Texas league, September 7.
Three-I league, September 7.
Tri-State league, September 3.
Union Association, September 17.
Virginia league, September 13.
Western Canada league, August 30.
Western league, October 5.
Western Tri-State league, September 1.
Wisconsin-Illinois league, September 7.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Off Day.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE

WAYCROSS 5, BRUNSWICK 2; WAYCROSS 7, BRUNSWICK 1

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Brunswick	000 000 200	2	8	1
Waycross	300 002 00x	5	8	4

Batteries—Hanther and Kite; Clark and Shuman. Time, 1:35. Umpire, McLaughlin.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Brunswick	000 001 000	1	4	1
Waycross	010 000 00x	1	5	0

Batteries—Stewart and Pierre; Faircloth and Shuman. Time, 1:40. Umpire, McLaughlin.

Thomasville 6, Valdosta 5.

Scores by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Valdosta	000 000 401	5	7	3
Thomasville	030 010 002	6	13	3

Batteries: Vandiford and Hurley and Utley; Davenport, Champlin and Wilkes. Umpire, Derrick.

Americus 2, Cordele 0.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Americus	200 000 00x	2	10	0
Cordele	000 000 000	0	8	0

Batteries—Pratt and Manchester; Hall and Bowden. Time, 1:30. Umpire, Gentle.

EMPIRE STATE LEAGUE CLOSES ITS SEASON

Americus, Ga., August 27.—(Special.) The empire state league season came to a close today, the winner of the second half being Americus, which will team up next week in the post-season series with Thomasville, winner of the race for the first place, to decide the pennant winner.

The attendance has been good and the season is regarded as a decided success by the league magnates.

FORMER CLEMSON STAR CERTAIN TO "GO UP"

Rome, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—Big league scouts are looking over John Cochran, left fielder of the Rome baseball team, and it is probable that he will be drafted off to the majors. Cochran is declared to be a second Ty Cobb, by his fellow players in the Appalachian league. He holds the league record for home runs, having knocked twenty this season in one hundred games. His batting average for the season to date is .397. Cochran is an old Clemson college player, and played last year with Bessemer in the Southeastern league.

NEWBORN QUESTIONS MADISON'S CLAIMS

Newborn questions Madison's right to the amateur baseball title of the state of Georgia and the championship of Georgia appears to be a joke. Madison, Ga., team has played 33 games this season, won 23, tied 2 and lost 6. Newborn does not claim to have played as many games, but has defeated the fastest semi-pro teams in the state. Newborn has played Lithonia, Decatur, East Point, Sparta, Jackson, McDonough, Fort McPherson, Monticello, Madison and others. It is true Newborn lost 4 out of 5 to Madison, two of these being lost by Newborn's pitcher in the first of the game, so as to make it look good for the team to reduce it. Why this blow came twice in succession the management is at a loss to know. Newborn defeated East Point 3 out of 3, and they, too, are claiming the amateur championship. The Newborn team challenges Madison to another series of three games and believe if the challenge is accepted the tale will be told a little differently.

Newborn, Ga., August 26, 1913.

Colored Auto Drivers Will Hold Race Meet At Speedway Monday

The Colored Labor Day association has arranged an automobile race meet at the local speedway for the week beginning Monday, which will be Labor day, for the benefit of Big Bethel church.

The entrants in the races are all chauffeurs for local business men and the several fast races will be run in certain.

Bill Jones will drive a Cole 30, Jessie Hawkins a Marmon and Jessie Hawkins will drive a National. Others driving will be Marmon and other entries that will be announced later.

Those drivers were on the speedway yesterday and averaged 75 miles an hour in their tryouts. They expect to speed that up for the races.

Costello, the only negro aviator in the world, will make flights every day during the week.

Congratulations in Order; Gil Price Has Birthday; Is Twenty-Four Today

Congratulations are in order. Gilbert Price, Atlanta crackerjack southpaw twirler, has a birthday today. Gil first saw the light of day at Lees-burg, Ga., August 28, 1889. He is twenty-four years old today.

Cochran 4, East Point 3.

Cochran, Ga., August 27.—(Special.) Cochran, by winning two out of three games from East Point, claims the state championship among the amateur games in a hair-splitting, fast and sensational game the last of a series of three with the crack team from East Point, Cochran 4 to 3.

The game throughout was replete with brilliant plays, daring base running and fast fielding. From the time the umpire called "play ball" until the last man was out in the ninth inning.

Score by innings:	R.	H.	E.
Cochran	000 001 05x	4	9	3
East Point	010 010 001	3	8	1

Batteries: Norris and Burns; Skelton, Dukes and Wise. Umpire, Coley.

M'NEIL BENEFIT AT MOTORDROME

Proceeds of Friday Night's Meet Will Be Sent to McNeil's Mother in Scotland.

Tomorrow night will be "Jock McNeil Night" at the local motordrome. All the proceeds of the races will go to dead rider's mother who is in Scotland.

The riders have donated their services, they will race their way into the motordrome that night and no admission. Any description will be honored at the gate.

The riders have arranged this meet to show the sorrowing mother how high they held Jock in their esteem and they ask the cordial support of the people of Atlanta in making the purse they will send to Scotland a large one.

The feature event of the night will be a special match race between Tex Richards, of Atlanta, Indian No. 22, and Monty Graves on his fleet Excelsior machine.

There is considerable rivalry between the riders and the local agents of the two machines. The riders have bet $50 and who ever wins will donate it to the fund that will be sent to Mrs. McNeil. The same applies to the local agents of the two machines.

An attractive program has been arranged for the evening. The record as far as we have been able to ascertain, after a close scrutiny of the records.

SOUTHERN CHAMPIONSHIPS.
(1 mile heats, 2 mile finals. 25 points for first, 15 for second and 10 for third.)
First heat: Swartz, Graves, Lewis and Glenn.
Second heat: Luther, Richards, Lockner and Renel.
SPECIAL MATCH.
(Best two out of three 1, 2 and 3 mile heats for a side bet of $50.)
First heat (1 mile): Graves vs. Richards.
Final: Sophmore.
SWEEPSTAKES.
(French point system, 10 for first, 6 for second, 3 for third: Heats 2, 4 and 6 miles.)
First heat: Two miles, Lockner, Renel, Swartz, Luther, Lewis and Glenn.
Second heat (2 miles): Special match race.
Second heat (4 miles): Sweepstakes.
Third heat (3 miles): Special match race.
Third heat (6 miles): Sweepstakes.

SPENCER WISHART BREAKS RECORDS

Elgin, Ill., August 27.—All previous practice records for the Elgin Automobile speedway were smashed during the tune-up for the Elgin national Sunday's races today when Spencer Wishart in a Mercer piloted his car two successive laps at 6:46 for the eight and a f

Traveling Salesmen Who Sell the Goods May Be Quickly Reached Through The Constitution Want Ads.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

All the News of Real Estate and Building

A meeting of the executive board of the Atlanta real estate board will be held today, noon, in the offices of Chas. P. Glover. At this time plans for the year will be outlined and Harris G. White, who was elected president a month or so ago, will present many of his views for ratification.

Among many of the questions to come up will be that of listing building property.

Livingston Listed With Grant.

The three-story Livingston apartments which is being erected at the south east corner of Peachtree and Willow street by James Livingston, has been placed with Grant Adams of the B. M. Grant Real Estate and Insurance company.

This building, when completed, will be one of the finest modern in the south. There are seventy-six apartments, three and four rooms, with all modern conveniences, such as electric lights, mechanical refrigeration, hot water heaters, etc., will be offered to the Atlanta public.

Fall Activity Commencing.

That business during the coming fall will be brisk is indicated by the manner in which business is picking up at the present time. In the past few days a large number of warranty deeds, loan deeds, etc., have come to record. Likewise there has been many activity in residence property, lodges and general small business.

The prospect of government money in local banks and big crops coming in, leads all to look for a good fall market, and when the first frosts of fall set in there should be a good revival of activities.

Small Loan Deed Given.

The Berry school of Rome has taken from John W. Hamer a loan deed for $3,000 on a piece of property on the south side of Piedmont avenue, 50 feet west of Piedmont avenue. The paper carried with it a potential right to a $4,320 foot alley for light and air purposes.

Half Interest Sold.

General Clifford L. Anderson has sold to the Atlanta Realty Investments company an undivided half-interest in the southwest corner of Boulevard and Cottingham avenue. The consideration not made public. General Anderson bought the half-interest from P. H. Mell for $5 cash and gave a $2,500 note due March 26, 1914, at 8 per cent interest.

Infirmary Mortgage Transaction.

A mortgage for $18,000 on the Talmadge Infirmary and Training School for Nurses, to Sydney B. Erlanger, of New York has been cancelled, and a mortgage for the same amount given to the Georgia Savings & Trust company. The property is 74x120 feet, on Luckie street, east of Barlow street.

Dakota Farms Auction Today.

The Edwin P. Ansley agency will hold their sale of farms this morning at 10 o'clock at Dakota, in Gordon county. Sixty choice farms will be sold at the easy rate of 10 per cent cash, and the balance from one to five years, at moderate rate of interest.

The land about Dakota is especially fertile, and offers an opportunity for a wide diversification of crops. Cotton, corn and other staple products thrive exceedingly well there, and it is thought that there will be an unusually large crowd present to bid upon the farms offered.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.
Warranty Deeds.

$2,900—W. H. Vaughn to P. F. Jackson, lot on the west side of Vaughn, 227 feet south of Simpson street, 42x140. August 26.

$2400—W. P. Hunnicutt et al. to Lewis, 100 acre in land lot 60, Seventeenth district. August 23.

$30—Estate of A. P. McCrary (by administrator) to Fanny Harris, lot on the south side of 75th street, 200 feet east of Wood avenue, 50x130. August 7.

$1,500—Mrs. Belle Dobbs to Claude D. Shaw, No. 150 Alexander street, 50x140. August 26.

$2,000—Rees Investment company to Mrs. Helen Hall, lot on the west side of Capitol street, 217 feet east of Washington street, 50x100. August 25.

$15,000—Southern Mortgage company to C. B. and L. M. Wilson, lot on the west side of Lucile avenue and Gordon street, 204x300. August 28.

$2,850—S. W. Sullivan to O. C. Lewis, lot on the west side of Grant street, 84 feet south of Georgia, 46x100. August 26.

$1,250—Charles J. Steverwald to Dora S. Whitaker, lot on the east side of Ormond street, 164 feet from Cedawith street, 41x100. August 12.

$1,000—W. C. Pease to C. A. Upchurch, lot on the south side of Glenwood avenue, 400 feet west of Capitol street, 40x100. August 26.

$2,000—Mrs. Nellie G. Ware to Mrs. Mattie Kaufmann, lot on the east side of Washington street, 100 feet south of Jefferson street, 50x200. August 8.

$2,500—P. S. Clark to Forrest H. Pinner, lot on the southeast corner of Margaret street and Jonesboro road, 50x150. August 26.

$12,500—Same to same, lot on the northwest corner of Hunter and Lee streets, 75x165. August 19.

$800—John Shannon to Phoenix Investment company, lot 150 feet east of the northeast corner of 22nd street and Dill avenue, 50x193. August 7.

$1,250—John D. Mattoon to May Dulia Fitzhoe, lot on the north side of Ninth avenue, 150

Continued on Page Twelve.

WANT AD RATES

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 8c a line
7 Insertions 5c a line

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count seven ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

PHONE MAIN

5000

OR ATLANTA

109

If You Can't Bring or Send Your Want Ad

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information, and if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

We ask that you do not unwittingly abuse this phone service. Accounts are opened for ads by phone solely to accommodate you. Make payments promptly after publication or when bills are presented by mail or solicitor, and you accommodate us.

INDEX TO WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

	Page.	Col.
Auction Sales	10	6
Automobiles	11	2
Barter & Exchange	11	3
Board & Rooms	11	4
Business Opportunities	10	5
Business and Mail Order Directory	10	7
Cast-off Clothing	10	6
Educational	10	6
For Sale—Miscellaneous	10	4
For Rent—Apartments	11	5
For Rent—Business Space	11	6
For Rent—Garages & Barns	11	6
For Rent—Houses	11	6
For Rent—Miscellaneous	11	6
For Rent—Offices	11	4
For Rent—Rooms	11	4
For Rent—Stores	11	5
For Rent—Typewriters	10	6
Funeral Notices	10	2
Help Wanted—Male	10	3
Help Wanted—Female	10	4
Horses & Vehicles	10	6
Hotels	10	6
Household Goods	10	6
Lost & Found	10	2
Medical	10	3
Money to Loan	10	5
Motorcycles & Bicycles	11	3
Music & Dancing	10	2
Personal	10	2
Public Stenographers	11	3
Professional Cards	10	2
Railroad Schedules	10	2
Real Estate for sale	11	7
Real Estate for Sale or Exchange	11	7
Resorts—Summer & Winter	11	6
Restaurants	11	3
Seed & Pet Stock	10	6
Situations Wanted—Male	10	4
Situations Wanted—Female	10	5
Stocks & Bonds	10	5
Storage & Warehouse	11	3
Taxicabs	11	7
Wanted—Apartments	11	7
Wanted—Board-Rooms	11	3
Wanted—Miscellaneous	11	4
Wanted—Money	10	6
Wanted—Real Estate	11	6
Wanted—Teachers	10	3

FUNERAL NOTICES.

COLLIER—Wheeler M. and Mrs. J. T. Wilson, Mrs. Mary Collier, Mrs. Cornelia Malone, Mrs. Ella Collier and Mr. Cornelia Malone, Little Graham Wilson, Thursday afternoon, August 28, at the residence of Mrs. Ella Collier, 1 Graham street, at 3 o'clock. Interment Oakland cemetery. Friends are invited to attend the funeral without further notice.

HOLLOWAY—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Holloway are invited to attend the funeral services of their infant son, Ben Holloway, Jr., at the home of the parents, 1 Hilliard street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment Westview cemetery. Arrangements are entrusted to the care of Patterson & Bradley.

HOLLOWAY—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Holloway are invited to attend the funeral services of their infant son, Ben Holloway, Jr., at the home of the parents, 1 Hilliard street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment Westview cemetery. Arrangements are entrusted to the care of J. P. Knight & Son.

BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
FUNERAL Directors, are now located in their new home, 246 Ivy street, corner Baker. Auto ambulance.

A. O. & ROY DONEHOO
FUNERAL PARLORS
59 Marietta St.
Phone M. 1847. Atlanta 410

SPRATLING IS DYEING
Mourning Black IN One DAY'S Notice
EXPRESS rate one way on all out-of-town orders amounting to $1.00.
ATLANTA STEAM DYE AND CLEANING WORKS
52 Auburn Ave. Ivy 2346. Atlanta 904

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.
Hugh M. Dorsey. Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210
Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 3023, 3024 and 3025, Atlanta, Ga.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Male fox terrier, black head with white body and tan spots; answers to name of Bob; liberal reward. Call Ivy 1611.

LOST—Gold watch, between Peachtree and Whitehall; reward. Call Ivy 1611. Liberal reward.

LOST—Silver master car key, 4 Yale size, 2 on 1 ring. Reward. Call Ivy 2000, Extension 2.

STOLEN—Saturday morning, mare mule; left ear clipped; about 1,000 pounds. Description on file at Chief of Police's office. Call Ivy 320 Euclid, Ivy 3880.

LOST—Diamond out of setting in town or on Washington car; liberal reward. 220 Washington, M. 3961-J.

LOST—Bunch of keys, between courthouse and Kiser building; reward for return. Hugh M. Dorsey.

LOST—Female terrier, lemon ears and tail. Last seen on Whitehall street. Return to 243 E. Hunter street. Jefferson.

LOST—Between East Point and Atlanta, check book to Bank automobile truck. Call E. P. 22

PERSONAL

PERSONAL NOTICE
ANY one who will furnish the address of confederate soldier who served in J. P. Jackson's Company, of Tallapoosa county, Alabama, will confer a favor on David H. Winn, who served in that company, and wishes to correspond with members of this company. Important. Address D. H. Winn, 1215 Summit Ave., Corsicana, Texas.

SONG is the time to have your last signed on a song writing contract. Try our methods and prove the fair they are well-known. The A. A. A. Song Writing Co., Suite 1, Gaskill Building, Sycamore st. Cincinnati & Cuba.

COMPOUND OXYGEN—Made daily for catarrh, hay fever, asthma, bronchitis, throat and lung sore. This is the season to be cured. Special reduced rates. Dr. or Mrs. George Brown, 312-14 Atlanta Trust building.

SHOES HALF SOLED, SEWED,
50 CENTS
At Gabriel's Shoe Shop, 6 Luckie St.
Opposite Federal Hotel. Both Phones

BE sure to consult Dr. Hall, the S. A. Chiropodist, Chiropractor & medical. Your switches 2 feet long for $1.00. Phone M. 2626. Work guaranteed. Whitehall street. Phone Main 1780. We sell switches.

W. C. PEASE MOVES brick and frame buildings, houses, buildings, Main 1495. Office, 10 North Nall Bank bldg. Main 1495. Phone M. Main 4900.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM — Private, refined home; ideal surroundings; patients cared for. Home provided for infants; infants for adoption. Dr. and Mrs. Hall, 26 Windsor street.

ATLANTA PORTRAIT CO.
120 WELLS STREET, wholesale dealers in portraits and frames. Catalogue free.

POEMS WANTED—Submit original poems for book of poems to be published immediately. Address Authors, Publishers, 1215 F. Buffalo, N. Y.

HAVE your pupils enrolled in the S. H. Clay's Company system. Results guaranteed. 561 Whitehall street. Handwriting, mimeoing, calculating, pitman. Phone Main 1769.

Continued on Next Page.

PERSONAL

THE BEST LAUNDRY WORK in town, both in cleanliness and finish. Give us a call; all work guaranteed. Empire Laundry, 41 Auburn avenue. Phone Ivy 632.

WE MAKE switches from combings, $1.00 each. 70½ Peachtree street. Mrs. Allie Callaher. Call Ivy 1966-J.

FOR best home-made cakes, delivered promptly, see or phone Southern Cake Co., Ivy 3407-J. 129 South Pryor street.

EMPIRE FISH MARKET
Phone QUALITY. 112 Whitehall street.

EXPERT manicurist will call at your home by appointment. Call Main 2296.

INMAN PARK FISH MARKET
Phone Fish, Ivy 490. Edgewood, Ad. 2062-J.

DR. COKER'S practice attended by Dr. Cook. Same phone.

WANT your front glass house cleaning call Ivy 3042.

HELP WANTED—Male
STORES AND OFFICES.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Good place for young man; stenography in Atlanta newspaper; practical; write me for over 24 years in business and can tell you of good openings; must be honest and industrious; steady work; moderate salary to start. Address, in own handwriting, Publisher, Box 1, Atlanta, Ga.

EXPERT manicurist will call at your home by appointment. Call Main 2296.

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

WE PAY that much at first. Let G. J. Branning tell you how. Learn trade. 12 weeks' course taught in half time of other colleges. Complete course in Electrical Engineering, Steam and Gas. Why pay more? Thousands of our graduates are earning big salaries making good wages. Atlanta Electrical College, 191 East Mitchell street.

YOU CAN WIN
A JOB—SCHOLARSHIP in Bookkeeping or Shorthand (including demonstration course) No. 1 Gaskill building. Call Ivy 1000, Ext. 1, for appointment. Call or write or phone for information. Address Gaskill Business College, Sycamore and Cuba.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; complete course in 6 weeks; wages; write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, 24 Luckie St., Atlanta, Ga.

FIRST-CLASS experienced man preferred for North Georgia territory. Auburn, to Northern Georgia territory. Auburn, to Northern Georgia territory. Auburn, to Northern

Many Good Motor Cars That Have Been Slightly Used Are Offered in The Constitution Want Ad Pages.

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY CONTINUED

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

EMORY WILLIAMS
GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER. Estimates gladly furnished. 1 bar and band's second-hand lumber. Patronage solicited. Office 110 Elgewood avenue.

CONTRACTING PLASTERER
MATERIAL CAREFULLY FURNISHED AND REPAIR WORK DONE BY EXPERTS. Both Phones Main 2734. Atlanta 5639 M. J. W. JAMES & CO. Office 211½ S Forsyth st.

COTTON WAREHOUSE.

FLEMING COTTON WAREHOUSE—Handles cotton on storage plan. Liberal advances. Harwell Butler Realty Co., 209½ N. Broad st.

CONTRACTING PLUMBER.

MONEY SAVED by having your plumbing material of Pickert Plumbing Company. We sell everything needed in the plumbing line. Prompt attention to repair work. 14½ East Hunter. Both phones 550.

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

If you have a roofing, porch or repair job, or you want a modern home, call Young & Vason, Main 2511. Estimates cheerfully given. Shop, 240 Whitehall. Main 1461.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.

PHONE MAIN 4006 for the best Cleaning, Pressing, Tailor, now located at 12 & W. Mitchell street. He does it the way you want it and guarantees it. Atlanta phone 1940.

WEST SIDE TAILORING, 1½ Marietta. Main 1469 WEST MITCHELL st. Atlanta 5067-A. We do dry cleaning, pressing and repairing of all kinds. Work called for and delivered. Great reduction in prices.

CARD SIGNS AND SCENIC PAINTING.

W. H. HAMLIN,
12½ W. Mitchell st.

CLEANING, DYEING AND PRESSING.

ATLANTA STEAM DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS, 52 Auburn avenue. Both phones 1260.

CARPET CLEANING.

HARRIS & CO.
RUGS cleaned and [illegible]. Carpets repaired and laid. Both phones 1260. 52 Auburn ave. J. Harris, Mgr.

FURNACES.

For the Original Monerief
FURNACE phone Mallory-Fatham Co., Main 5, Atlanta 5. Hunter st. Main 1. Main 1. Main 1

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

Grain.

No. 1 mixed oats	$ .78
Clipped oats	.76
Texas R. R. oats (new)	.75
White corn	1.10
Cottonseed meal	32.00
No. 2 middling cotton	14.00
Grits	1.60
Brown shorts	1.65
Tennessee meal	1.85
Georgia meal	1.85

Country Produce.

(Corrected by Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company, 57 South Broad Street.)

VEGETABLES

PINEAPPLES, real Spanish	$2.00@2.25
Alaska	$1.00
CALIFORNIA ORANGES, (all)	$3.75@4.00
FANCY GRAPEFRUIT	$4.00@4.50
BEANS, green, drum	$1.00
Wax	.90c
ONIONS, crate	$1.25
White, crate	$1.25
CABBAGE, crate	.50c
CELERY, dozen	.25c to 50c
FLORIDA CELERY, per crate	$3.00@3.50
POTATOES, white, bushel new crop	$1.00
Yellow, bushel new crop	$1.00
LEMONS, box	$6.00
EGG PLANT, crate	$1.50
TOMATOES, fancy, crate stock	50@75c
Choice	75@1.00
CUCUMBERS	$1.00
LETTUCE, drum	$1.75
SQUASH, yellow	$1.00
White	.90
PEPPER, 6-basket crate	$1.00
OKRA, crate, tender	$1.00@1.25

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Hens, live, pound	.12c
Friers, pound	.25c
Ducks	.25c
Eggs, dozen	.24c

Provision Market.

(Corrected by White Provision Co.)

sCRAPS—10 to 12 cents per pound	$ .20
ornfield hams, 12 to 14 average	.20
Cornfield hams, hams, 16 to 18 ave	.21
Cornfield picnic hams, 6 to 8 ave	.12
Cornfield picnic hams, 8 to 10 ave	.14
Cornfield breakfast bacon	.26
Cornfield bacon (wide and narrow)	.20
Cornfield fresh pork sausage in bulk, in 25-lb. buckets	.12½
Cornfield frankforts, 10-lb. boxes	.12½
Cornfield Bologna sausage, 25-lb boxes	.10
Cornfield luncheon ham, 10-lb. boxes	.14½
Cornfield smoked link sausage, 25-lb boxes	.10
Cornfield smoked link sausage in bulk, in 50-lb. ans	.12½
Cornfield frankforts in pork, 10-lb kits	.12½
Cornfield pure lard, tierce basis	.12½
Cornfield pure lard 50-lb. tins only	.12½
Compound lard, tierce basis	.10½
D. S. extra ribs	.12½
D. S. rib bellies, medium average	.13½
D. S. rib bellies, light average	.14

Groceries.

(Corrected by Calvary Grocery Company.)

Axle Grease—Diamond, $1.75; No. 1 Mica, $5.25; No. 2 Mica, $4.25.

Cheese—Alderney, 28½c.

Red Rock Ginger Ale—Quarts, $6; pints, $10; Red Strup, $1.50 per gallon.

Candy—Stick, 6½c; mixed, 7½c; chocolates, 12c.

Salt—100-lb bags, 70c; ice cream, 60c; 10st, 80c; 50 barrels, $2.25.

Arm and Hammer Soda, $3.60; keg soda, 2c; Royal baking powder, $4.50; No. 2, $5. Household, $4.50; Good Luck, $3.75; Success, $1.80. Rough Rider, $1.80.

Beans—Lima, 7½c; navy, 4c.

Ink—Carter's, 35c.

Jelly—3-lb. pails, $1.35, 4-oz., $2.70.

Matches—Diamond, 45c; safety, 65c; weather—White oak, 15c.

Pepper—Red, ground, 15c.

Flour—Elegant, $6.75; Diamond, $5.85; Self Rising, $5.60; Monogram, $5.35; Carnation, $5.25; Golden Grain, $4.85; Patrick, $4.75; Lily, $3.60.

Lard and compound—Cottolene, $7.20; Snowdrift, cases, $7.00; Flake White, 10½; Leaf, 12½; cases, 13c.

Rice—3½c to 8c grits, $2.35.

Sour Cherries—Per case, $1.40; keg, $12@15; keg, spiced, keg, $12.00; olives, 60c to $4.50 per dozen.

Extracts—10c floaters, 90c per dozen; 25c Soders, $2 per dozen.

Sugar—Granulated, 5.14; light brown, 4¾; dark brown, 4¾; domino, 5½c.

Atlanta Live Stock Market.

By W. H. Wilde Jr., of White Provision Co.

Choice to good steers, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.

Good steers, 800 to 1,000 pounds, $6.25 to $6.25.

Medium to good steers, 700 to 850 pounds, $5.00 to $5.50.

Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900 pounds, $4.75 to $5.50.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 800 pounds, $4.00 to $4.75.

Good to choice heifers, 750 to 850 pounds, $4.75 to $5.50.

Medium to good heifers, 650 to 750 pounds, $4.00 to $4.50.

The above represents ruling prices of good quality of beef cattle, corn fed grades and dairy types selling higher.

Medium to common steers, if fat, 800 to 900 pounds, $4.50 to $5.00.

Medium to common cows, if fat, 700 to 800 pounds, $3.50 to $4.00.

Mixed common, 600 to 800 pounds, $3.00 to $3.75.

Good butcher bulls, $3.25 to $4.00.

Prime bulls, 1600 to 2000 lbs, $4.50 to $4.75.

Good butcher bulls, 1400 to 1600, $4.50 to $4.50.

Good butcher bulls, 1200 to 1400, $4.00 to $4.25.

Light pigs 90 to 120, $7.50 to $8.00.

Heavy rough and mixed hogs, $7.00 to $8.00.

Fair supply of cattle on sale this week. About three loads from Tennessee, one of which were straight 1,000 pounders, where the other loads were mixed. Trade was very quick and active on the Atlanta market. Steers market ruled steady, cows strong and slightly higher on the better grades with medium and low grades about steady and unchanged.

Hog receipts normal, market unchanged.

"OLD BILL" IS MAKING STRONG BID FOR LIFE

Ten days ago the doctors at the state farm said that "Old Bill" Miner was about to make his last get-away. He was down in bed and incurable with gastritis, and his physicians believed that three days at the longest was the limit of "Old Bill's" stay at the farm.

But "Old Bill" suddenly fetched to, and opened his eyes wide.

"Naw!" he said. "I ain't croakin' yet." He's not, either, but the doctors say that he will never get out of bed again.

The shackles have been removed from "Old Bill's" legs, and Bill smiles and says:

"Well, they're safe now. I reckon I couldn't walk across the room, much less escape."

SOUTHERN COTTON OIL MEN MEET AT ANSLEY

About fifty members of the Southern Cotton Oil company met in Atlanta Wednesday and held a business meeting, consuming a larger part of the day. They held their sessions in the assembly hall of the Hotel Ansley. On September 8 another meeting will be held at the same place, when about twenty-five will be in attendance from the east. The meeting on the 8th on this occasion promises to be one of the best in the history of cotton oil.

ATLANTA STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

Continued from Page Ten.

feet east of Elm street, 50x195. July 6.

$900—Mrs. Della Ensley to M. O. Blackwell, same property. August 5.

$850—President Realty and Trust company to Miss Annie King, lot on the northeast corner of West Fourteenth street and Francis street, 46x158. January 19, 1911.

$2,200—Miss Annie King to J. B. Turman, lot on the northeast corner of McDonough road, 100x192. July 20, 1911.

$1,925—Same to same, lot on the west side of Lakewood avenue, 219 feet north of McDonough road, 100x163. August 12.

$750—West End Park company to S. C. Orr, lot on the west side of East Ontario avenue, 575 feet south of Gordon street, 50x220. August 21.

$9,000—James M. Johnson to C. L. DePree, lot on the west side of Myrtle street, 120 feet north of Fourth street, 60x187. August 26.

$300—John B. Dewes to Mrs. Sallie M. Rose, lot on the south side of Peachtree avenue, 101 feet east of Grand View avenue, 100x200. July 17, 1912.

$600—Same to same, lot on the east side of Grand View avenue, 100 feet north of Woodland avenue, 100x244. July 17, 1912.

$250—David A. Wheeler to C. E. Travis, lot on the east side of Acorn avenue, 850 feet north of Marsden's avenue, 50x152. December 1, 1912.

$2,250—Julius Smith to Charlie Thomas, lot on the north side of West Mitchell street, 195 feet east of Ashby street, 40x200. August 25.

Bonds for Title.

$1,500—W. M. Thurman to D. A. Wheeler, lot east side Acorn avenue, 850 feet north of Marsden avenue, 50x152. August 22, 1912.

$14,000—C. H. Ashford to Mrs. Jennie Ellendorf, lot east side Whitehall street, land lot 14, 100x387. August 26.

$12,000—Henry F. Harper to Robert D. Dorsey, northwest corner Fifteenth and Center streets, 50x140. April 30.

Transferred to Mrs. Ida G. Wilson. May 30.

$10,000—Same to same. Lot south side Fifteenth street, 100 feet west of Center street, 50x144. April 30.

Transferred to Mrs. Ida G. Wilson. May 30.

$10,000—Same to same. Lot north side Fifteenth street, 50 feet west of Center street, 50x140. April 30.

Transferred to Mrs. Ida G. Wilson. May 30.

$4,000—Jessie M. Liddell and Ruth E. Johnson to F. J. Kris, lot west side Piedmont avenue, land lot 76 and 77, being lot 28 of Liddell & Johnson subdivision, 60x241. June 2.

$2,600—Copehill land company to same, Lot south side Blue Ridge avenue, 310 feet east of Linwood avenue, 50x206. May 10.

$4,000—J. G. Tarbrough to Mrs. Dana Stephens, lot south side Greenwood avenue, 382 feet west of Highland avenue, 50x200. August 26.

$4,010—P. H. Mell to Clifford L. Anderson, half interest in lot southeast corner South Boulevard and Cottingham avenue, 310x175. March 30, 1910.

Transferred to Atlanta Banking and Savings company. August 25.

Loan Deeds.

$500—Frances Wallace to C. A. Nix, lot on east side Jackson street, 334 feet north of Ponce de Leon avenue, 42x140. August 23.

$18,000—Tabernacle Infirmary and Training School for Nurses to Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, the building known as the Tabernacle infirmary, on Luckie street, 53 feet east of Harlow street, 74x130. June 21.

Trustee's Deed.

$16,000—James S. Floyd, as trustee for Alex Linder Lumber company, bankrupt, to Thomas Hilton, lot on west side South Pryor street, at rights-of-way of Southern railway, 200x285 feet. July 29.

Quit-Claim Deeds.

$004—Georgia Improvements Incorporation to Morris Cohen, lot on southeast corner Humphries and Liberty streets, 50x70 feet. August 25.

$1—Mrs. Annie J. Chipman to W. R. Tichenor, No. 52 Rosalia street, 30x150 feet. August 22.

$25—Atlanta Casket company to Natalie and Seaborn Lee, lot on south side Pryor street, 37 feet west of Martin street, 30x61 feet. August 25.

$10—Natalie and Seaborn Lee to Atlanta Casket company, lot adjoining above property. August 26

Mortgages.

$500—L. W. Wells to C. A. Nix, lot 454 of subdivision of northwest Atlanta, 50x140 feet. August 22.

$300—Mrs. Matilda J. Gaunt to Mrs. Leah Well, No. 36 Whitehall Terrace, 45x86 feet. August 18.

$120—Mrs. Mary D. Patton to Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, No. 59 and 61 Krog street, 33x133 feet. August 26.

$322—W. B. Bell to Atlanta Banking and Savings company, No. 192 North Butler street, 47x135 feet. August 18.

$2,000—Clifford L. Anderson to same, lot on southeast corner South Boulevard and Cottingham avenue, 310x175 feet. August 26.

$826—Ed Baker to same, lot on west side Smith street, 275 feet south of Mary street, 25x103 feet; also, lot on west side McDaniel street, 1200 feet from Gardner street, 50x160 feet. July 28.

Building Permits.

$1,500—To H. F. Coolidge, 175 Little street, to build two-story frame dwelling. Day work.

$120—To Dr. Upchurch, rear 362 Pulliam street, to move and underpin; W. C. Pease, contractor.

$46—To Solibs Pharmacy, 196 Marietta street, to erect gas sign; Atlanta Gas Light company, contractors.

$3,250—To A. R. Dyer, 35 Cascade avenue, to build one-story frame dwelling; C. Shelverton, contractor.

$190—To Third National Bank, Marietta and Broad streets, to erect metal sign. Day work.

$75—To W. Kennedy, 271 North avenue, to add and repair. Day work.

$50—To S. D. Clay, 4 Marigault street, to build bath room. Day work.

$50—To Providence B. Clo., 32 Greenseferry avenue, to repair. Day work.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR RENT—Houses FOR RENT—Houses.

FOR RENT.

CHAS. P. GLOVER REALTY COMPANY

2½ WALTON STREET.

14-R H.	173 Luckie St.	$37.50	7-R H.	93 Elmira St.	$45.00
12-R H.	164 W North Ave.	55.00	7-R H.	95 Piedmont Ave.	55.00
12-R H.	577 Washington St.	50.00	7-R H.	55 W. Peachtree place	60.00
11-R H.	78 E North Ave.	60.00	6-R H.	293 E. Georgia Ave.	27.50
10-R H.	161 Ponce de Leon Ave.	75.00	6-R H.	108 Mansfield Ave.	25.00
10-R H.	235 W. Peachtree St.	60.00	6-R H.	218 E. Georgia Ave.	25.00
9-R H.	81 E. North Ave.	55.00	6-R H.	457 Highland Ave.	35.00
9-R H.	87 E. Merritts Ave.	42.50	6-R H.	87 Elmira St.	40.00
8-R H.	108 East Avenue	40.00	6-R H.	37 W. Boulevard Duplex	27.50
8-R H.	125 Myrtle St.	55.00	6-R H.	28 Queen St.	27.50
8-R H.	164 Fairlie St.	45.00	5-R H.	Apt. 9 Piedmont Apts.	25.00
8-R H.	215 S. Pryor St.	40.00	5-R H.	Apt. Bell Apts.	40.00
8-R H.	167 Capitol Ave.	42.50	4-R Apt.	Corinthian Apts.	40.00
7-R H.	537 Boulevard	45.00	4-R Apt.	Bell Apts.	40.00

DON'T WORRY—WE HAVE IT—LET US SHOW YOU.

FOR RENT BY EDWIN P. ANSLEY

BELL PHONE IVY 1600. ATLANTA 363.

Location	Rooms	Price.	Location	Rooms.	Price.
69 Luckie St.	35	$200.00	45 Walker St.	$	$ 30.00
East Lake	11	75.00	289 Euclid Ave.	7	35.00
358 Whitehall St.	9	60.00	280 Courtland St.	6	32.50
115 E. Eleventh St.	9	75.00	282 Courtland St.	6	32.50
684 Washington St.	8	70.00	314 Oakland Ave.	4	17.50
562 N. Jackson St.	8	50.00	292 Spring St.	4	20.00

EDWIN P. ANSLEY

Two-Room Suites in the Ponce de Leon Apartments

IN THIS building we have, on the Ponce de Leon curve, suites on each floor, consisting of living room, bedroom and tile bath. These are most desirable in every way, and with the safe and sane fire building they are particularly desirable for couples. These are being rapidly taken, as the rental is very attractive. References required in every instance.

B. M. GRANT & COMPANY

FOR RENT—Apartments FOR RENT—Apartments

APARTMENTS FOR RENT

THE OGLETREE, 229 Washington Street, third floor; 7 rooms; strictly first-class. September 1. $65.00.

THE GEORGIAN, Ivy and Harris Streets; 5 rooms each. Just put in first-class shape. $42.50 and $45.00.

See LIEBMAN

17 WALTON STREET.

APARTMENTS THREE AND FOUR ROOMS IN THE BOSCOBEL AND EUCLID

CORNER EUCLID AVE. AND HURT ST.

ABSOLUTELY the best up-to-date, steam heated, with every modern convenience; three and four-room apartments in the city. The Euclid has been finished. It has wall beds, wall security safes. Price $30, $32.50 and $35. The building closed UNENCELLED.

FITZHUGH KNOX

1613 CANDLER BUILDING

APARTMENTS FOR RENT CORINTHIAN—BELL

IN THE BELL, Corner North Boulevard and Ponce de Leon, we have one 4-room and one 5-room apartment for rent.

IN THE CORINTHIAN, 136 West Peachtree, one 4-room and one 5-room apartment for rent.

BOTH OF these apartments are strictly modern and are steam-heated. Apply

CHAS. P. GLOVER REALTY CO.

PHONE IVY 3250. 2½ WALTON STREET.

FOR RENT—Stores FOR RENT—Stores

FOR RENT

397 PEACHTREE STREET

AN EXCELLENT store for retail purposes. Fine basement and plenty of space in rear of building.

TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN

SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE BUILDING

REAL ESTATE—For Sale. REAL ESTATE—For Sale.

"PUT YOUR SAVINGS IN LAND" SMALL FARMS NEAR THE CITY

15 ACRES ON JONESBORO ROAD, six miles from city. On Fort Valley branch of Southern Railway, having station in few feet of property. Land in high state of cultivation. Two good 3-room houses, and barn on land. No loan. Price and terms given at our office.

40 ACRES ON EXPOSITION ROAD, eight miles from city. 20 acres in cultivation, balance in woods with some bottom land. Six-room house in good repair, barns and tenant houses. This land watered by two springs and a creek along the rear line of the property, furnishing some fine bottoms. No loan. Price, $5,000, or will exchange for small cottage in the city.

10 ACRES ON PEYTON ROAD five miles from city. One and a half miles from end car line. Good house and barn, fine water. Ideal location for dairy or chicken farm. Price only $2,750. See this and be convinced that it is a real bargain.

THE L. C. GREEN CO.

305 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. PHONES: IVY 2943, 4546.

FOR SALE

INMAN PARK—On one of the best streets, we have a practically new bungalow, with six rooms on well shaded level lot, 50x150. Price, $3,900, on terms.

PIEDMONT AVENUE—In the best home section we have a 2-story, 8-room house, with sidecast front. It has all modern improvements, including furnace heat. Price, $7,750, on terms.

WASHINGTON STREET—An elegant 2-story home on large corner lot, with fine shade trees. This is on the best part of the street, and is priced way under its real value. You will have to see this beautiful home to appreciate it. It has everything.

PONCE DE LEON AVENUE—A beautiful brick veneer home. Price, $13,500.

A PIECE OF RENTAL PROPERTY close in paying 14 per cent.

W. T. NEWMAN & COMPANY

MAIN 4211. 904 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

FOR RENT—Houses REAL ESTATE—For Sale.

W. A. FOSTER & RAYMOND ROBSON

Bell Phones 1031-1032. 11 EDGEWOOD AVE. Atlanta Phone 1881.

FOR RENT

8 R. H.	85 Ormond	$12.00
8 R. H.	41 Gordon Ave.	30.00
6 R. H.	116 E. Ellis	25.00
6 R. H.	250 E. Ga. Ave.	21.00
6 R. H.	109 Mangum	20.00
6 R. H.	17 Lucile Ave.	20.00
6 R. H.	Oak Street, Dec.	25.00
6 R. H.	30 Ormond	27.50
6 R. H.	369 Cherokee Ave. Apart.	27.50
6 R. H.	Harvard and Maiden Lane	20.00
6 R. H.	Harlee St. Kirk	25.00
6 R. H.	62 Candler St.	27.50
6 R. H.	621 Capitol	22.50
6 R. H.	300 E. Cain	30.00
5 R. H.	670 Central	25.00
5 R. H.	22 Park Place	22.50
5 R. H.	5c Lucile	20.00
5 R. H.	5 Kenyon Ave.	20.00
5 R. H.	Boulevard, DeKalb	12.50
5 R. H.	35 Hilliard and Martin	20.00
5 R. H.	22 Harwell	12.50
5 R. H.	210 Lake Ave.	20.00
5 R. H.	5 Marietta Rd.	12.50
5 R. H.	146 No. Ave. Flat	20.00
5 R. H.	35 W. Boulevard DeKalb	22.50
5 R. H.	35 Bradley Ave.	20.00
5 R. H.	144 Highland Ave. Apart.	40.00
5 R. H.	371 Fraser	15.00

IF YOU ARE looking for a beautiful home or to build a home on we have one in Atoller Park at a bargain. See Mr. Cohen.

FOR SALE

WE HAVE a real home of eight rooms with every modern convenience on one of the best north side avenues, near West Peachtree and Pershing Point for $7,000. This is a sacrifice, as owner is moving away from the city. It will pay you to investigate this. See Mr. Frederick or Mr. Ballard.

IN THE EAST LAKE section, convenient to both the city and East Lake cars, is a 6-room house, built of good material, but not modern. Two-room screened in porch. On a double corner lot, 100x200 feet. $2,100 will buy it. The lot alone is worth $1,500. Moderate this place and you will have a splendid home place that will bring a good profit. See Mr. Bradshaw.

40-ACRE FARM convenient to Stone Mountain quarry. Fine improvements, but good land. Plenty of woods. This, for $75 per acre. Also 20 acres in Redan Road, 14 miles from Atlanta, 40 acres in Stone Mountain. Some bottom land and some beautiful woods land. No improvements. Price for $40 per acre. See Mr. Hook.

IN THE thriving little town of Smyrna, Ga., the coming suburb of Atlanta on Marietta car line and W. & A. railroad, situated on large shade trees, we have for sale a 6-room cottage with plenty of porch room. We recommend these for either homes or investment. See Mr. Lee.

YOU ARE requested to inspect Nos. 184, 190 and 194 Stark avenue. These are 5 and 6-room cottages, on elevated, shaded lots, fronting the car line. Must be sold quickly. Low prices and easy terms. We will submit any offer. See Mr. White.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale. REAL ESTATE—For Sale.

EDWIN L. HARLING

REAL ESTATE 32 EAST ALABAMA STREET. BOTH PHONES 1257.

NORTH SIDE HOME—In one of the best 6th side streets near Ponce de Leon avenue and convenient to the North Avenue car, we have a strictly modern, well heated home that we offer for $7,500. We will take in part payment a small piece of property on a good vacant lot. See us at once if you are in the market for a home. Possession at once. This will not hang around long.

SOUTH PRYOR STREET CORNER—Close in on South Pryor street, we offer for a quick sale a 2-story 8-room house, with 2-room cottage in rear. Lot 50x200. Rents for $50 per month for the two. Price $6,000, $500 cash, balance to suit. This property will rent for more than the interest on the money. Don't you think that $1,000 in the bank will make more cash at 6 per cent than the balance.

GRANT PARK COTTAGE—On Milledge avenue, right in the park, we offer a 6-room cottage, lot 50x170, for $3,250. This is a bargain, and for a quick sale. If you are in the market for a home we want you to submit us an offer as to terms.

HAPEVILLE ACREAGE—In the city of Hapeville we have an 8-acre tract with a new 6-room bungalow, with bath, on it. Price $7,000, $500 cash, balance $50 per month. This is on one of the best driveways leading out from Hapeville. If you will let us show you this piece of property and you are in the market for an investment, you will not think it our price and terms.

INVESTMENT

$2,000 CASH turns the deal and puts you in possession of a piece of negro renting property paying 14 per cent. This property is located on the north side, and a main street, too. Has never been vacant. House two years old.

12 PER CENT STORE PROPERTY

IS WITHIN three blocks of Peachtree street, on a corner, and leased for 6½ years at $600.00 per year. Price, $7,500. $1,500 cash, balance $100.00 per month. Both pieces are sure to enhance in value.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?
SEE

W. L. & JOHN O. DUPREE

REAL ESTATE. EMPIRE BLDG.
BELL PHONE MAIN 3457.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, $2,250

WE HAVE a new five-room cottage, just being completed, on lot 50x150 to alley, that we can sell for $2,250 on very easy terms.

PITTMAN CONSTRUCTION CO.

PHONE 4327. 202-5 RHODES BLDG.

Fulton County Home Builders

WELL FINANCE your building idea. We'll help you secure or pay for the lot you have. We'll draw your plans. We'll build you a home. We then meet your reasonable requirements for repayment. We are building for scores of other people, not for you?

WE ARE BUILDING a classes of houses, small and large bungalows and palatial residences. Our different inspectors, with their respective foremen and mechanics, are each qualified for their special class of building. Let us show you.

Fulton County Home Builders

E. C. CALLAWAY, President. J. W. WILLS, Secretary.
BENJ. PADGETT, JR., Superintendent of Construction.
629-30 CANDLER BUILDING. PHONE IVY 4674.

L. O. TURNER CO.

MAIN 5202. 1217 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

41 ORLEANS STREET—Five-room cottage, three doors off Grant street. Price, $2,200. Terms, $200 cash and $25 a month.

EAST GEORGIA AVENUE, NEAR GRANT STREET—Best block, 6-room cottage on swell lot, elevated just right. For few days $3,500, $500 cash and $25 a month.

LUCILE AVENUE—Vacant lot, $850; $250 cash, balance about $200 a year.

ELMIRA PLACE—Swell bungalow of six rooms, hardwood floors and piped for furnace. Price, $5,000. Terms.

SALESMEN.
JOHN WESLEY COOPER AND H. C. BLAKE.

BEN W. L.
GRAHAM & MERK

319 EMPIRE BUILDING. MAIN 4376.

RODGERS STREET.

6-ROOM HOUSE and lot 47x250, $2,250, $200 cash, balance $20 per month.

SOUTH WARREN STREET, KIRKWOOD.

$1,700 WILL BUY good 6-room house and lot 100x200 or more. Electric lights. Only $500 cash, balance easy.

WOODWARD AVENUE.

8-ROOM HOUSE, lot 50x160, for $3,500, on terms.

WEST TENTH STREET.

5-ROOM HOUSE and bath, with lot 50x150, $3,500, $500 cash, balance easy.

W. M. JEFFERIES, R. W. PARRIS and W. WITHERS, Salesmen.

THE R. E. EASTERLIN

PRINTING AND ENGRAVING COMPANY
Hallman Building, 10½ PEACHTREE. Phone: Ivy 4121-L.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale. REAL ESTATE—For Sale.

GEO. P. MOORE

REAL ESTATE AND RENTING
Real Estate Row. 10 Auburn Ave.

PIEDMONT AVENUE, and fronting Piedmont Park, an 8-room home, on lot 100x150, for $8,000. Lots in this block are worth $3,000 each. Can arrange some terms.

EAST LINDEN STREET, in second block from Peachtree Street, 8-room house, with cool exposure. This place is considered in easy walking distance. Price, $6,500.

BUNGALOW HOME on the choice part of St. Charles Avenue. Price, on terms, $6,400.

TENTH STREET, off of West Peachtree, brand-new 2-story, 8-room, furnace-heated house. Place is beautiful. Has east front, $6,000. Terms like rent.

FOURTH WARD—Negro investment property. Rents for $8.10 per month. Price, $850.

CORNER of Glenn and Crew Street, brand-new bungalow, with all modern improvements, including furnace heat. This house is part of the Burkhart property, and is considered close in. Price is only $4,250, on terms.

INMAN PARK, corner of the two best streets out there. Magnificent 2-story, 10-room home. House has two baths, furnace, slate roof, etc. Lot 100x200. This site will be worth big money some day for apartment purposes. House is fitted to lot so that you could build apartment now and not interfere with present building. This property is well worth $12,000, but to wind up estate will sell for $8,000.

B. F. BURDETTE REALTY CO.

413-14 EMPIRE BUILDING. BOTH PHONES 2099.

SACRIFICE new Ponce de Leon home. Owner leaving city for business reason. This is furnace-heated, hardwood floors, clothes chute, sleeping porch. This is what you've been looking for—a fine home at a sacrifice. We can't give number and price, but if you mean business we will show you. Our terms are $2,500 cash, balance $1,250 annually.

FOURTEENTH STREET, between the Peachtrees. One of the best homes in this high-class section to exchange for acreage suitable for subdivision. Practically new 2-story, 9-room house on lot 50x180 feet to alley. Hardwood floors, furnace heat, servant's room, cement driveway and garage.

$25 CASH, $20 PER MONTH

$3,250—In one of the best suburbs of the city we offer you a 6-room cottage, lot 70x212, fronting the car line and convenient to churches and schools.

HARPER REALTY CO.

717 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BLDG.
Bell Phone Ivy 4286. Atlanta Phone 672.

ANSLEY PARK

ON INMAN CIRCLE, Ansley Park, we have a beautiful 2-story, 8-room house with every city convenience, sleeping porch, furnace heat, basement, convenient to car line. Price, $13,000.

J. R. J. H.
SMITH & EWING

IVY 1513. 130 PEACHTREE STREET. ATL. 2865.

GOOD MIDDLE GEORGIA FARM

300-ACRE improved farm in Monroe county, about three miles of Forsyth, Ga. High state cultivation. Forty acres good bottom land. Four good tenant houses. This is a good, fertile farm, and a bargain at the price of $15.00 per acre. Only $4,500. Think of it and investigate this at once if you want to buy a good producing farm cheap.

GEORGIA HOME & FARM CO.

114 CANDLER BUILDING.

ANNOUNCEMENT

WE ARE moving today into our new offices—No. 54 Peachtree street.

WE WILL be pleased to have you make our new home your headquarters.

HURT & CONE

REAL ESTATE—INSURANCE—INVESTMENTS
54 PEACHTREE ST. PHONE IVY 2939.

PONCE DE LEON AVENUE BARGAIN

THE CLASSIEST HOUSE on the street at the price. First floor, five rooms, which includes beautiful palm room. Second floor, four bedrooms and large sleeping porch. Large servant's and trunk room in basement. Large bath room, tile floor, with enamel tile on all sides, running from floor to ceiling. Finest chandeliers and other fixtures; handsome brick mantels in dining room and library; French doors throughout house; large closets and dressing rooms. Toilets on every floor, including basement. Cement driveway leading from street to rear yard. House screened throughout; garage, etc. Every conceivable convenience. On beautiful lot 50x200 feet. Price, $12,500. Terms arranged.

R. C. WOODBERY & CO.

REAL ESTATE. 317 EMPIRE BUILDING. PHONE: MAIN 72.

PIEDMONT CREST.

IN PIEDMONT CREST I have the most desirable subdivisions near Atlanta. Large beautiful shaded lots from $750 to $1,000. All improvements. Very easy terms.

T. M. FINCHER

No. 1520 CANDLER BLDG. IVY 5213.

BIG MONEY MAKER

RIGHT IN TOWN, and on Marietta street, we are offering the Orpheum theater, on a lot 66x200 to S. A. L. railroad, at a sacrifice. If you ever intend making money in your life, buy this at a price far below the market. It is a 4-story building and a sure bargain. See us at once for a price and terms.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.

THIRD NAT'L BANK BLDG. PHONE IVY 1276—ATL. 808.

COTTON NERVOUS AND UNSETTLED

Market Closed Firm at Net Gain of 16 to 23 Points. Private Crop Reports Contributed to the Advance.

New York, August 27.—The cotton market was extremely nervous and unsettled today. Trading continued very active, but was hardly as general as earlier in the week, and there was evidently heavy realizing on advances. This caused rather sharp reactions, but buying was aggressive in the late trading, with rumors that some of the sold-out longs were replacing their lines, and last prices were firm at a net gain of 16 to 23 points. October contracts sold at 12.20, or into new high ground for the movement, while later deliveries recovered to practically the best level of Tuesday.

The reactionary tendency which developed yesterday afternoon was reflected in today's opening prices at Liverpool, but the market there rallied sharply and the start here found a good supply of buying orders around the ring. First prices were 20 points higher on August, and from 4 to 5 points higher on later months, with new crop positions selling 14 points above last night's close during the first few minutes.

A private crop report, making the condition 73.9, against 83 last month, contributed to this advance, but offerings soon became very heavy, and the market eased off 10 or 11 points from the best during the morning. Reactionary sentiment was encouraged by rains in the eastern half and a favorable review of crop conditions in Georgia and the Carolinas, but the day's detailed reports showed record-breaking temperatures in the southwest, while a Chicago house issued a condition report of 61.5, and there were rumors that the report of the National Ginners' association would make the condition 69.3. These features were credited with checking the selling movement, to some extent, and the market was very firm late in the day, with active months 15 to 24 points net higher.

Cotton spot quiet, middling uplands, 12.55; do, gulf, 12.80; sales, none.

SPOT COTTON.

Atlanta—Nominal, middling 12¾.

Macon—Steady, middling 11¾.

Augusta—Steady, middling 11¾.

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts 18,987, gross 19,887, sales 650, stock 90,431, exports to France 6,000, to continent 6,052.

New Orleans—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts 5,000, gross 5,000, sales 342, stock 16,928, exports coastwise 50.

Mobile—Steady, middling 11¾, net receipts 418, gross 448, sales 200, stock 2,040, exports coastwise 1,000.

Savannah—Firm, middling 12, net receipts 1,247, gross 1,247, sales 1,000, stock 41,482, exports to continent 150, coastwise 740.

Charleston—Nominal, net receipts 20, gross 20, sales none, stock 4,722.

Wilmington—Nominal, stock 4,772.

Norfolk—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts 132, gross 132, sales 50, stock 6,491, exports coastwise 400.

Baltimore—Nominal, middling 12¾, stock 2,484.

New York—Quiet, middling 12.55, net receipts none, gross 4,110, sales none, stock 33,488, exports coastwise 1,000.

Boston—Quiet, middling 12.50, net receipts none, gross none, sales none, stock 1,247.

Philadelphia—Steady, middling 12.80, stock 1,576.

Total Wednesday at all ports, net 22,128, consolidated at all ports net four days, 86,641. Total since September 1 at all ports net 9,060,544.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts 11,606, gross 11,606, shipments 12,152, sales 4,434, stock 92,079.

Augusta—Steady, middling 12, net receipts 342, gross 342, shipments 787, sales 150, stock 6,764.

Memphis—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts 1,582, gross 1,582, shipments 787, sales 150, stock 11,077.

St. Louis—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts none, gross 200, shipments 200, sales 111, stock 6,196.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 42, shipments 419, sales none, stock 577.

Little Rock—Steady, middling 12¾, net receipts 3, gross 3, shipments 200, sales none, stock 5,478.

Movement of Grain.

St. Louis, August 27.—Receipts of wheat 58,000, corn 72,000, oats 47,000; shipments, wheat 22,000, wheat to arrive, oats 83,000.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, August 27.—Cotton had a very steady undertone and the new crop months at their highest point, about $1.50 per bale over the spot month, showed most erratic fluctuations, which at times were as much as $2 per bale in full count. In the early part of the session August went to 12.20 and September to 12.22, but close to the day's low figures. Subsequent liquidation of the remaining short interest, with a few new sales made on the bulge, left them at the closing price was 12.75 bid.

The above figures are 20 points up on August and 6 to 7 points up on September and October. For a time the experts in August attracted some attention, there being a report in circulation that provision to make a leading factor in the July-August option. Some of the early new crop went 10 to 11 points up, but afterwards lost all of this and closed 5 to 6 points net higher. Later there was another advance of 15 points over yesterday's last quotations. August was influenced by the strength in the new crop months and is steady at a net advance of 14 to 16 points on the new crop months.

The weather map continued dry and the forecast was of quite fair weather for the cotton sections of the belt. Crop accounts were bullish and no new private reports were received up to August 27. These reports ranged from 73 to 80.3, indicating decided deterioration during the months of August.

Spot cotton steady and unchanged; middling 12 9-16; sales on the spot 342; to arrive none, low ordinary 8 13-16, ordinary 9¾, strict ordinary 11¾, good ordinary 12¾, strict low middling 12 middling 12 15-16, middling fair 13, strict good middling 12 11-16, strict good middling 12¾, middling fair 13 5-16, net receipts 5,000, gross 5,000, fair 13 11-16, nominal; fair 14 1-16, nominal; receipts 388; stock 16,928.

Gibert & Clay.

New York, August 27.—During the early part of today the market ruled steady at an advance of about 20 points, due to the demand from trade interests. Domestic spinners bought rather freely late yesterday and continued their buying today. On the other hand, Liverpool reports a poor demand for spot cotton and the unfavorable short interest in the American market appears to be pretty well covered for the present. However, until the crop movies freshens, any inclement buying will affect prices favorably, as in the absence of bodes selling sales are limited to realizing by those holding the remnant of the old crop.

COTTON FUTURES MARKETS.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Aug.	12.38	12.39	12.30	12.39	12.30-40	12.18-22
Sept.	12.15	12.15	12.05	12.15	12.23-25	12.02-04
Oct.	12.00	12.20	11.99	12.19	12.19-20	11.91-97
Nov.	11.94	11.99	11.94	11.96	12.07-09	11.86-90
Dec.	11.98	12.10	11.98	12.08	12.09-10	11.92-95
Jan.	11.86	12.01	11.84	12.01	12.00-01	11.82-83
Feb.	11.90	11.90	11.90	11.90	12.02-04	11.84-86
Mar.	12.00	12.10	11.99	12.08	12.08-10	11.92-94
May	12.01	12.19	12.01	12.16	12.16-17	11.96-97

Closed firm.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Aug.	12.25	12.70	12.06	12.06	12.06	12.06-09
Sept.	12.13	12.15	12.13	12.15	12.32	12.07-08
Oct.	12.04	12.17	11.97	12.14	12.14-15	11.96-99
Nov.					12.11-13	11.94-96
Dec.	12.04	12.15	11.93	12.12	12.12-13	11.96-98
Jan.	12.06	12.19	11.99	12.16	12.14-15	12.00-01
Feb.					12.16	11.98-12
Mar.	12.17	12.26	12.12	12.26	12.27-28	12.11-13
May	12.26	12.38	12.18	12.35	12.36-38	12.20-22

Closed steady.

BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, registered	98
do. reg. 2s, coupon	98
do. 3s, registered	102
do. 3s, coupon	102
do. 4s, registered	127½
do. 4s, coupon	128½
Panama 2s, coupon	99
Allis-Chalmers 1st 5s, bid	48
American Agricultural 5s	94½
American Ice Securities 5s	94
American Tobacco 6s, bid	115
Armour and Co. 4½s	96½
Atchison gen. 4s	96½
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	96½
do. cv. 4s	96½
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	96½
Baltimore and Ohio 4s, bid	96½
do. 3½s	96½
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s	96½
Central of Georgia 5s	96½
Central Leather 5s	96½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	96½
do. 4½s	96½
Chicago and Alton 3½s	96½
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific joint 4s	96½
do. gen. 4s	96½
Chicago, Mil. and St. P. cv. 4s	96½
Chicago, Mil. and St. P. gen. 4s	96½
do. 4½s	96½
Colorado and S. ref. and ext. 4½s, bid	96½
Delaware and Hudson cv. 4s, bid	96½
Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s	96½
do. 4s	96½
Erie prior lien 4s	96½
do. gen. 4s	96½
do. 4s series H	96½
Great Northern 1st ref. 4s	96½
Interborough Met. 4½s	96½
Inter. Mer. Marine 4½s	96½
Japan 4s, bid	96½
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	96½
Lake Shore gen. 3½s, bid	96½
Louis. and Nashville un. 4s	96½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 1st 4s	96½
do. 4s	96½
Missouri Pacific 4s, bid	96½
do. 4s	96½
National Rys. of Mexico 4½s, bid	96½
New York Central gen. 3½s	96½
do. 3½s	96½
New York, N. H. and Hartford cv. 3½s, bid	96½
Norfolk and Western 1st con. 4s	96½
do. 4s	96½
Northern Pacific 4s	96½
do. 3s	96½
Oregon Short Line 1st 4s	96½
Penn. cv. 3½s (1915)	96½
do. 3½s (1916)	96½
Reading gen. 4s	96½
St. Louis and San Francisco fd. 5s	96½
do. 4s, bid	96½
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s, bid	96½
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s, bid	96½
Southern Pacific col. 4s	96½
do. 4s	96½
do. cv. 4s	96½
Southern Railway 5s, bid	96½
do. gen. 4s	96½
Union Pacific 4s	96½
do. 4s	96½
do. 1st and ref. 4s, bid	96½
United States Steel 10-60 2d	96½
United States Steel 50-year 5s	96½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s	96½
Wabash 1st 5s	96½
do. deb. B	96½
Western Maryland	96½
Western Pacific 5s	96½
Westinghouse Electric 5s	96½
Wheeling & Lake Erie 4s	96½

Total sales for the day, 1,990,000 shares.

Stocks recording sales of 10,000 and more shares were:

Amalgamated Copper			11,100
American Agricultural			14,700
Atchison			20,900
Baltimore and Ohio			10,500
United States Steel			31,500

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, August 27.—Cotton spot quiet and steady; sales 6,000, including 4,000 American and 1,000 for speculation and export. Receipts, 6,000, including 5,000 American. Futures closed firm.

	Opening Range	Close	Prev. Close.
August	6.74	6.62½	6.44
August-September	6.49	6.50	6.32
September-October	6.41	6.43½	6.50½
October-November	6.37½	6.39	6.47
November-December	6.33	6.41	6.42½
December-January	6.32	6.41	6.42½
January-February	6.33	6.41½	6.43
February-March	6.35	6.43	6.44
March-April	6.36½	6.45½	6.47
April-May	6.37½	6.45½	6.47
May-June	6.39	6.46	6.47½
June-July			6.46

Closed firm.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, August 27.—There was an active trade and a sharp early break in near positions, with the usual differences in values between the commission house liquidation. The decline was from 12 to 13 points, but closing 5 lower to 10 higher at 6.46 to 13.58 bid.

Prime crude, nominal; prime summer yellow, spot and August, 6.00; September, 6.08; October, 7.60; November, ——; December, 6.76; January, 6.75; February, 6.79; March, 6.84. Prime winter yellow, 6.90. Prime summer white, 5.24. Futures ranged as follows:

	Open.	Close.
August	7.00@9.00	8.00@8.13
September	8.10@8.25	8.08@8.09
October	6.54@7.36	7.60@7.62
November	6.78@6.75	6.78@6.80
December	6.78@6.74	6.78@6.79
January	6.78@6.74	6.76@6.75
February	6.74@6.78	6.79@6.81
March	6.82@6.83	6.84@6.86

Memphis, August 27.—Cotton seed products, prime crude oil $7.50; meal, $31.00@32.00; linters, 2¼@3¼c.

Coffee.

New York, August 27.—While today's official weather report from Brazil showed temperatures were unfavorable in the coffee districts of Sao Paulo, the coffee market was unsettled, as a result of heavy realizing and reports that Brazil was urging the valorization plan. Prices were 5 points down. Prices rallied 4 or 5 points with the close steady at 5 points net up.

Spot unsettled; No. 7 Rio 9¾, No. 4 Santos 13¾@13¾.

Mild dull. Cordova 13@16.

Havre, spot unchanged to ¼ franc lower. Hamburg 12½ lower to unchanged. Prices the high at 14@37½. Santos, spot unchanged; futures 25 to 50 reis higher. Brazilian receipts 64,000 bags against 53,000 last year. Judiciary receipts 62,000 against 66,000.

Futures ranged as follows:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	9.35@9.40	9.34@9.36
February	9.41@9.50	9.44@9.46
March	9.47@9.50	9.54@9.55
April	9.60@9.70	9.59@9.61
May	9.70@9.71	9.69@9.69
June	9.79@9.78	9.69@9.71
July	9.82@9.83	9.79@9.77
September	9.01@9.05	9.94@9.93
October	9.05@9.20	9.04@9.00
November	9.10@9.20	9.14@9.15
December	9.30@9.32	9.34@9.32

Tone steady, sales 127,000.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., August 27.—Turpentine firm at 51¾, sales, 93; receipts, 882; shipments, 87; stocks, 29,646. Rosin firm, sales, 2,601; receipts, 3,001; shipments, 2,854; stocks, 96,000. A, B, $5.75 to $5.85; C, D, $5.85; E, $5.85 to $5.90; F, $5.90 to $5.90; G, $5.95 to $5.95; H, $5.95 to $6.00; I, $6.05; K, $6.10; M, $6.40 to $6.50; N, $5.10 to $5.15; WG, $6.00 to $6.10; WW, $6.25 to $6.30.

Wilmington, N. C., August 27.—Spirits turpentine steady at 37½; receipts, 11 casks. Rosin steady at $3.60; receipts, 12 barrels. Tar firm at $2.20; receipts, 11 barrels. Crude turpentine firm at $2.00, $2.00 and $3.00; receipts, 13 barrels.

CORN STARTED WITH STRENGTH

Then Weakened on Account of Selling and Rallied Toward the Close, Closing 1-8 Cent Lower to 3-8 Higher.

Chicago, August 27.—Corn again today was the active feature of speculative interest. It weakened on liberal selling by longs, but in the final part of the session rallied fairly well, on rebuying by traders who considered themarketoversold. Final prices were ¼ net lower to ⅜ net higher, with the September option showing the greatest recovery. Wheat closed ¼ to ⅝ lower; oats ⅛@¼ ot ⅛ off, and provisions unchanged to 10c lower.

Corn started with a good show of strength on the continuance of hot, dry weather southwest. Profit-taking sales followed the opening, some of the leading longs putting big lines on the market. Prices eased rapidly and it soon became evident that there had been overselling in the face of naturally bullish crop conditions. A buying rally, in which some of the chief early sellers flured, lifted prices fairly well, and the close was firm. A feature of the day was liquidation of September corn and subsequent buying that caused it to recover nearly all of the 8½ c declined from the high point of the day.

Wheat eased off on practical assurance that the northwest crop is safe and that Canada will soon complete the harvesting of a large yield. Lower cables also depressed the market and another bear factor was the falling off in export business. It was said that the export call was the poorest of the season to date. Liquidating by holders of September was in force at the market. Steadiness shown by corn helped wheat at the close and the tone was firm in the final hour. Primary receipts today were 1,460,000, against 1,410,000 bushels a year ago. Seaboard clearances of wheat and flour equaled 1,527,000 bushels.

Oats showed weakness almost throughout the day, due to lack of demand.

Selling by longs depressed provisions. The demand was slow most of the day.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS

Following were the quotations on the Chicago exchange today:

Articles.	Open.	High	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
Sept.	87	87⅝	86⅝	86⅝	87
Dec.	90½	90½	90⅛	90⅛	90⅝
May	94¼	94¼	93⅝	93⅝	94⅜
CORN—					
Sept.	74	74	73½	73¾	73¾
Dec.	69⅜	69⅝	68⅝	68¾	69⅜
May	70¼	70½	69⅝	70	70
OATS—					
Sept.	41¼	41¼	40⅝	40⅝	41⅛
Dec.	42¼	42¼	41⅝	41⅝	42⅛
May	43⅝	44⅛	43¼	43½	43⅞
PORK—					
Sept.				20.05	20.05
Jan.	19.40	19.45	19.40	19.40	19.45
May	19.42	19.50	19.37	19.37	19.45
LARD—					
Sept.	11.10	11.13	11.00	11.05	12.10
Oct.	11.20	11.20	11.05	11.12	11.17
Jan.	10.82	10.82	10.72	10.72	10.80
SIDES—					
Sept.	11.30	11.35	11.20	11.32	11.32
Oct.	11.35	11.35	11.20	11.32	11.32
Jan.	10.27	10.27	10.22	10.25	10.25
May	10.37	10.37	10.32	10.32	10.32

RECEIPTS IN CHICAGO.

Articles.	Today.	Estimated for Tomorrow.
Wheat, cars	200	215
Corn, cars	313	300
Oats, cars	290	250
Hogs, head	25,000	22,000

PRIMARY RECEIPTS

Wheat. Receipts, 1,460,000; against 1,410,000 last year. Shipments, 728,000; against 534,000 last year.

Corn. Receipts, 620,000; against 750,000 last year. Shipments, 348,000; against 292,000 last year.

Grain.

Chicago, August 27.—Wheat: No. 2 red, 88@89c; No. 2 hard, 87@89c; No. 3 northern, 92@93c; No. 2 northern, 91@92c; No. 3 spring, 87@91c; No. 1 durum, 87@91.

Corn: No. 2, 76½; No. 2 white, 76½@77c; No. 2 yellow, 76½@76½.

Oats: No. 2, 40; No. 2 white, 42@42½; standard, 41½@42.

Rye: No. 2, 69@70.

Barley: 60@75.

Timothy: $4.50@7.40.

Clover: $10.00@16.00.

Pork: Nominal.

Lard: Nominal.

Ribs: Nominal.

Primary receipts: Wheat, 1,460,000 bushels; corn, 620,000; oats, 1,000; wheat, 728,000; corn, 348,000; oats, 1,000.

Shipments: Wheat, 1,000 bushels; corn, 1,000; oats, 1,000.

Kansas City, August 27.—Wheat: No. 2 red, 85@86c; No. 2 hard, 87@89c; No. 3 red, 90@91c; No. 2 hard, $5@89c; No. 3 hard, 87@88c; No. 2 white, 87@88c; No. 3 white, 86@87c.

Corn: No. 2, 71c; No. 2 white, 71c; No. 3 white, 70c.

Oats: No. 2, 41@42½c; No. 2 white, 42½@43c; No. 3 white, 41@42c.

Rye: No. 2, 67c.

Hay: Timothy, $12.00@16.00; prairie, $10.00@13.00.

New York, August 27.—Flour quiet.

Hay: Easy; prairie, $10.00@13.00.

New York, August 27.—Flour quiet and steady.

Cincinnati, August 27.—Flour steady.

Provisions.

Chicago, August 27.—Lard, $11.05. Ribs, $10.75@11.87½.

Cincinnati, August 27.—Bulk meats, bacon and lard steady.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, August 27.—The condition of the United States treasury at the beginning of business today was:

Net balance in general funds, $125,101,836.

Total receipts yesterday, $2,397,316.

Total payments yesterday, $2,348,733.

The deficit this fiscal year is $13,379,304, against a deficit of $3,638,324 last year, exclusive of Panama canal and public debt transactions.

Bluff Springs Campmeeting.

Barnesville, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—The camp meeting at Bluff Springs, near Zebulon, will begin Friday and continue through next Tuesday. There will likely be a large crowd in attendance. It is famous as a camp ground and has often been the scene of great meetings. Rev. W. S. Branham, of Zebulon, will be in charge, assisted by Rev. F. T. Hunnicutt, of Cartersville; Rev. R. M. Dixon, of Forsyth; Rev. W. J. DeBardeben, of Fayetteville, and others.

Shingle Plant Burned.

Pensacola, Fla., August 27.—Fire of unknown origin early today destroyed the shingle plant of P. L. Southerland here, entailing a loss estimated at $40,000. A large quantity of stock was consumed.

STOCKS WEAKER LATE IN SESSION

Mexican Situation Cited as Cause of Decline Toward Close — Smelting Weakest on List—Bonds Irregular.

New York, August 27.—Until the last hour of trading today, stocks were steady with a good undertone, although fluctuations were narrow. Such movements as occurred were mostly upward with specialties, including American Agricultural, Agricultural Chemical, People's Gas and Sears-Roebuck, in the lead. Toward the close of the day several points of weakness appeared. Union Pacific, Reading, Lehigh Valley, New York Central, Canadian Smelting and various other stocks fell off 1 to 2 points, and the whole market was heavy at the close.

Mexican affairs retained first place in the determination of the stock market sentiment. After orders on hand at the opening had been executed, the market settled down to await President Wilson's message and trading came almost to a standstill. Delivery of the message produced no immediate affect upon prices. It was an hour after the message reached the street before the list began to decline. Despite this lapse of time, it was the Mexican situation which was cited as the cause. Smelting, which has heavy interests in Mexico, was the weakest stock among the specialties. The slump appeared to be due however, less to any alarm over the situation, than to selling by bears, who put prices down simply because they had not gone up on delivery of the message.

Union Pacific's decline was influenced by the favorable July statement showing a decrease in net earnings of $671,000. New Haven again developed weakness in the early trading, falling 2¼ to a new low record at 91¾. United States Express made another low record by falling 3½ to 40¾.

Bonds were irregular. A number of important issues showed a considerable decline on the day's sixth. Total sales, par value, $1,449,000.

United States 4s registered declined ⅛ on call.

Live Stock.

Chicago, August 27.—Hogs—Receipts, 25,000; easier. Mixed, $8.05@8.15; heavy, $8.05@8.20; rough, $8.05@8.15; light, $8.15@8.40; pigs, $7.40@8.50.

Cattle—Receipts, 15,000; strong to 15 cents higher. Beeves, $5.60@9.25; Texas steers, $6.75@7.75; stockers, $5.60@8.25; cows and heifers, $3.85@8.60; calves, $9.00@12.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; steady to 10 cents lower. Native sheep, $3.85@5.00; yearlings, $5.25@6.40; lambs, $4.75@7.10.

St. Louis, August 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,700; including 600 Texans; steady; choice to fancy native steers, $8.50@9.25; dressed beef steers, $7.65@8.60; dressed and butcher steers, $6.50@7.25; Texas cows and heifers, $4.25@6.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; lower; pigs and lights, $8.00@8.50; bulk, $8.25@8.35; packers and butchers, $8.25@8.40; heavy, $8.25@8.35.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,000; including 900 southerns; steady to 10c higher. Native muttons, $4.00@5.00; dressed beef steers, $7.75@8.25; native lambs, $6.00@6.50; spring lambs, $7.50@8.50; culls and bucks, $4.50@6.75.

Kansas City, August 27.—Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; steady to 10 cents higher. Bulk of sales, $8.15@8.30; heavy, $8.25@8.35; packers and butchers, $8.25@8.35; light, $8.05@8.25; pigs, $7.50@8.00.

Cattle—Receipts, 9,000; including 900 southerns; steady to strong. Prime fed steers, $8.90@9.05; dressed beef steers, $7.75@8.75; western steers, $6.00@8.50; cows and heifers, $4.50@6.75; canners, $3.00@4.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; higher; lambs, $7.00@8.10; yearlings, $5.75@6.90; wethers, $4.50@5.10; ewes, $4.00@4.75.

London Stock Market.

London, August 27.—Money was harder and discount rates steady.

The stock market was irregular. Trading was restricted except in oil shares which were strongly speculative. Paris supported its bourse and American shares were bought in spots, while Mexican issues were quiet and steady in sympathy with New York.

American securities opened steady and unchanged in response to the reading of President Wilson's message. The general sentiment and a good tone prevailed during the forenoon, but prices advanced over yesterday. Later, the trading was limited and values barely moved and the close was dull.

Unions for money, 7d; do, account, 7d.

Anaconda, 32½; Atchison, 105½; Baltimore and Ohio, 85½; Canadian Pacific, 225; Chesapeake and Ohio, 57½; Erie, 27 7-16; Erie 1st pref., 43½; Illinois Central, 125; Louisville and Nashville, 135½; Northern Railway, 225; Pennsylvania, 57 7-16; Rand mines, 4 3-16; Reading, 167½; Union Pacific, 167½; do. pref., 87½; United States Steel, 62½; do. pref., 107½; Utah Copper, 57½; Western Union, 70½.

Bar silver, steady, 27 7-16 pence.

Money, 1 per cent.

Discount rate, short bills, 3½@3¾%; three months, 3 11-16@3⅝.

Country Produce.

Chicago, August 27.—Butter unchanged. Eggs unchanged; receipts 10,113 cases.

Cheese firmer; daisies 16½@17½c; twins 14½@15c; young Americas 15½@16c; long horns 16c.

Potatoes unchanged; receipts 35 cars.

Poultry, alive, unchanged.

New York, August 27.—Butter steady and unchanged.

Eggs unchanged.

Cheese unchanged.

Poultry, alive, unchanged.

Receipts, 17 cars. Poultry, chickens 11½; Spring 15; turkeys 17; ducks 20; geese 8.

Potatoes, steady.

Rice steady at 4c.

Beans steady at 1c.

Kansas City, August 27.—Butter, eggs and poultry unchanged.

Metals.

New York, August 27.—Copper quiet. September and October $16.12 asked; electrolytic $15.87 asked; casting $15.62 asked.

Tin firm; spot and August $41.45@42.75, September $42.50@42.62; October $42@42.50.

Antimony dull; Cookson's $8.40@8.50.

Iron steady and unchanged.

London markets closed as follows:

Copper firm; spot £70 7s 6d; futures £70 6s 3d. Tin easier; spot £182; futures £181 12s 6d. Iron, Cleveland warrants 54s 9d.

St. Louis, August 27.—Lead $4.70@4.75. Spelter $5.80.

Foreign Finances.

Paris, August 27.—Three per cent rentes, 88 francs, 87½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs, 24 centimes for checks. Private rate of discount, 3¾.

Berlin, August 27.—Exchange on London, 20 marks, 44 pfgs. for checks. Money, 3½ per cent. Private rate of discount, 5 per cent.

Groceries.

St. Louis, August 27.—Flour quiet.

Hay: Easy; prairie, $10.00@13.00.

New York, August 27.—Flour quiet and steady.

Cincinnati, August 27.—Flour steady.

Provisions.

Chicago, August 27.—Lard, $11.05. Ribs, $10.75@11.87½.

Cincinnati, August 27.—Bulk meats, bacon and lard steady.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, August 27.—The condition of the United States treasury at the beginning of business today was:

Net balance in general funds, $125,101,836.

Total receipts yesterday, $2,397,316.

Total payments yesterday, $2,348,733.

The deficit this fiscal year is $13,379,304, against a deficit of $3,638,324 last year, exclusive of Panama canal and public debt transactions.

Bluff Springs Campmeeting.

Barnesville, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—The camp meeting at Bluff Springs, near Zebulon, will begin Friday and continue through next Tuesday. There will likely be a large crowd in attendance. It is famous as a camp ground and has often been the scene of great meetings. Rev. W. S. Branham, of Zebulon, will be in charge, assisted by Rev. F. T. Hunnicutt, of Cartersville; Rev. R. M. Dixon, of Forsyth; Rev. W. J. DeBardeben, of Fayetteville, and others.

Shingle Plant Burned.

Pensacola, Fla., August 27.—Fire of unknown origin early today destroyed the shingle plant of P. L. Southerland here, entailing a loss estimated at $40,000. A large quantity of stock was consumed.

GA. NORMAL COLLEGE OPENS SEPTEMBER 9

Milledgeville, Ga., August 27.—(Special.)—On September 9, hundreds of young ladies from all parts of the state will arrive in Milledgeville to attend the Georgia Normal and Industrial college, which opens on September 9. President Parks has announced for two extra trains to come to Milledgeville on that day to accommodate the large crowd of students. Extra coaches will also run from Atlanta, Savannah, Augusta and Covington.

Applications for admission to the college this year have been greater than ever before, and hundreds have been refused admission for lack of room.

LOOSE MONEY BARRED TO THE R. F. D. CARRIERS

Washington, August 27.—Picking up loose money has grown to be such a hardship for the overworked rural free delivery carrier that the postoffice department today issued an order warning reckless citizens against leaving loose coins lying around. Hereafter coins must be tied in bundles or enclosed in envelopes whenever the patron of a rural route wants stamps from a carrier and leaves the necessary amount in the wayside box.

Opposes Summer Sessions.

Washington, August 27.—The tedious grind of the summer session of congress in Washington heat has worked itself on the new members of the house. Representative Thompson, of Illinois, a progressive, indicated this by introducing a bill to prevent the summer session. He proposes that congress shall assemble once every year, and that in the year of the long sessions it shall convene in October instead of December, thus preventing the extending of the session into the heated term. Congress, under the bill, would meet in November only in congressional election years.

BRANCHES:

ATLANTA—Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.
CHICAGO—Marquette Building.
PHILADELPHIA—Bellevue-Stratford.
SAN FRANCISCO—Western Metropolis Bank Building.
LONDON, ENGLAND—F. C., 50 Gresham Street, Bank.

ATLANTA BRANCH, 1015-17 Fourth National Bank Building.

C. B. LADEW, C. P. A., Resident Vice President,
Telephone Main 872. Cable Address, Amdit, New York.

LOWRY NATIONAL BANK

Capital $1,000,000
Surplus $1,000,000

Savings Department. Safe Deposit Boxes

The American Audit Company
Home Office, 100 Broadway, New York City.
F. W. LAFRENTZ, C. P. A., President.
THEO. COCHEU, JR., V. Pres. and Sec'y.—A. F. LAFRENTZ, Treas.

NEW YORK—Waldorf-Astoria.
BOSTON—Exchange Building.
WASHINGTON—Colorado Building.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche
BALTIMORE—Keyser Building.
RICHMOND—American National Bank Building.

AUDIT COMPANY OF THE SOUTH
C. J. METZ, C. P. A., President.
627-628 Candler Building. ATLANTA

ALONZO RICHARDSON & CO.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
EMPIRE BUILDING ATLANTA
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED
AMERICAN NAT'L BANK BUILDING PENSACOLA, FLA.

John F. Black & Co.
COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDING, N. Y.
Members New York Cotton Exchange from its organization
Members New York Coffee Exchange
Members Chicago Board of Trade
We solicit orders in Cotton, Coffee, Grain and Provisions

Established 1893
GIBERT & CLAY
COTTON MERCHANTS
Members: New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange
Associate Members Liverpool Cotton Association
21 S. William St., New York 822 Gravier St., New Orleans
Orders solicited for purchase or sale of cotton for future delivery. Liberal advances made on spot cotton for delivery. Correspondence invited.

Atlanta Appraisal Company
Charles M. Jackson, Manager
Gould Building *Atlanta, Ga.*

DON'TS ON SAVING MONEY

Don't live beyond your salary.

Don't spend all for pleasure.

Don't speculate.

Don't carry much money in your pockets.

DO start an account at our Savings Department and get 3½ per cent Interest—therein lies your chance to SAVE.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
ATLANTA, GA

$200,000.00 at 2%

THE LIBERAL POLICY OF THE ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK, as carried out by this institution since its establishment, in 1865, is splendidly evidenced by its recent Two Per Cent Loan of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars to the State of Georgia, with which to pay the Teachers' Salaries.

This bank's unvarying rule to aid worthy enterprises and responsible individuals to the full limit of sound banking policy makes connections with this institution of the utmost value. And upon this basis of helpful banking, the accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and Individuals are respectfully solicited.

Atlanta National Bank
Resources Over $10,000,000.00

OFFICERS:
C. E. CURRIER, President. JAS. S. FLOYD, Vice President. J. S. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier.
F. E. BLOCK, Vice President. GEO. R. DONOVAN, Cashier. J. D. LEITNER, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
C. E. Currier, F. E. Block, A. R. Swann, Jack J. Spalding, W. F. Winecoff, Jas. S. Floyd, E. H. Inman, A. E. Thornton, Geo. R. Donovan.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

STATIONS OF ATLANTA DISTRICT	Temperature Max.	Temperature Min.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Atlanta	94	70	1.40
Athens	94	70	1.40
Columbus	96	70	1.40
Gainesville	92	68	1.40
Griffin	94	70	1.40
Macon	96	70	1.40
Marietta	94	70	1.40
Rome	94	70	1.40
Rome (South)	92	66	1.40
Thomaston	94	70	1.40
Talladega	94	70	1.40
Talladega (South)	96	64	1.40
Fort Pulaski, Savannah	91	70	1.40

Texas Rainfall.

Henrietta, 20. Mineola, 1. Clarendon, Marble Falls, Quanah, Valley Junction.

Heavy Rains.

Georgia—Augusta, 1.90.

North Carolina—Allendale 1.40, Charleston, 1.24.

CENTRAL STATION.	Number of stations reporting	District Averages Temperature Max.	Min.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Washington	10	88	68	.00
Wilmington	5	92	68	.70
Atlanta	6	94	68	.40

FIFTH REGIMENT BAND GIVES CONCERT TONIGHT

Organist Charles Sheldon Will Assist in Entertainment at the Auditorium.

Wide interest, both musical and military, is connected with the announcement that the Fifth Regiment band of the Georgia National Guard, will give a grand concert at the Auditorium-Armory tonight, assisted by Organist Charles Sheldon and the Atlanta Music

C. E. BARBER,
Chief musician Fifth Regiment band, who will take a prominent part in the grand concert at the Auditorium Thursday evening.

Festival association. A small admission will be charged and the benefit will go to the militia and to help pay for the regular free Sunday organ concerts which have become a notable popular feature of Atlanta's musical life.

The program is as follows:

March, "Grand Entry" (Barber).

Overture, "Tancred!" (G. Rossini).

Descriptive, "A Hunting Scene" (P. Bucalossi).

Selection, "The Sunny South" (Lampe).

Overture, "Rosamunde," organ accompaniment, (Schubert).

Medley Overture, "Remicks Hits 1913" (Lampe).

Grand Fantasia, "Home, Sweet Home, the World Over," dedicated to John Phillip Sousa, descriptive of the manner in which he had to play "Home, Sweet Home" to each nation on his famous "around-the-world tour," (Lampe).

The concert will begin at 8:30 p. m. and the admission price will be 25 and 10 cents. It is hoped that the audience will be one of the largest of the season.

HARRY THAW WINS IN CANADIAN COURTS

Continued From Page One.

release today. This remedied a strategic blunder made last week by Thaw's attorneys, who apparently did not realize then that in seeking their client's release they were playing into the opposition's hands.

From his cell tonight Thaw issued the following statement:

"May I acknowledge the fair play accorded by everyone since my arrival in Canada and express my gratitude for the sympathy shown by Canadian people in my present struggle to regain liberty and to thank especially all the Canadians that I have come in contact with personally. It is much better than I deserve and entirely at variance with the malice shown in New York.

"It is only fair to make clear that the people of New York are all right; no unfairness can be found in the people of New York. A proof of this was found in the vicious opposition to giving me an honest jury trial shown by the undemocratic attorney-general. He and his pals know that a New York jury would stand for fair play, too.

The Outburst for Thaw.

The unexpected outburst of sympathy in Thaw's behalf—for until today residents of Sherbrooke had appeared apathetic—came when Judge Globensky declined to allow Samuel Jacobs, of Montreal, chief counsel for New York, to submit arguments against the discontinuance of the habeas corpus writ. Jacobs had risen to address the court after Thaw's attorney's had begun their arguments to have the writ abandoned.

At this point J. N. Greenshields, Thaw's leading defender, demanded of Jacobs:

"Whom do you represent—the state of New York?"

His lordship: "Gentlemen, you need not discuss it."

Mr. Jacobs: "Do I understand that your lordship will not hear any arguments on the other side—"

The court: "I will not hear you."

Jacobs: "I ask that it be noted in the record that we have no status in this court."

His lordship: "Make no entry."

Jacobs: "My lord, I want to bring to the court's attention that the man who has made the complaint against him (Thaw) is an interested party, inasmuch as he is liable to damages, and ask that the entry be made, my lord, that you refuse to hear any other party. We except especially to the judgment of the court on this matter—"

The court: "Do not make any such entry."

"Give Him Fair Play."

The words came sharply and then from the back of the courtroom came the cry:

"Give him fair play." A woman screamed and the crowd surged forward.

Thaw responded to the demonstration with profound bows but retreated as the throng swept toward him, sweeping court attendants and police aside in its rush.

The prisoner sought refuge in the ante-room used by newspaper men and soon afterward was on his way back to jail, again cheered by the crowd outside.

When court reassembled this afternoon and the crowd, doubling that of the morning, arose as the judge took his seat a hush fell over the room. Then the court spoke, first in English, then in French.

"I was shocked this morning," he said, "to be a witness of a most disgraceful scene in this court, one which would give a very poor idea of the dignity with which the sittings of our court are held and which I trust and hope will be taken as the exception, not the rule. I have long been at the bar and I have been some time on the bench, but I must declare that I have never witnessed such a scene and that if any attempt is made to repeat the conduct of the morning I will have the guilty parties put in jail."

Thaw Recommitted to Jail.

In the face of such a warning not a sound escaped the crowd when the court sustained Thaw's counsel in their contention that they were within their rights in withdrawing the writ of habeas corpus. The court held in brief that a man may discontinue any proceedings he has undertaken in his own behalf, provided there is no specific law forbidding it.

"I, therefore, grant the application," he continued, "and order Thaw recommitted to jail to be dealt with according to law on the charge that stands against him."

Opinion differed tonight as to whether this meant that Thaw would remain in jail until some high dominion official interfered, or whether he would demand trial by jury at the king's bench next October.

Mr. Jerome said that in his opinion Thaw ultimately would be sent back to New York, and Franklin Kennedy issued a similar statement.

The immigration authorities said tonight they would keep agents on the scene pending developments. Counsel for Thaw shrugged their shoulders and said the next move was up to the state of New York.

Thaw Flushed and Happy.

Thaw, flushed and happy, returned to the hill top jail while the crowds which began cheering at the courthouse steps when he emerged, kept up their plaudits as he passed. A prisoner by his own election, he had staved off the first move to return him to the asylum where for five years he was a prisoner.

Developments in the case tomorrow and next day depend largely on the outcome of the trip of Jerome and Kennedy to Quebec, and on the renewed efforts which it is understood will be made to have the magistrate who committed Thaw, Alexis Dupuis, of Coaticook, quash the commitment.

To be ready for emergencies, New York is keeping in touch with sheriffs and deputy sheriffs along the borders of New Hampshire and Vermont. They will be notified by telephone to be prepared to capture Thaw on their side should the deportation machinery here be set in motion.

AT THE THEATERS.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

That this week's bill at the Forsyth is just exactly what an audience of local people like, is being evidenced every day by the tremendous attendance that is sweeping along to make a record for the theater. Tonight certainly has the people guessing. Just how this man gets the message to his pretty assistant to play some opera selection is the trick of the whole act. Svengali does not speak a word. A person simply whispers the name of an opera, and the operator sends the message, any way you care to figure it, to his subject on the stage, who plays the opera and sings it too. The pretty Meredith Sisters are also helping to draw crowds to the Grand. The picture is in three reels and attracted the largest attendance that has been recorded at the Grand since pictures were introduced on Wednesday. The management has hired to hold "The Scarlet Letter" longer, but it is demanded elsewhere and will have to go. The feature for Friday and Saturday will be "Other People's Children," a fine comedy in two reels, and an interesting reel of "Beats Scenes from New York." Kinemacolor has come to the Grand to stay. There will be three changes of the program each week, and the finest subjects the company has produced will be exhibited here.

Emma Bunting.

(At the Lyric.)

Rehearsals are now in progress at the Lyric theater for "The Circus Girl," the play to be presented at that house next week by Miss Emma Bunting and her company. Seats are selling rapidly for the entire week, and there is no doubt that the little actress' many friends will be out in full force to witness these performances, probably the last that she will give in Atlanta for a long time. Miss Bunting has an agreeable role in "The Circus Girl," while Mr. Whitaker, the leading man, is also supplied with a part that suits him admirably.

Jewel Kelly Stock.

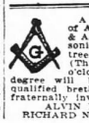
(At the Bijou.)

"Her Fatal Shadow," this week's offering of the Jewel Kelly company at the Bijou, is scoring a decided hit with patrons of the house. It is certainly a splendid performance, staged in a manner that leaves nothing to be desired. Each act is given a special setting painted by Rep Logie, one of the best scenic artists in the country. The manner in which each scene is presented shows that no expense will be spared in staging the productions that are put on by the Jewel Kelly company during the season. During the week matinees will be given every afternoon at 2:30 and night performances at 8:30. For next week the sensational melodrama "The Man from the West" will be put on. Special interest will be shown in this play, as it has never been presented in Atlanta in popular prices.

LODGE NOTICES

The regular meeting of Capital City Lodge, No. 33, K. of P., will be held tonight at 8 o'clock, Castle hall, Kiser building. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

F. M. SANKEY,
Chancellor Commander.
S. P. CRONHEIM,
Keeper of Records and Seal.



A regular communication of Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock. The Fellow Craft degree will be conferred. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited.

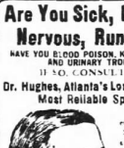
ALVIN L. RICHARDS, W. M.
RICHARD N. PICKETT, JR.,
Secretary.

Are You Sick, Diseased, Nervous, Run Down?

HAVE YOU BLOOD POISON, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND URINARY TROUBLES?

IF SO, CONSULT FREE

Dr. Hughes, Atlanta's Long Established, Most Reliable Specialist.



I cure to stay cured NERVE, BLOOD and SKIN Diseases STRICTURE, Prostatic Troubles, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Piles and Rectal Ulcers, also Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

I give 606, the celebrated German preparation, for Blood Poisons, and Guarantee results. Everything absolutely confidential.

If you can't call, write. Free Consultation and Advice to All. HOURS—a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays 9 to 1

DR. HUGHES
Opposite Third Nat'l Bank,
16½ N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

MORPHINE

Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7-N Vice-Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

This Pony Outfit for sale, price $215, complete. The chance of a lifetime for your little folks. Good speed, but absolutely gentle and safe. Main 1503 (Mr. Jackson), or address X., Box 1, Constitution.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2nd, 11 A.M.

Before Courthouse (South Pryor and Hunter Streets), two Lots on Decatur Street (north side), between Hilliard and Yonge Streets. Each lot 28.8x100 to 10-foot alley. Also one-fourth interest in two Houses and Lots, Nos. 32 and 38 Fortress Avenue. Terms, cash. Deposit of $200 on each lot required. Sold subject to confirmation of court.

JAMES L. LOGAN,
ROBERT R. JACKSON,
LOWNDES CONNALLY,
Commissioners.

"The Bell Overland"

70,000,000 telephones in more than 70,000 cities and towns throughout the country, affording instant communication, twenty-four hours in the day—that is the Bell Overland service.

"Whenever you wish—wherever you wish" is the story. No schedules fix time for arrival or departure; the modern message bearer stands ALWAYS ready and waiting at your elbow.

For long distance rates and other toll information, call "Long Distance".

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Indiana National Life Insurance Co.

OF INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Organized under the laws of the State of Indiana, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said State.
Principal Office—316 North Meridian Street.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Amount of Capital Stock $355,939.00
2. Amount of Capital Stock paid up in cash $2,440.00
3. Amount in Notes of the Stockholders ..... $ 3,860.00

II. ASSETS.

Total Assets $673,215 97

III. LIABILITIES.

Total Liabilities $673,215 97

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total Income $100,220 19

V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total Disbursements $127,903 81
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk ..... $ 6,000.00
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding 7,388,585.50

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF INDIANA, COUNTY OF MARION—Personally appeared before the undersigned, C. D. Benick, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the President of Indiana National Life Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

C. D. BENICK, Pres.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 26th day of August, 1913.
(Seal.) EDITH LEIENDECKER,
Notary Public.
My commission expires June 6, 1917.

The Title Guaranty & Surety Co.

HAAS & MACINTYRE

GENERAL AGENTS

Atlanta National Bank Building

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of

The Title Guaranty and Surety Company

OF SCRANTON

Organized under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal office—516 Spruce street.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock $1,000,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value $2,282,053.28

III. LIABILITIES.

14. Total Liabilities $2,282,053.28

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

6. Total Income actually received during the first six months in cash $513,501.06

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $593,103.10
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk ..... $ 1,202,450.00
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding 182,028,592.81

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON—Personally appeared before the undersigned, J. O. Knight, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Attorney in Fact of The Title Guaranty and Surety Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

J. O. KNIGHT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 27th day of August, 1913.
E. ARTHUR HAAS,
Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.
Name of State Agent—HAAS & MACINTYRE.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—HAAS & MACINTYRE.

PHONE IVY 2832 428-9 GRANT BLDG.

THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY

GENERAL INSURANCE

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

FIRE ASSOCIATION OF PHILADELPHIA

Organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal office—401 Wallaut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock $750,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value $5,144,373.58

III. LIABILITIES.

14. Total Liabilities $2,144,373.58

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

6. Total Income actually received during the first six months in cash $2,340,841.85

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $2,185,900.15
Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk ..... $ 50,000.00
Total Amount of Insurance outstanding 78,463,550.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Personally appeared before the undersigned, M. G. Garrigues, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of the Fire Association of Philadelphia, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

M. G. GARRIGUES, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 19th day of August, 1913.
EDWIN S. GAULT, Notary Public.
Commission Expires January 22, 1917.
Name of State Agent—W. E. CHAPIN, Manager.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—THOMAS I. LYNCH INSURANCE AGENCY.

BUILDING LOTS

$200 WILL BUY A GOOD ONE

Building Lots 40x120 feet, in a good section, where improvements are being made every day, for $200, sounds ridiculous—but it isn't.

On Wylie street, between the Georgia Railroad Roundhouse and Moreland avenue, just a few blocks from DeKalb avenue, we have had placed with us a tract of land that has been subdivided into good building lots, ranging in price from $200 to $400 each. When lots can be bought for $200 on the terms that we can give you, there is no excuse in the world for not having a home.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

For Rent—Peachtree Street Apartment

In the Elysee, at 800 Peachtree, between Eighth and Tenth, you will find No. 3 to be one of the most desirable apartments in the building. It is on the third floor, has five rooms, best of janitor service and will be vacant on August 31. Rent, $60 per month.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE
REAL ESTATE—RENTING—STORAGE.
PHONES—BELL IVY 671, ATL. 618. 12 "REAL ESTATE ROW."

WEYMAN & CONNORS

LEND ON REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR UNIMPROVED, AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES. QUICK ACTION. NO RED TAPE. INTEREST OF BORROWERS SAFEGUARDED.
EQUITABLE BUILDING ESTABLISHED 1890

Talks to Business Men

BUSINESS LITERATURE

The time to send out business literature is when business is slow. You don't send for a doctor when your child is in good health. Why should you curtail on your booklet simply because business is quiet? That's when you need to send out a jam-up booklet, and you will find that returns will more than justify the expenditure. Let us work with you in getting up a booklet which will "pull" business for you.

WE KNOW HOW.

Foote & Davies Company
North Pryor St. and Edgewood Ave.
JUST ONE MINUTE FROM EVERYWHERE

LOTS

On Park lane, between Westminster and Maddox Drives, a beautiful lot, 70x305 feet, for $3,150. This lot is close to the Piedmont avenue car line, and is well worth the price.

Boulevard Terrace, between Boulevard and Randolph streets, a very desirable building lot, 50x150 feet. This street has all city improvements, such as gas, water, sewer and sidewalks. Price, $1,200, on very easy terms.

B. M. GRANT & CO.,
GRANT BUILDING.

FRED W. COLE FIRE INSURANCE

1014 Empire Building

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.

OF PHILADELPHIA

Organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal office—232 Walnut street.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock paid up in cash $750,000.00

II. ASSETS.

Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value $2,267,177.07

III. LIABILITIES.

Surplus beyond all liabilities $657,150.07
14. Total Liabilities $2,267,177.07

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

6. Total Income actually received during the first six months in cash $672,468.96

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1913.

Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $481,571.54

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Personally appeared before the undersigned, T. Howard Wright, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of the Alliance Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

T. HOWARD WRIGHT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 21st day of August, 1913.
THOMAS A. MACDONALD,
Notary Public.
Name of State Agent—EDWARD S. GAY.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—FRED W. COLE.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1913, of the condition of the

Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK

organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal Office—61 and 63 William St., New York, N. Y.

Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value $918,821 28
Total Liabilities excepting Capital Stock $364,218 52
Joint Stock Capital actually paid up in cash 250,000 00
Surplus beyond all liabilities 304,602 76

$918,821 28

Total income actually received during the first six months in cash $298,131 04
Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year in cash $304,779 12

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned, Chas. E. W. Chambers, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of Lloyds Plate Glass Ins. Co., and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

CHAS. E. W. CHAMBERS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 25th day of August, 1913.
EDWIN P. COREY,
Commissioner for the State of Georgia.
Name of State Agent—WILLIAM L. McNEVIN.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—WALDO & REDDING.